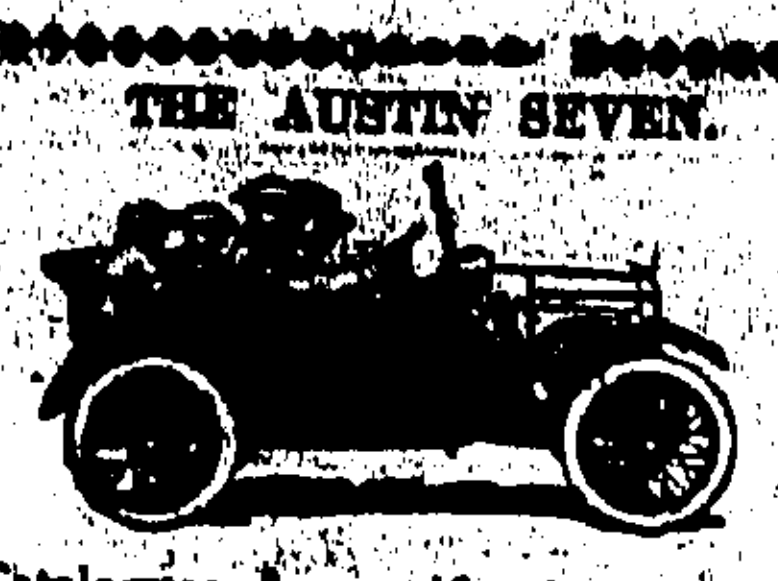


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China Mail



Temperature 75 Barometer 29.77
Rainfall 0.00 Humidity 96

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1845

THE DOLLAR.
To-day's closing rate 2/3 1/16
To-day's opening rate 2/3 1/16

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Sole Agents:
ALEX. ROSS & CO. (CHINA), LTD.

No. 19,490 六期星 號九月五年五十二百九千一英 HONGKONG, SATURDAY, MAY 9, 1925. 日七十月四年乙亥 四十四國民華中 PRICE, \$3.00 Per Month.

STANDARD VALUES
AT
WHITEAWAY'S
THE BEST VALUE
FOR
THE LEAST PRICE
THE
"TROPICA"
LISE THREAD STOCKINGS
FOR LADIES



Standard Value
Price: 65 cts. pair
THE "THREE KNOTS"
ART SILK HOSE
In White and Colours
All Sizes
Standard Value
Price: \$2.75 pair.



Standard Value
Price: \$6.95
THE "CREPELLA"
DRESSING GOWN
FOR LADIES. Ass'd. designs.
Light-weight for Summer use.

**WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW
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HONGKONG.**

HAVE YOU
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Telephoto
LENS?
NO OUTFIT
is complete
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**THE COOKE
TELEPHOTO
F.5.6 LENS**

For all sizes
from 3 1/2
to 1 plate
Can be used
with
ANY CAMERA
having a suitable lens panel.
A Cooke Lens can be fitted
with a Compur Shutter if
specially desired.

WAIFS AND STRAYS. PROPOSED STANLEY INSTITUTION. TRADES FOR BOYS.

"Turning Youthful Pests Into Good Citizens."
Acting on the old adage that "prevention is better than cure," the Government is lending a sympathetic ear to the proposals of interested gentlemen for the establishing on Stanley Peninsula of a waifs and strays training institution.

The beggar problem and the measures adopted by the police for its solution have been the subject of considerable comment of late. It would appear that the aspect involving potential cargo pilferers, bag-snatchers, etc., which has also been more pronounced of late, has not been overlooked.

For some time interested Chinese and others have been working with a view to founding a home in which such boys from the age of 10 may be taught proficiency in handicraft which will enable them to become useful members of a society to which they are at present nothing but a pest.

A "China Mail" representative who made enquiries was informed by the Assistant Colonial Secretary, the Hon. Mr. A. G. M. Fletcher, C.M.G., C.B.E., that the Government was not sponsoring the scheme, neither was the institution to be regarded as a reformatory or Borstal Institute. No crime would have to be committed for admittance to be gained and the object was purely preventative. The matter had not proceeded far enough for any announcement to be made regarding plans, staffing, etc.

From another source it is gathered that the matter which is engaging the attention of the directors is the advisability of securing a Sicilian Father as Director. One of the Sicilian priests has actually been approached and has expressed willingness to accept the appointment. The Rev. gentleman has also furnished the promoters, it is stated, with a rough estimate of the number of instructors required and their salaries.

It is the intention of the promoters to raise a sum of \$500,000 for the project. The construction of the home will absorb about \$200,000, but it is stated that the Government will be asked to contribute half that amount so that the balance of the money can be used as an Endowment Fund, also that it is proposed to ask the Government to bear half of the annual expenses of upkeep.

150 children who are to be admitted at any rate to begin with on a residential qualification (parents to have resided here for a number of years) are being prepared for at the commencement. After they have been sufficiently trained to work they will be found occupation and if they earn more than enough to keep themselves they will be expected to contribute to the Endowment Fund.

The inauguration of this scheme serves as a reminder of the development which is to take place at this particular part of the island along with other developments on the south side already noted. As regards Stanley village, progress has been so considerable as to justify the extension of the Aberdeen bus service to the peninsula which is already well served by a regular launch service.

Then there is the Government's promise of land to St. Stephen's College, who, if they raise the necessary money in the specified time, intend using in part the foundations of the old Garrison building in connection with their scheme for the foundation there of a fine school with extensive playing fields.

The remains of the Garrison walls and the now carefully tended

cemetery with tombstones bear record to the grim toll taken in the early days, and there are many stories current as to the struggles in these dark times against disease for the coping of which the men were so ill-equipped. One instance of the ignorance prevailing even among so-called medical men is vouched for in the official records, which bear the written recipe of one of the medical officers for combating the disease which was so sadly depleting the ranks—this was to the effect that all doors and windows should be closed in summer and fires kept continually burning!

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Photo by Mee Fong.

Miss Winifred Yeo, who arrived last week from Home, and Mr. G. B. Labrum, photographed with friends outside St. Andrew's Church, Kowloon, after their marriage on Saturday. Miss D. Carrick, who attended the bride, Mr. H. E. Trevelyan, who attended the bridegroom, the Rev. G. R. Lindsay, who officiated, also Mr. V. C. Labrum, who gave away the bride, are among others in the group.

HIGHER RENTS. DETAILS OF DRAFT BILL.

THE 15 PER CENT. INCREASE.

Recommendations by the committee of the Legislative Council, appointed to inquire into the Rents Ordinance, are likely to take shape in an ordinance shortly, as a draft bill known as the Rents Amendment Ordinance has been published in the "Government Gazette."

Clause 2 of the bill substitutes the words "the rent recoverable in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance" in place of the words "standard rent" in certain sections of the principal Ordinance.

[The standard rent is that, paid on December 31, 1920 and the rent recoverable in accordance with the provisions of the new Ordinance will be the standard rent plus 15 per cent.]

Clause 3 of the bill provides for the permission to increase the standard rent by 15 per cent. For domestic tenements the rent of which is payable by the tenant monthly, the increase is allowed to come into force as from June 30, 1925. For tenements the rent of which is payable by the tenant (Chinese moon) monthly, the increase is permitted from July 20, 1925.

Clause 4 of the bill provides that upon summary conviction, lessors who threaten to apply for a reconstruction certificate, or threatens to take action on such a certificate and thereby receives or demands rent more than the amount provided, be liable to a fine not exceeding \$1,000. Upon hearing of any summons issued under the complete section (i.e., the section in the principal Ordinance and the additions made thereto by clause 4 of the bill), a magistrate can, in addition to imposing a fine, order the defendant to pay the tenant any sum obtained by the means of the threat referred to.

The objects and reasons, as published are:

BIT A GIRL? Coolie's Rough Behaviour.

SAID IT WAS FUN.

REV. MR. LINDSAY'S DAUGHTER
FRIGHTENED.

Reports current as to the biting of a European child by a coolie in Kowloon would appear to be considerably exaggerated, although there is a certain amount of truth in them.

A coolie who delivered goods to the Rev. and Mrs. G. R. Lindsay at St. Andrew's Rectory would appear to have been fond of their little daughter of four years of age and to have been in the habit of playing with her when he called.

Yesterday morning the coolie became unduly rough and the little girl ran to her mother with marks on her arm which she said were caused by a bite.

The coolie's attitude was that it was merely a playful pinch.

The little girl was considerably

JUST LIKE HOME. SIR HARRY LAUDER AND HONGKONG. A LETTER IN THE DORIC.

"One of the Most Beautiful Places In The World."
Sir Harry Lauder, the famous comedian, writing home from Hongkong, praised the Colony in the highest terms, saying it was just like home.

Sir Harry Lauder, who arrived in Hongkong on February 11 and left a fortnight later, motored round the island, also to Fanling where he played golf, and he seems to have been very favourably impressed with the scenery, comparing it to Argyll's mountains, glens and bays.

In spite of the doubts he expressed to a "China Mail" representative shortly after he arrived here as to whether after all he was going to find many Scotsmen in the Colony for "if so they must cover up their kilties weel for never a one hui I set eyes on," he seemed afterwards to have fallen in with many kindred Scots with whom he toured the Colony. At

the special dinner given in his honour by Forfarshire men Sir Harry said that during his stay here he had felt "in the bosom of friends." His visit had afforded him a wealth of pleasure and he would take away a great memory of Hongkong.

These were no idle words for the "China Mail" is able to publish a letter he wrote to a friend during his stay in Hongkong.

The letter was to Mr. Charles Young, chemist, Dundee, an intimate friend of the great comedian, in the Doric. It was written at Hongkong on February 15, and was as follows:—

Friend Charlie.—

Man, I'm haein' a fine time here in Hongkong. Have met a few Scots frae Dundee, Kirrie, Brechin, and the auld toon, Arbroath.

It is fine to meet sae far awa' frae hame roon' a cup o' kindness—tea—for auld langsyne. We hae cracked aboot oor half-time days at Gordon's, when we plunked the schule and got oor lickers frae "Stumpy" Bell, and a' the auld daft days aboot the cliffs and the Common.

I'll be in Shanghai next, and I am sure to come across another lot frae the auld land. It is wonderfu' hoo many brither Scots are awa' frae hame. They surely make up a great part of the backbone of our Empire. They just canna help being a success. The grit there, and the fame o' auld Scotland, is aye nailed to the top o' the mast.

This Hongkong is one of the most beautiful places in the world. The mountains tower high up into the mist. It is just like Argyll, with mountains, glens, and bays. I never felt more at hame. Maybe it is because, "East, west, hame's best."

My warmest respects to a' the lads.—Your fren, Harry Lauder.

"GIRL GUIDES."
ANOTHER INSULT TO
SCOTLAND.

A reader of the "North China Daily News" writes to that paper as follows:—"Sir,—After the Church Parade to-day as the Volunteers were in line waiting to march to the Band, my three little ones and I came out of the Cathedral School and we stood to watch. All three were watching with the greatest interest as the different divisions moved off when suddenly an eager little voice exclaimed, 'Here come the Girl Guides' and I looked up to see the Scottish in their kilts bringing up the rear. As the child is only four and a half years it seems to me too good a joke to keep to myself."

LAST MONTH'S RAIN.
During the month of April, the highest temperature recorded was 81.2 degrees F., and the lowest 52.4.

The rainfall for the month of April at the Botanical Gardens was 8.20 ins. on 18 days, at the Matilda Hospital, Mount Kellett it was 7.07 ins. on 15 days, and at the Police Station, Tai-po, it was 9.30 ins. on 15 days.

The lowest barometer reading, at sea level, was 29.779 ins. at 4 p.m., and 5 p.m., on the 3rd.

The maximum squall velocity, as recorded by the Dines-Baxendell anemograph, was at the rate of 52 miles per hour 12.11 p.m., on the 14.

THE LOCAL BAR.
In the Government Gazette to-day is a bill to amend the Legal Practitioners Ordinance of 1871. In the "objects and reasons," it is stated that in 1873, Mr. Rowett, an unofficial member brought forward a motion. The then Attorney General proposed an amendment which was carried. The bill also refers to the functions of barristers and solicitors, the law, and the etiquette of the legal profession.

LAST SATURDAY'S PRETTY KOWLOON WEDDING.



Photo by Mee Fong.

Miss Winifred Yeo, who arrived last week from Home, and Mr. G. B. Labrum, photographed with friends outside St. Andrew's Church, Kowloon, after their marriage on Saturday. Miss D. Carrick, who attended the bride, Mr. H. E. Trevelyan, who attended the bridegroom, the Rev. G. R. Lindsay, who officiated, also Mr. V. C. Labrum, who gave away the bride, are among others in the group.

WATER RETURNS. FIGURES FOR LAST MONTH.

CURIOUS ANOMALIES.

The water returns showing the levels and storage of water in reservoirs on the City and Hill District water works level, and the Kowloon water works level, both taken on May 1, do not differ greatly from those of last year.

Hongkong is a little above last year's storage at this period, there being a total of 1,079.09 million gallons as compared with 1,011.38 million gallons, Tytam, Tytam Intermediate, and Pokfulam reservoirs, all showing slight increases, and Tytam Tuk a decrease. Curiously enough, with an increased population of over 10,000 the consumption for the month for Hongkong has decreased from 262.53 million gallons to 238.33 million gallons, or from a consumption of 23 gallons per head per day to one of 20.3 gallons per head per day. A constant supply in all rider main districts during April, 1924, an intermittent supply in all rider main districts up to April 4, 1925, and a constant supply in all rider main districts for the rest of the month, is reported for Hongkong.

More water is in store also at the Kowloon Water works which is 18 feet below overflow as compared with 23ft. 9in. last year and has in store 191.50 million gallons, as compared with 151.25 million gallons last year. The population of Kowloon has increased by about 5,000 and the consumption for the month has also increased from 63.38 million gallons last year to 66.83 million gallons this year, a consumption per head per day having increased from 14.6 gallons to 14.9 gallons.

The Government Analyst's reports show that the quality of the water is satisfactory.

It is also notified that the name of The Fu Lee and Company, Limited has been struck off the Register, in addition to The Lee Hong Steamship Company, Ltd.

Clause 5 of this Bill carries out the first part of Resolution 1 in the Report of the Rents Committee, namely, "that the duration of the Rents Ordinance be extended for one year from June 30, 1925."

MEN'S BATHING COSTUMES



A large stock of Woolen and Cotton Bathing Costumes is now being shown. One-piece style with skirt in the newest colourings—some are really loud, but we have neat designs for those with more subdued tastes.

PLAIN BLUE JAEGER COSTUMES
WITH RED OR WHITE TRIMMINGS

**MACKINTOSH
& CO., LTD.**
Men's Wear Specialists.
Alexandra Building,
Des Voeux Road.

HOT WEATHER NEED NOT WORRY ONE WHEN YOU CAN OBTAIN ICE COLD DRINKS AND DELICIOUS ICE CREAM

at
**MORINAGA'S
SODA FOUNTAIN**

Asiatic Bldg. Tel. C. 4702



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The theft of four macaroni cutting machines, valued at \$88, between 7 p.m. and 9.30 p.m., on Thursday, has been reported to the police by a Chinese factory handling this product.

TANG YUK, DARTIST.
Secretary to
the late SIEN TING,
14, D'Almeida Street.

TERMS VERY MODERATE
Consultation Free

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL: \$50,000,000.

PAID-UP CAPITAL: \$25,000,000.

RESERVE FUND: \$25,000,000.

STRENGTH: \$50,000,000.

RESERVE FUND: \$25,000,000.

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COMMERCE AND FINANCE.

AS SUEZ CANAL.

GERMANY'S POSITION.

Germany has already risen to third place among the nations using the Suez Canal. She came sixth in 1922, fourth in 1923, but last year she ousted France from third place. Before the war she occupied second place after Great Britain.

At present the Netherlands follows Britain. The United States has maintained title to seventh place throughout the last three years.

According to a recent number of the Suez Canal Company's bulletin, the net tonnage of the flags of the chief nations using the waterway has varied as follows in the last three years (in thousands of net tons):

	1924	1923	1922
Britain	14,995	14,264	13,383
Netherlands	2,488	2,178	2,161
Germany	1,547	1,214	735
France	1,497	1,394	997
Italy	1,483	1,043	858
Japan	871	685	628
United States	725	614	668
Norway	357	335	309
Denmark	344	300	280
Sweden	270	275	242

In percentages Britain leads with 50.7 per cent, followed by the Netherlands with 9.9 per cent, Germany with 6.6 per cent, and France with 6 per cent. The American percentage is 3.2 per cent.

VALUE OF GOOD WILL.

New York, April 2.—Purchase of Dodge Bros., Inc., automobile manufacturer, for slightly less than \$175,000,000 in cash by a banking syndicate headed by Dillon, Read and Co., involves the payment of at least \$50,000,000 and possibly more for the good will of the organization, it was disclosed today.

This is believed to be the largest sum that such an item has ever commanded in a cash transaction. Good will in its generally accepted definition in the financial community is described as a consistent record of earnings over a large period of years derived from a large number of customers.

While definite formula exists for the computation of this item whose real value is dependent upon a number of factors, it has been estimated as high as 10 times the average annual earnings over a period of years. Dodge Brothers' earnings last year are estimated at close to \$20,000,000.

General Motors Corporation, in its last annual report, carried "good will and patents" at \$22,111,317. F. W. Woolworth Company, under the original capitalization plan, carry "good will" at \$50,000,000, which was scaled down to \$10,000,000 last year, although the equity in the stock has constantly increased. The capital stock, which is carried at \$65,000,000, in the balance sheet is actually worth over \$100,000,000 a current market price, the difference, in a measure, representing good will.

The Nash Motors Company does not carry any good will item in its balance sheet. Common stock is carried at \$1,000,000 but its market value is actually in excess of \$81,000,000, which gives an indication of the value of that company's good will.

Detroit, April 2.—Representatives of Dillon, Read and Company, continued here today the work of computing the details of the transfer of Dodge Brothers, Inc., to their banker employers. The public was without assurance, however, that further details of the unusual financial transfer would be given immediately. Added information "from time to time" was assured by the spokesmen of the company last night without definite statement when the silence, continued here for two days, would again be broken.

Short announcement was made last night that the sale had been consummated, except for very minor details. Announcement of the sale was made in New York at the same time, where the price was set in financial circles at something above \$150,000,000 and possibly \$175,000,000. Earlier information during the day had indicated that the entire transaction might be on a cash basis. The announcement disposed of the rumors that the sale was part of a many millions' consolidation embracing plants now in General Motors.

So far as known here, the long conference preceding the announcement of the sale was between the representatives of the Eastern Banking Company, who were momentarily in touch with their home office by telephone, and the representatives of the Dodge Brothers.

Mr. West on Saturday afternoon, reportedly a representative of certain of the Dodge heirs, to whom he is related by marriage, spent a few moments with the Dillon, Read foreman. Neither West nor the trustees of the Dodge estate had any comment to make upon the announcement of the sale, except that it was true.

AUSTRALIA.

MARCH TRADE ACTIVITY.

In spite of labour difficulties, including the waterside workers' strike, the month of March was an active period for Australian business, with the economic situation better than at any time since 1914, according to a cable to the Department of Commerce by Trade Commissioner Babbitt, Melbourne. The fall exporting season is still going strong, with wool, wheat and butter moving in good quantity at satisfactory prices.

Wheat prices have fluctuated somewhat during the month, but have maintained a level of between 63.5d. and 6s. 10d a bushel, the latter figure being reached at the middle of the month.

On March 21 the wheat situation was a little uneasy owing to the American situation, and no prices were being quoted. Wool appears to be strengthening, reacting, it is believed, to the wool sales curtailment plan, which is limiting offerings about 50 per cent.

This plan is being followed in an effort to bolster up prices, and is opposed by British wool interests. In carrying out the plan several sales were cancelled during the early part of the month.

NO BUYERS FOR SHIPS. The Federal Government announced at the beginning of the month that the Commonwealth Shipping Line, which has run a deficit of £11,500,000 since its inauguration, would be sold, but absence of further reports on the subject indicates that no purchaser has been found. The fleet is valued at £4,500,000, according to government estimates.

Imports during January registered increases in all the major items except corn and flour sacks, which were on hand by that time in anticipation of the coming wheat harvest.

Total exports during the seven months ended January, 1925, reached a value of £90,738,000, as compared with £64,775,000 for the corresponding period, ended January, 1924, while imports have advanced from £83,640,000 to £88,181,000 over the same period. During the period ended January, 1924, the balance was about 20 per cent against the Commonwealth.

WOOL PRODUCTION INCREASES. During January, exports fell off considerably, owing to the smaller shipments of wool (a seasonal decline), butter and canned fruits. Wheat shipments alone among the principal exports registered an increase.

According to the Pastoral Review, wool exports from July, 1924, to February, 1925, inclusive, aggregated 1,223,300 bales as compared with 1,165,244 bales during the corresponding period in 1923-24, while production on the basis of receipts in store amounted to 1,891,300 bales for the 1924-25 period as compared with 1,468,306 bales during the corresponding months of 1923-24.

Trade with the United States continues to increase. During the last six months of 1924 Australia's exports to the United States reached £3,194,189 compared with imports from the United States aggregating £16,530,272.

CRISIS OVER. AUSTRIA'S FINANCIAL POSITION.

"Austria is over the financial crisis of last year," Dr. Reich, president, and Dr. Brauneis, manager of the National Bank of Austria, on a visit to London, said.

Dr. Brauneis said: "Note circulation has been reduced by 780,000,000 paper crowns during the last six months. The price level, which was rising up to the end of 1924, reached stability in January of this year, and for March there was a decline of two points in the retail and one point in the wholesale index. Another good sign is the large increase in savings deposits these last few months."

"Although the trade balance has been adverse, reserves of foreign exchange have not diminished. The ratio of cash reserves to circulation is larger than at the end of the year. Market speculation has practically ceased."

"Industry is still stagnant for want of working capital. Short credit costs 18-20 per cent. Long credits are unobtainable. The hesitation of Austrian industry to publish statements in gold leaves the public in doubt as to the real assets of the companies, and makes foreigners slow to advance money to Austrian industry. But a bill is now before Parliament which will of inducements to companies to set off gold balance sheets."

Lack of easy credit is a great handicap to Austrian merchants in selling their goods in eastern Europe, where long-time credits are the rule."

Dr. Reich complained that the critics of Austria are impatient, and expect things to run too fast. He asserted that Austria is really going ahead, now that last year's crisis is over.

FADLESS DYES.

AMERICAN CHEMISTS' DISCOVERIES.

America's millions of cotton users have been definitely freed from foreign domination of fadless dyes through the discoveries of chemists employed in the colour trade laboratory of the United States Department of Agriculture, Washington. It is asserted in a report by R. Norris Shreve, of New York City, chairman of the division of dye chemistry of the American Chemical Society, made public at the society's meeting in Baltimore.

Fadless dye dyes, the report declares, are now being produced in the United States at prices below their cost in Germany. Savings aggregating millions of dollars to American cotton manufacturers have resulted from the development of cheap intermediates for dye manufacture. These intermediates, particularly necessary for vat dyes, are, it is said, actually being exported to Germany.

"The American manufacturers and vat dyes," says the report, "now have at their disposal cheap and pure products with which to build up the complex molecules characteristic of these colours, which give the brightest shades and the most permanent colours yet made."

"The rapidly fading colours of 1916 and 1917, and the waste entailed in replacement of soot for clothes and draperies have given way to sun-fast, no-fade, clothes and materials. These are possible because of the vat dyes, and the American vat dyes are with us because of the development of cheap aluminium chloride and phthalic anhydride."

The automobile and tyre industries are among the largest consumers of cotton in America. Last year nearly 80,000,000 pounds of cotton fabric was used in the manufacture of tyres, the average cord tyre requiring 3,610 pounds.

About 160,000,000 square yards of material were used for imitation leather and seat covering, while large quantities were also used for tops and side curtains for open cars.

EXCHANGE.

Hongkong, 8th May 1925.

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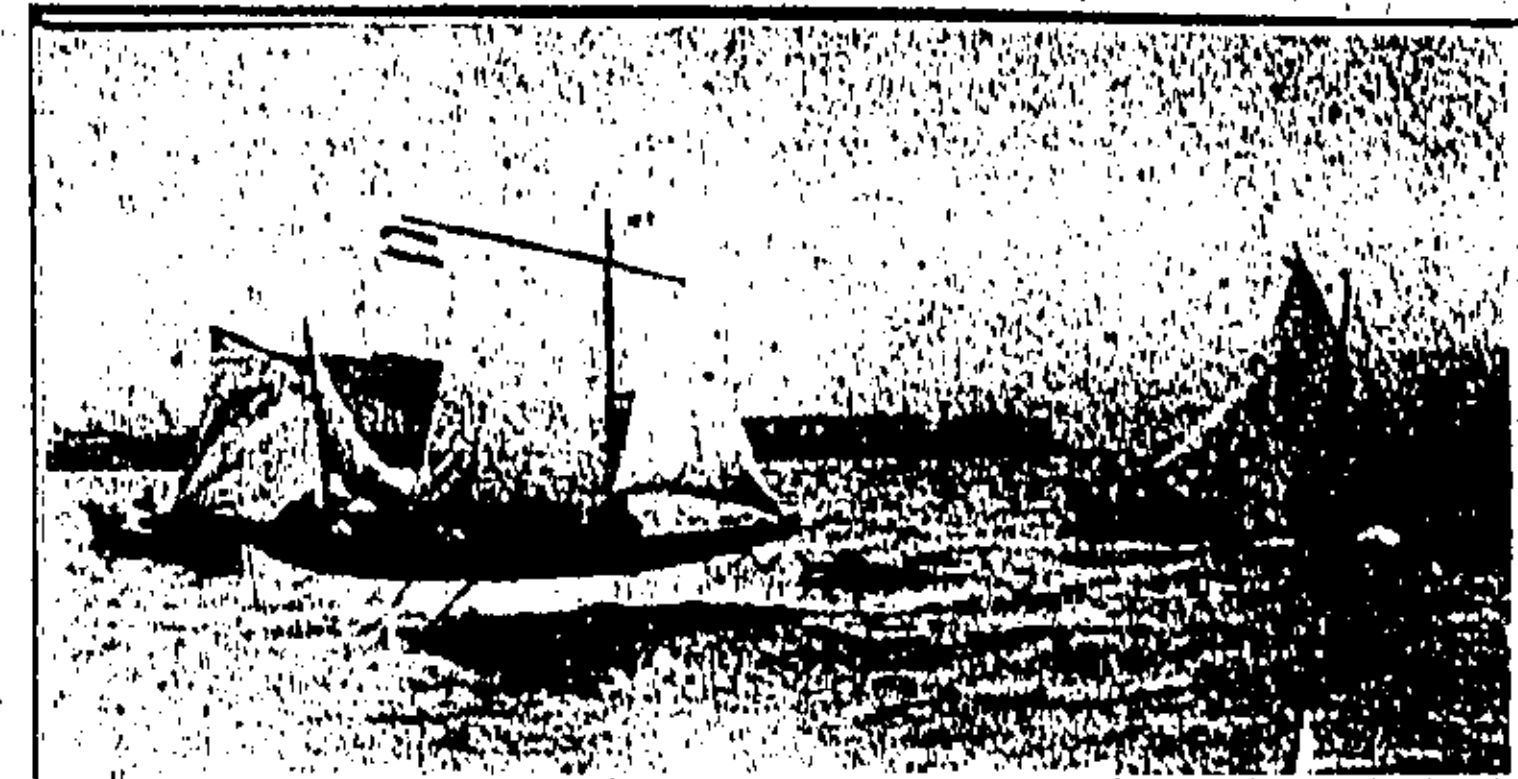
LAWN BOWLS SEASON.



Photos by Mee Fong.

On Saturday last, the official lawn bowls season opened in Hongkong with an almost full programme of league matches. Pictures shown above are from snapshots taken at the Craigengower Cricket Club which, in spite of a brief bowls history, has appeared with success in the senior division. In the match above they beat Kowloon Dock (last season's junior champions who have been promoted) by the narrow margin of 54 points to 53.

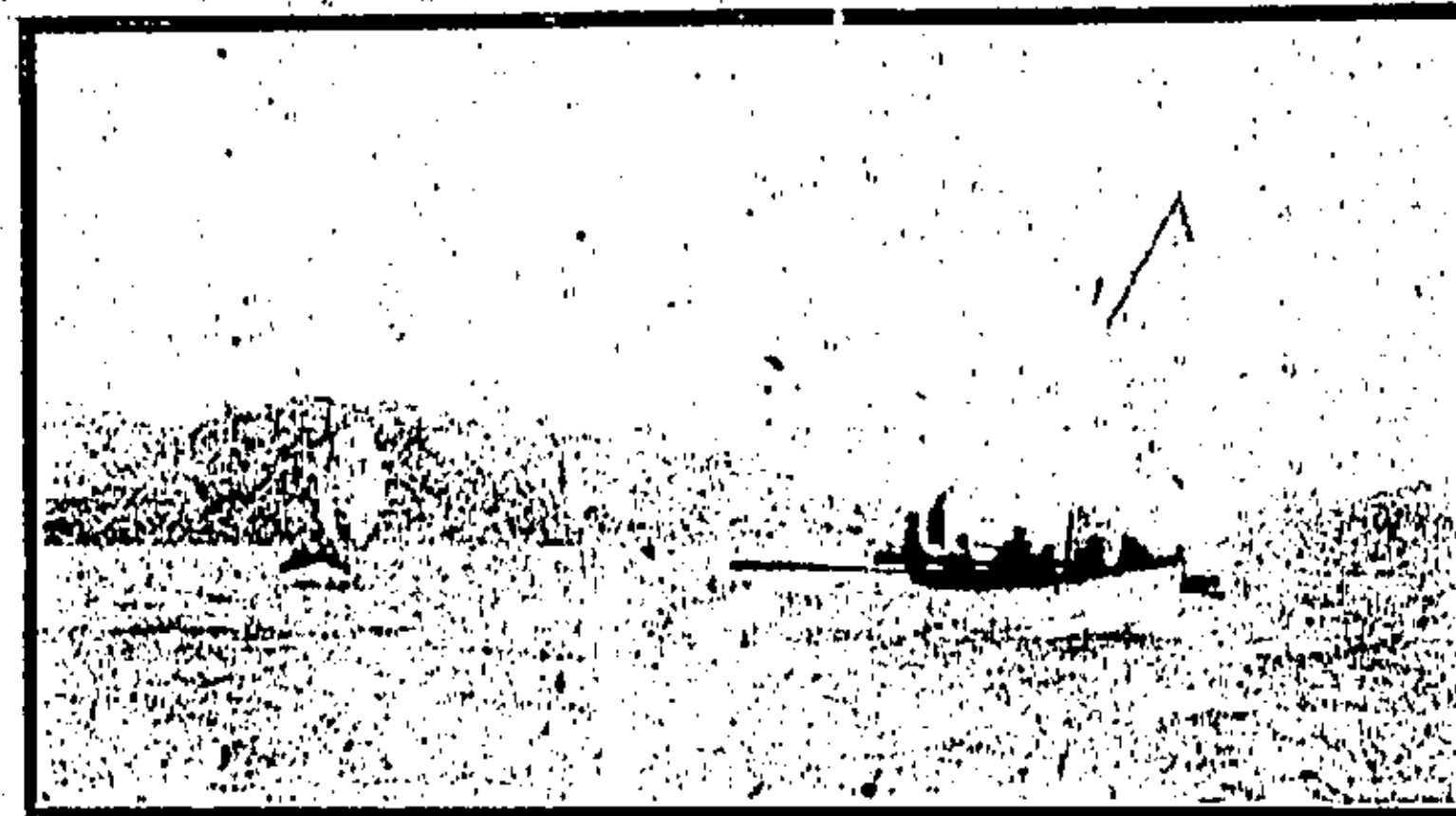
TREVESA TROPHY.



"Neck and neck"—the three leading boats in a critical stage of the race for the Trevesa Trophy, held Wednesday last in memory of the s.s. Trevesa's gallant feat on the high seas.



Mr. W. B. Wilkinson (cox) and his crew from the Douglas steamer Hatching which won the race. Commodore Stirling presented Mr. Wilkinson with a cup and trophy and complimented the winners on the fine way in which they had commemorated Captain Forster's feat of endurance triumphant over privations.



Photos by Mee Fong.

Another stage of the race in which ship's boats from the following vessels in harbour took part—Hatching, Anhui, Tjitaroen, Kwangtung, Mausang, Tilsonard, Tallyho, Cheongshing, Hangang, Taring, Van Cloon and Chaksang. The four named first finished in the order given.

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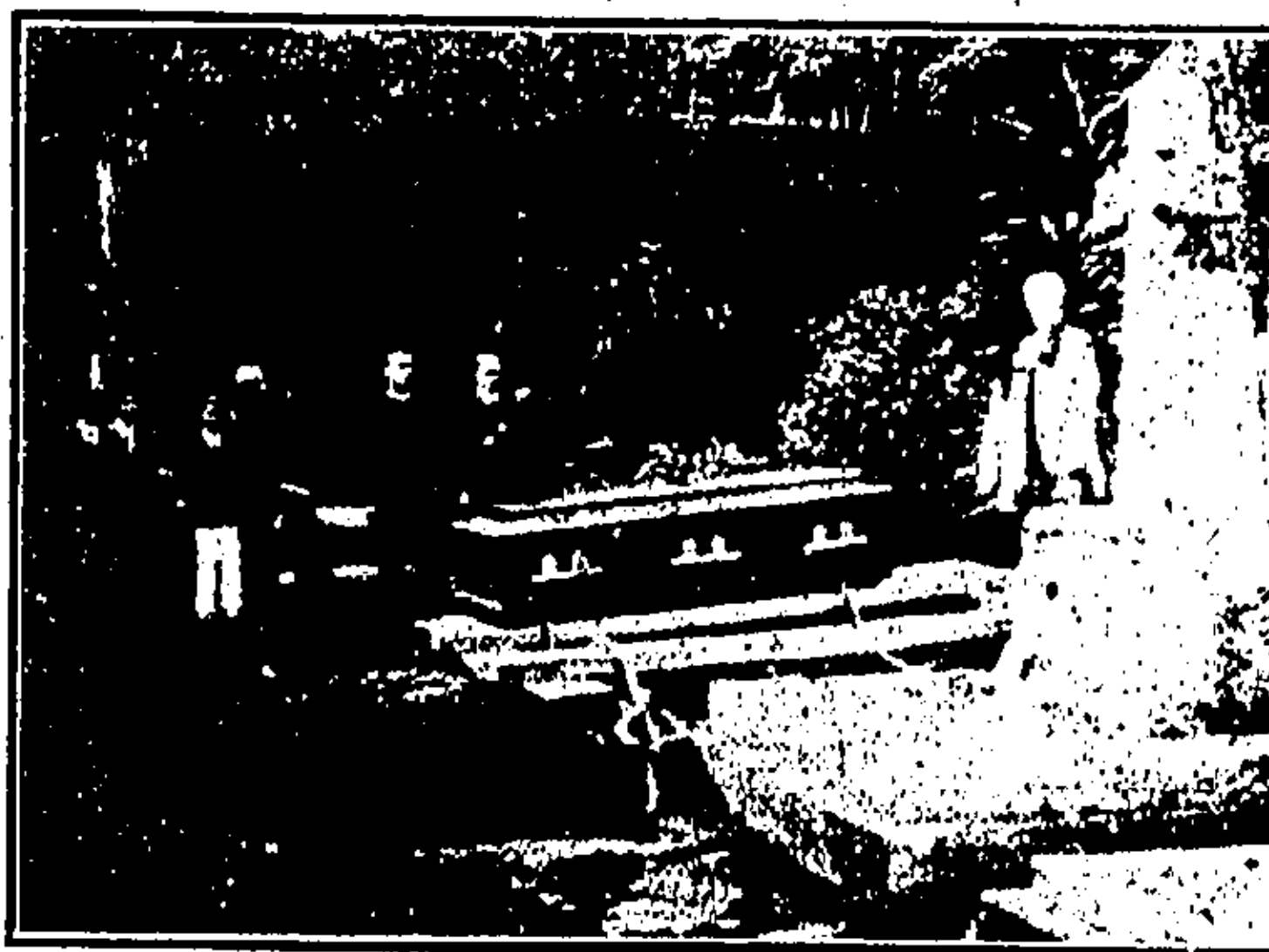


Photo by Mee Fong.

Admitted to practice in 1872, Mr. M. J. D. Stephens was the senior solicitor of the Colony and second only to Sir Paul Chater in length of service in Hongkong when he passed away on Tuesday, April 29 at No. 5, Peak Road. Our photo shows the Rev. W. T. Featherstone officiating at the graveside.

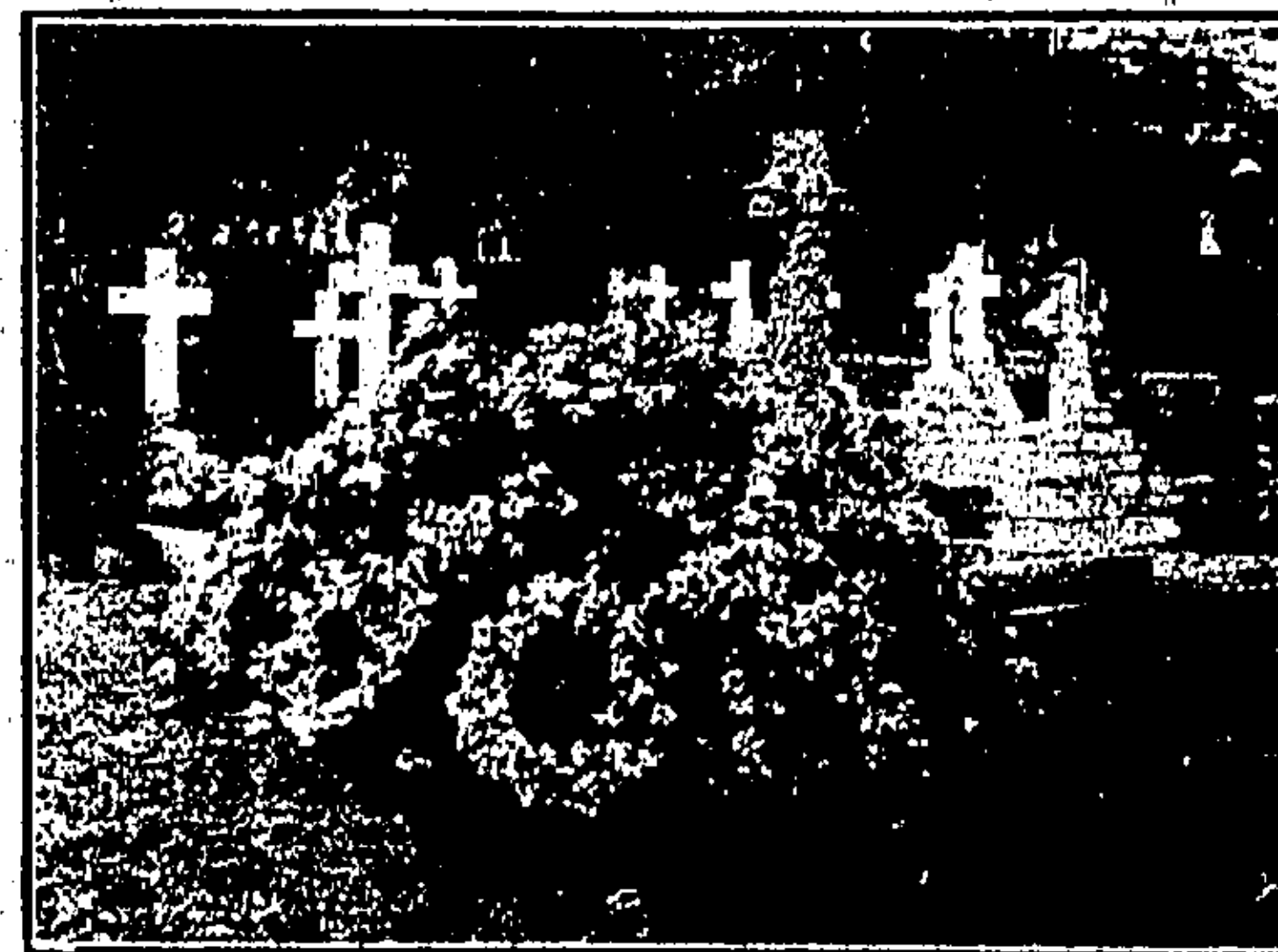


Photo by Mee Fong.

Bearing ample testimony to the respect in which the late Mr. Stephens was held is the mass of floral tributes, representative of the whole Colony, which were brought to the Cemetery.

INTERESTING HONGKONG PRESENTATION.



Photo by Mee Fong.

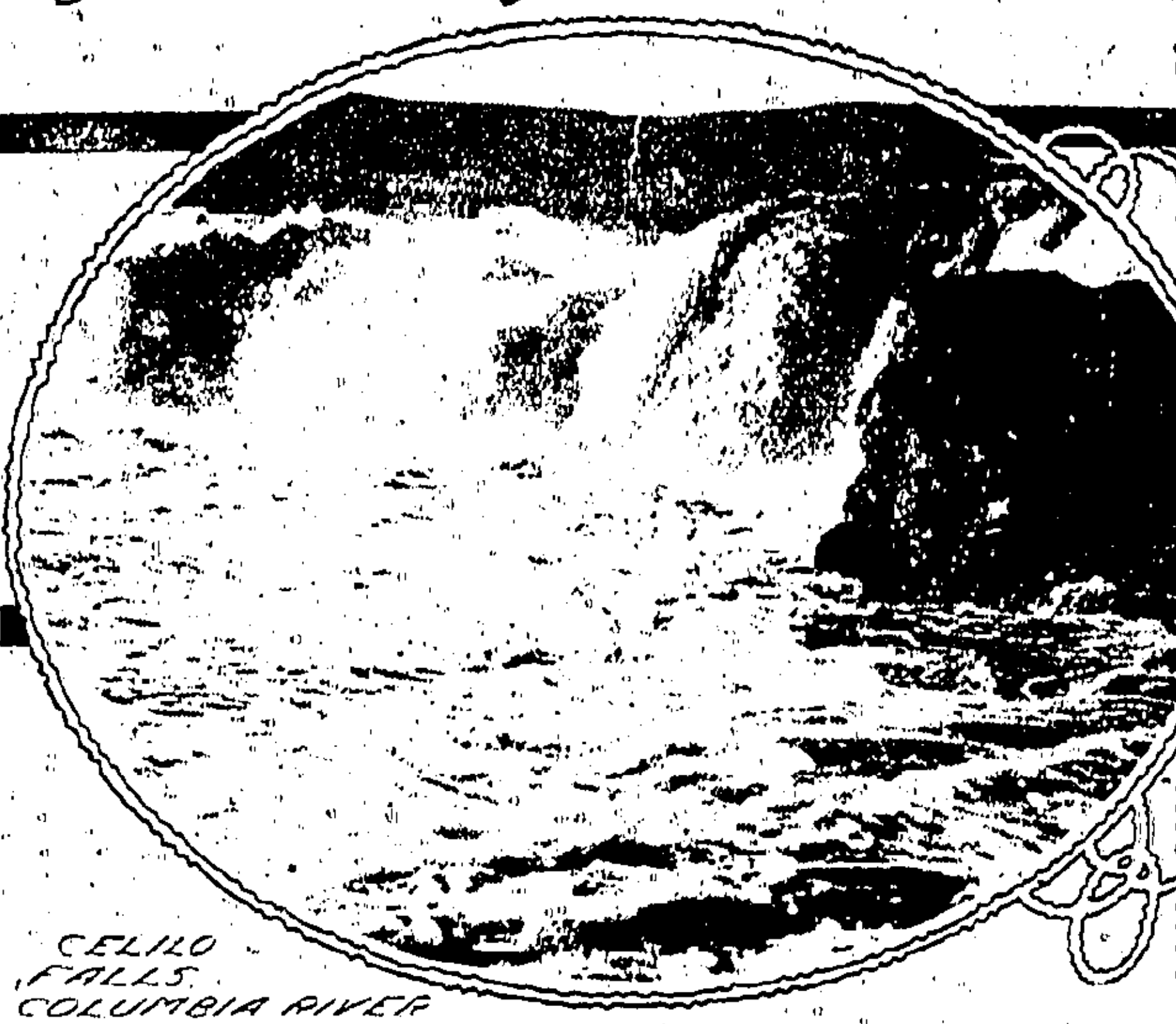
On Friday last, Mr. Henry Tobias, Shanghai manager of Messrs. N. Lazarus, British opticians, was honoured by the Hongkong office while passing through the Colony en route for home, on leave for the first time in twelve years. Outside the Hongkong office, in Queen's Road Central, a monster string of fireworks was set off. In the middle of the group are (left to right), Mr. E. A. Cooper, (local manager), Mrs. L. A. Tobias, Mrs. Henry Tobias, Mr. Henry Tobias (holding a silver cup presented by the local Chinese staff) and behind him, Mr. L. A. Tobias of Hongkong. All the Chinese are employed at the Hongkong office.



Photo by Mee Fong.

Mr. Henry Tobias, Shanghai manager of Messrs. N. Lazarus, the well-known firm of opticians, snapped outside the local office with a silver cup presented to him by the Chinese staff on his way home while going home on leave. With him is Mrs. Henry Tobias.

DID NEOLITHIC MAN USE THIS GATEWAY?



Did Neolithic man use the natural highway of the Columbia river gap in spreading East over the North American continent from the Pacific Slopes? Did he cross Bering Straits, go down the Pacific Coast and entering the first large estuary penetrate into the interior? Learned professors who have recently made a study of human remains found in prehistoric mounds on the coast of our North-west affirm that this is so and that primitive man moved down from Alaska, followed the fertile coastal regions and after enjoying the tasteful salmon, pressed forward along the Columbia to the plateau of Oregon and Washington and finally deployed to the East and to all parts of the American Continent.

[By KATHERINE LOUISE SMITH.]

Whether in the early ages man used the Columbia River as the gateway to America is a theory full of possibilities, but there is no doubt today that the Columbia forms one of the most beautiful and interesting estuaries into the North-western States. There are three large rivers that can be called the most picturesque large waterways in America. The Hudson with its Palisades, the Mississippi with its green-clad bluffs and the Columbia with its many miles of cliffs and their falling cascades. The Yukon and the Mississippi are our longest rivers, but undoubtedly the Hudson, Mississippi and Columbia are our most beautiful large streams.

Discovered By Gray.

Let us imagine Captain Gray, skipper of the Washington, setting out from Boston on some commercial adventure backed by Yankee merchants. Captain Kendrick, of the Columbia, also set out at the same time, and both were bound for the Pacific North-west. This was in 1792, and in the following year, having safely made the voyage round the Horn, they exchanged ships and Gray sailed for his home port, returning in 1791 to the North Pacific Coast. On his

way up the Coast Gray imagined the river an unknown river, and on his youth-land trip in 1792 he determined to investigate. Just three hundred years after, Columbus made an historic voyage of discovery Gray discovered the great Columbia and sailed up the stream for a number of miles, named it Columbia, and thereby became an important figure in the history of our country. Captain Cook, who in 1778, explored this coast had failed to notice the entrance, and ships of Vancouver, who deployed around these waters first learned of the river from Captain Gray, whom they met at sea. Soon the river became an important element in determining the North-western boundary and the Lewis and Clark expedition in 1804-5 led to the mouth of the stream, and the settlement of the far-flung centre of Astoria at that point. Then came the expression, "the Oregon country." "What is this the Oregon?" How came this name as well as Columbia? Captain John Carver called this region the Oregon, and so many other explorers have done the same that investigators have decided it must come from the Spanish Aragon, a name given the whole North-west by the Spanish explorers.



Columbia Or Oregon.

Columbia or Oregon, the river is a mighty stream in places over 100 miles long, and over 120 miles long, covering a basin of approximately five million square miles. Naturally, in a stream of this length there are many parts not navigable and other stretches where boats ply between land which present unfavourable phases of wild nature. One beautiful reach is in the Canadian Kootenays, and it seems hard to realize that the same stream hundreds of miles away forms a boundary between Oregon and Washington, and finally enters the Pacific near the great headland Cape Disappointment, the San Roque, of Spanish days. Few of our rivers have better opportunities for sightseeing. It is possible to enjoy this river from the new National Highway which skirts its shore on the south bank, or from one of the boats which make daily trips up and down the stream.

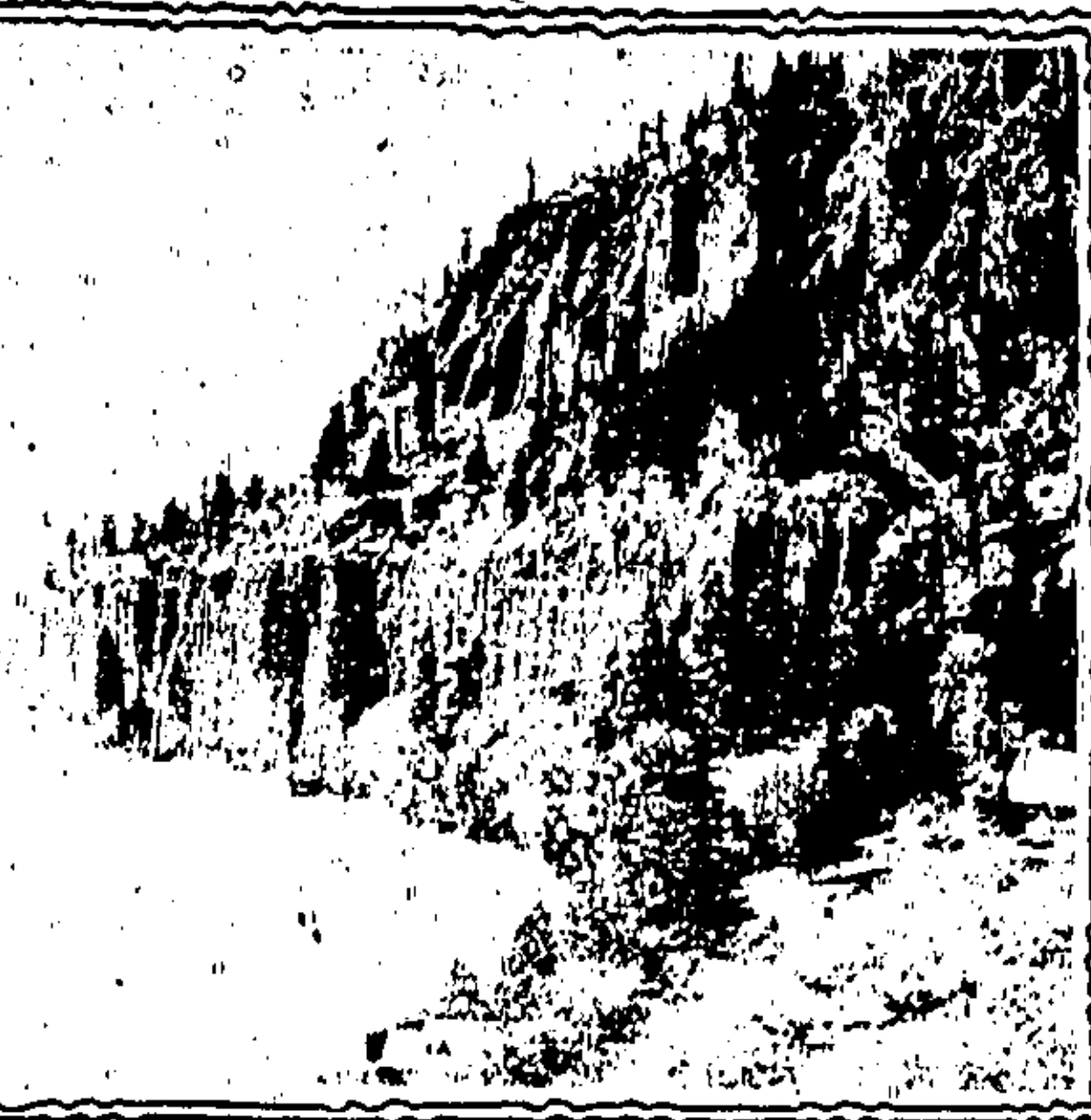
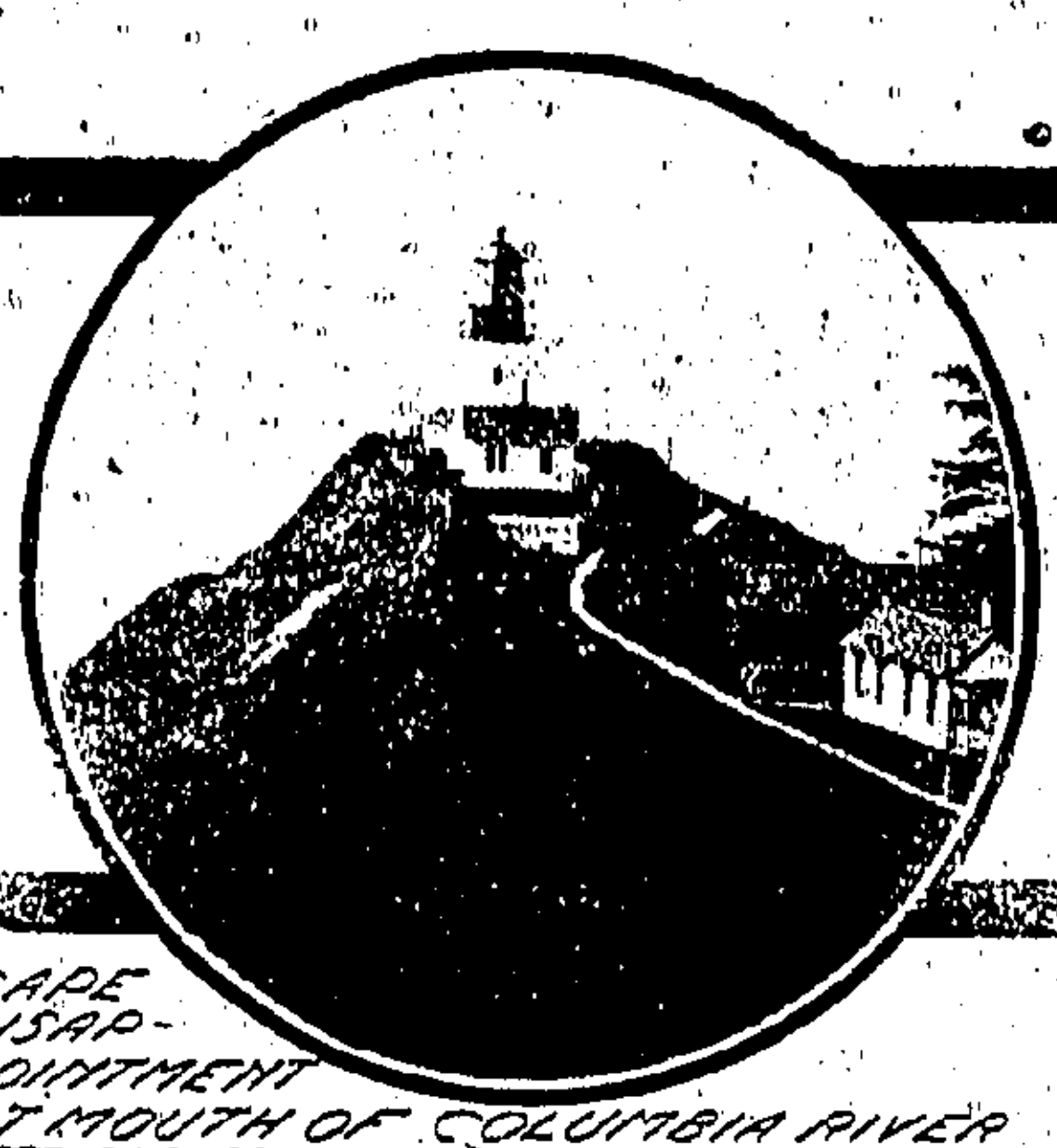
An Engineering Feat.

The Highway is one of America's newest pathways for the recreationist. It is a great pathway for everyone who visits our North-west. Its scenic beauties have been likened to a com-

bination of the Alps, the Rhine and Southern Italy with the old grandeur of the American Cascades but it is also noteworthy as a great engineering project. Going west it reaches Astoria and Seaside on the Pacific and running east it pierces and enters the historic gorge of the Columbia and passes waterfalls of cliffs and falling waters. This wonderful road hangs on cliffs on many places hundreds of feet above the stream at other points it is actually at the level of the water. Picturesque bridges span turbulent streams which sprawl many feet beneath and for miles of its length the road is supported by quaint walls of dry masonry. As one drives along the magnificent scenery on both sides of the Columbia is unfolded mile by mile, and within ten miles of travel there are eleven beautiful waterfalls, including Multnomah, the highest waterfall in our country. At Hirt Hall's Point is a tunnel with open windows cut in solid rock.

The Boat Trip.

The crags, cascades and cloud-capped hills of the Columbia are also seen to good advantage from a steamer. At the Coast one sees Dutch, French, German, Norwegian, Russian, Italian and



Japanese scenery is what attracts. Near the junction of the Columbia and Willamette rivers five white mountain peaks, the glories of two States may be seen at one time—Mt. Hood and Mt. Jefferson in Oregon, and Mt. Rainier, Mt. St. Helens and Mt. Adams in Washington. Not far away may be seen the site of the old Hudson Bay Post, and the one-time headquarters of Grant and Sheridan. The Gorge of the Columbia shows some unique features that show to good advantage from the boat. At its entrance are Table Rock and Rooster Rock, the latter of great beauty as it stands in odd relief against the purple shadows of the hills.

Further up the river is Cape Horn, magnificent towering pillars of rock rising perpendicularly from five hundred to twenty-five hundred feet. They are palisades that rise "green and dripping" to the vaulted sky, and just beyond are revealed the Columbia's special glory, its waterfalls and cascades which dash from lofty precipices on the Oregon shore and gleam through mist laden ferns and boughs. The first falls making music as they dash through mosses,



side in spite of the opposition of their tribes. As they started across the bridge to their home they were pursued by her disappointed suitors and kinsmen. Finally they were rescued and the bridge fell, carrying with it their advancing enemies. At any rate the bridge fell and formed rapids in the river.

Indians play a prominent part in legends of this river. Castle Rock, 1,140 feet high, whose summit has only recently been sealed by the white man, was an Indian lookout, and Mameloose Island was used by the Indians for many years as a burying ground, the dead being placed in pine huts. On this island is the grave of Victor Trevitt, a pioneer river man whose wish was to be buried with the Indians. "If there should be such a thing as a resurrection," this septic said, "I will take my chance with the Indians."

The Dalles. Fish wheels in operation gather the succulent salmon in many places and there are the Dalles and the falls of Celilo—thirty feet high—and the locks which lift the boats to the level of the Middle Columbia. All these are a part of the enjoyment of a trip on the Columbia. Above the Dalles the river becomes un navigable, caused by balastic formations and this stretch is a favourite spot among the Indians, many of whom live near by. During the fishing season they can be seen far out on the rocks spearing salmon which are dried in the sun and used as food.

This mighty river with a flow of over 1,600,000 cubic feet of water every second—greater than either the Mississippi or St. Lawrence—is fed by overlying snow fields and glaciers, winds its way through the Pacific North-west and at the mouth the tide reaches in for one hundred and fifty miles. Its rugged cascades, rapids and falls are worth going many miles to see. If Neolithic man chose this water way to enter this continent he is to be congratulated on his good taste and foresight. At any rate present-day man can see no more picturesque river.



Vines May Curve to the Right or to the Left, But the Twining is Uniform—Trees Have Similar Habits.

[By NORMAN C. McLOUD.]

In climbing a pole does a vine twist to the left or to the right? To Nature Lovers the question is full of interest; and since most of us find pleasure in the curious workings of natural laws the answer is worth the seeking. Close observation reveals striking individuality in the twining habits of plant growth.

Some vines twist to the right after the fashion of the hands of a clock in circling the dial. Others turn to the left and seem to grow backwards. In most cases the habit is fixed throughout an entire group or family. In others there is variation even among vines of close kinship. Climbing vines are interesting forms of growth, which display on their help for their means of support. It is not until we realize their ambition to rise in the world they avail themselves of any upright object available, whether growing or otherwise. The support may be the trunk of a tree, the post of a fence or the wall of a building. Any object affording a chance to climb is welcome to the climbers.

More Than One Way To Climb. In establishing themselves on their supports the vines have notions of their own as to the ways and means to be adopted. Most climbers attach themselves by coiling. With others the con-

tact with the tree or post is effected by means of adhesive disks, in the case of the widely distributed Virginia Creeper. Another type of vine attaches itself by means of tendrils which are thrown out in all directions to take hold of anything in reach. In this latter class are the gourd and the grape; the grasping tendrils of which are familiar to everyone.

Whether twining or otherwise fastened to its support, the vine has a definite object in view when the upward journey is undertaken. To the Nature student the climbing habit is essentially utilitarian. Ascending growth is necessary to the fulfillment of the vine's life mission of displaying its flowers to the flying bees and offering its seeds to the winds and the birds. It is enabled to escape from the crowded plant life of the surface the vine would be submerged and hidden, and would meet with failure in its efforts to provide the bees with material for the making of honey and the birds with a valuable source of food supply. In similar fashion the plant would be cheated of a chance for reproduction through the scattering of its seeds by birds and breezes.

The climbing habits of the various species of vines have been given store study by students of natural science. Observations along this line have

CONSISTENT TWISTS OF NATURE



covered a wide field and brought to light many interesting points which the average person easily overlooks. In discussing the subject for the American Nature Association, Dr. Frederick Brooks has pointed out peculiarities in which most of us will find suggestions for sunrise-breeding observations of our own.

The case of the climbing bean of the home garden is one of the striking examples of individuality in vines. This form of vegetation always twines to the right. Wild or tame, sturdy or poorly nourished, in sunlight or in shade, the bean twists in the one direction. No allurement of nature seems to influence it to the left. The bean rises in a right-hand spiral with a persistence not to be overcome. The hop-vine is similarly constant

but not in the same direction. With this plant the growth is always to the left, and Dr. Brooks reports that his observation has never revealed an exception to this dominant rule. Among the right-hand-twining we find the climbing buckwheat, dodder, trifoliate vetch and Dutchman's pipe. Among those twisting to the left are the wild yam and the Japanese honey-suckle. With any of these plants the amateur will find an interesting field of experiment in trying to force the growth in the opposite direction. Efforts of this character develop the full stubbornness of the vines and bring ultimate failure of the human effort. In this respect the vines seem to know what they want and to defy the efforts of mankind to divert them from their course.

Families Vary. Study of the spirals reveals curious variations. While a particular species will stick to its habits with staunch insistence, other members of the same family will strike off in the opposite direction. (The morning-glories offer good examples of this inconsistency of family tendencies. Most of the plants of this group twine to the right, with no departure from the established rule, in at least one species, however, the pattern meets with complete reversal and the vine is always found twisting to the left. Just why this variation should occur has never been determined, although the tendency is widely recognized by students of natural science. The popular flowering wintercreeper is another vine of variable characteristics. In his report to the American Nature

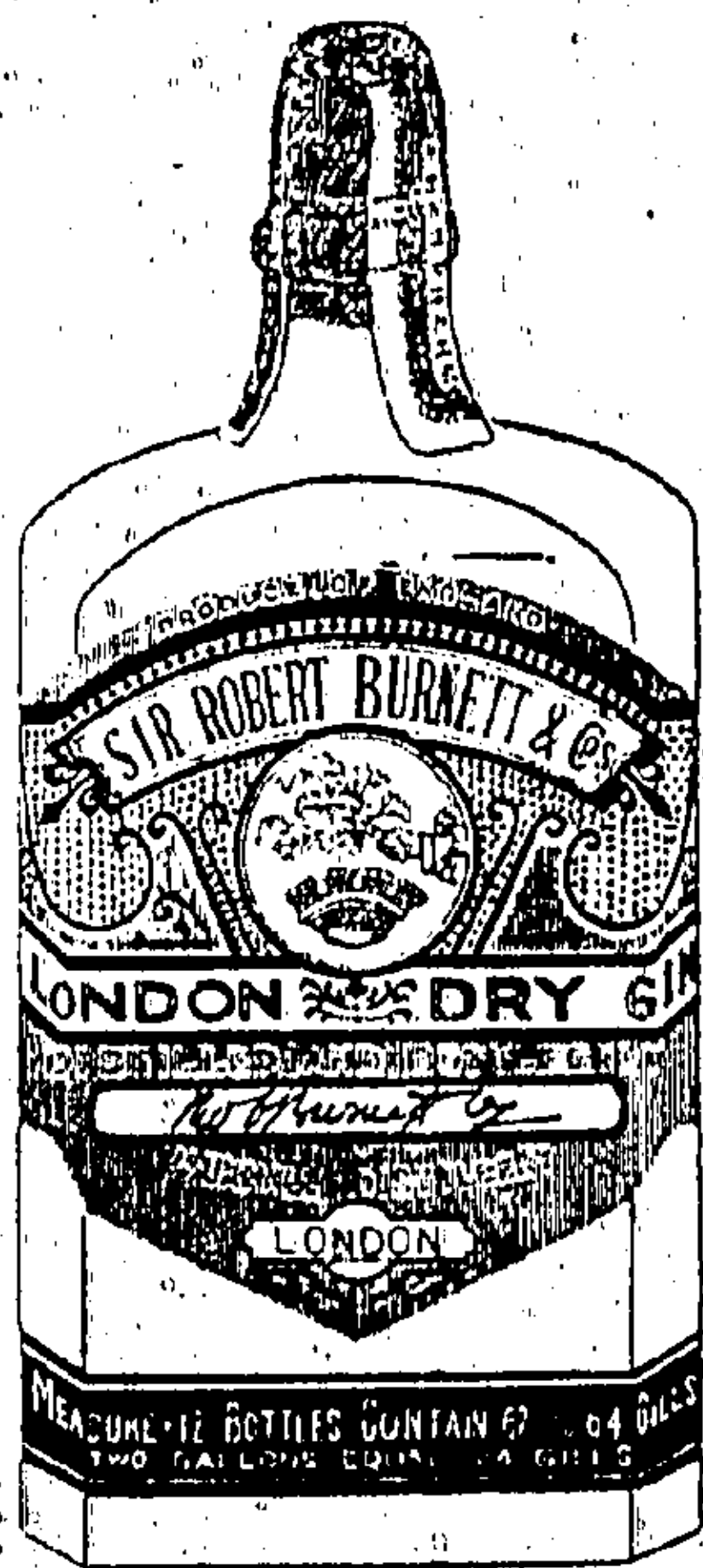
this nature, it is figured, would result in a left-hand twist "against the clock." On the other hand it is argued that some species are repelled by the sun and follow the clock-hands from left to right. Whatever the cause, the results themselves are full of interest and well worth noting for ourselves when opportunity is offered.

Tree Trunks Are Twisted. Vines are not alone in the peculiar characteristics of twining growth. The spiral tendency is definitely established for the trees as well. In many species of forest growth we find trunks that are as strikingly twisted as the vines which may have encompassed their trunks. In tree growth, of course, the spiral has less emphasis, but it is none the less noticeable and impressive.

On some trees the twisting habit manifests itself even in the development of the bark, and examination will show the outside covering of the trunks winding their way toward the top in consistent spirals. The real manifestation of this characteristic, however, is found by the man engaged in splitting a trunk for firewood. In work of this kind the labour is often doubled by the difficulty of separating the twisted fibres of the wood—an experience with which every rail-splitter or wood-cutter is familiar.

Constancy of direction is not found in the twisting tendency of all trees, but there are several species in which the habit of growth is practically uniform, and in which all specimens will show the same characteristics of twining to either right or left. This is especially true in the case of the chestnut. The wood of this tree is altogether apt to be marked by twisting fibres, and it has been found that in most cases the direction of the twist is toward the left. Specimens with the right-hand twining of the grain are declared to be comparatively scarce. In the case of the common beech the tendency is the same, and like the chestnut, these trees produce a large amount of wood. This is also true of the staghorn sumac, the widely distributed tree of the brilliant red berries and scarlet foliage widely scattered throughout a large portion of the United States.

When it comes to the growth of tendrils the vines show fine disregard of the law of spirals. There is no sense of direction in a tendril, as these offshoots of the parent stem adapt themselves to the convenience of the moment in choosing their direction of growth. Reaching forth to find a twig on which to fasten themselves, the tendrils of a grape or any vine will extend themselves in the direction offering the best foothold, right, left, up, down or otherwise. In this form of nature study the material is easily reached, even by those of us who live in crowded cities. Bushes in parks, gardens and woodlands will open the way for an interesting study of observation and take us many of the secrets of nature in the arrangement of her products. The study requires little or no effort and will be found well worth the required attention.



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Hongkong, Saturday, May 9, 1925.

SAFETY FIRST ?

Figures can be made to prove anything. The figures contained in the Colony's statement of assets and liabilities on December 31 last show balance of assets over liabilities to be \$13,107,549.29. Proving prosperity? As far as figures can be made to do—yes! The Crown Agents hold \$5,314,426.96—a large sum surely; whilst "perishable" assets include railway, P.W.D., and coal stores of over \$800,000. If the Crown Agents Deposit Account bears interest on the sum mentioned, then that should comfortably pay the interest on the Government's overdraft at the Bank shown as \$1,417,388.33. If not, then obviously it is not good finance. By now this overdraft will have been increased for the liabilities show \$2,220,493.91, "Shipping Control Account" now donated to the Home Government for the Singapore Base Scheme. Investment Account is a simple sum of \$8,972,105.70. Any criticism of the nature of this item is somewhat hindered by the fact the nominal value of the investments is \$1,275,308, 3s. 8d.; the actual cost was \$1,051,187, 11s. 1½d.; whilst the market value is \$1,142,381, 13s. 0d. But it does not escape notice that practically the whole of this money is invested in Colonial securities in which the highest interest earned is 5% and the lowest 3%. The difference between the actual cost and the market value of these investments seems remarkable;

but an examination of the figures proves that in only one instance is there a notable increase and that is in the value of the Funding Loan which has a market value of \$749,412.10. 0d. against an actual cost of \$662,991, 14s. 9½d., whilst the nominal value is placed at \$835,000, 0s. 0d. Can these investments be said to meet the cry—"Safety First"?

Homeless Boys.

The promoters of a scheme for building on Stanley Peninsula an industrial home for poor Chinese children have completed most of the preliminary arrangements including the provision of a site by the Government and particulars of the scheme and of the attitude of the Government are given elsewhere in this issue. The main point that emerges is that it is essentially a private concern and that the institution must in no way be looked upon as a reformatory to which the bad boys of the Colony will be sent, although the adoption of such a course by a magistrate under suitable circumstances and with the permission of the management may come to be looked upon as an accepted thing. It will certainly be a help to the police who are faced with a difficult problem when it comes to dealing with homeless lads. They may be potential if not actual cargo pilferers or bag-snatchers but the mere fact of their homelessness is not sufficient to justify their incarceration in prison where if they not already entered upon such a life they are almost bound to be influenced by those with whom they come into contact. A school where they may be taught to become useful citizens will meet a considerable need and the sponsors of the scheme deserve the thanks of the public for their kindly forethought, also the Government for having done all in its power to make the task of preparation easy. Organisers of charitable schemes such as this should take note of the attitude adopted by the Government and be encouraged to come forward with concrete proposals such as were made in this instance for it is obviously to the advantage of the Colony that provision should be made for the homeless rather than that they should have to be shipped and re-shipped to their places of origin.

Working for Pleasure.

Whatever may be said of the business character of many of his "philanthropic" ventures, the late Lord Leverhulme—like one of whom Hongkong has recently been deprived, is said to have "done good by stealth" and one gift of as much as \$30,000 to a deserving charity on condition that it should remain anonymous is testified to by Lord Birkenhead. In spite of his profit-sharing schemes, his model town for employees and his advocacy of the

six-hour day, it would not appear that he was looked upon with a deal of favour in the labour world, a state of affairs almost inevitable when one considers that he was a millionaire representative of the capitalist. He was not the type of man, either, who would make friends easily with men of equal social position to that which he attained in later years, and his maltreatment of the portrait painted by Mr. Augustus John also his action in taking over in the Hebrides was the subject of much adverse comment at the time. He was, however, a man of quick decisions and quick actions and to this without doubt he owes the position in the business world he attained from the lowly office of errand boy. This quickness of decision is exemplified by a recorded action of his when a child hurt itself on the spikes of a fence at Port Sunlight—the next morning every spike in the place had a brass ball on top of it. For a septuagenarian he gave the appearance of being a wonder of a man, and until recent years was physically strong and ever healthy. Mentally he remained alert to the last, controlling the affairs of the great business concern of which he was chief with an alertness and grasp of detail which many a young man might envy. Asked how he kept so young he replied: "I keep fit by taking my pleasure in my work. Work is my greatest joy and it is that and regular habits which keep me well. I am not a teetotaler but I only take alcohol on special occasions."

BEATEN AGAIN.

RAIN DEFEATS COUNTY CRICKET.

NO PLAY IN 3 DAYS!

Rain everywhere has again affected county cricket "at Home," says a Reuter London cable of yesterday evening.

At Lord's, not a ball was bowled in three days in the match between the M.C.C. and Kent!

Hampshire, playing at Nottingham, took first innings points from Nottingham. Notts batted first and were dismissed for 187. Hants replied with 225. Brown, G., getting 97. Notts, in their second venture, were 2 runs for no wicket when play ceased.

Yorkshire, on a visit to Cardiff, were beaten by the rain, as the match was abandoned and there was no play except on the first day. Thanks to Holmes, P., scoring 97 not out, Yorkshire were 134 for 1 wicket when the rain came on and defeated both the Tykes and the Tudys.

At Cambridge, the University defeated Sussex by 40 runs. Cox, G., took 6 wickets for 39 in the "Varsity's" first innings, the Light Blues compiling only 98. Sussex went in and came out for only 80 runs. Cambridge then made 197 and got rid of their visitors for 175. S. T. M. Jagger (who is not an old Blue) taking 5 wickets for 40 runs.

Oxford University, playing at home, drew with Lancashire. The Dark Blues had first knock and got 126. Parkin, C., taking 6 wickets for 31 runs. The Lancastrians replied with 159 and then Oxford hit up 156. J. L. Guiso, this year's captain, scoring 63 and Parkin again getting 6 wickets, this time for 67 runs. Lancashire were 2 runs for no wicket when the match was left drawn.

CELEBRATES SILVER WEDDING TO-MORROW.



His Imperial Majesty the Emperor of Japan who celebrates his silver wedding to-morrow. The local Japanese community will gather at the Japanese Consulate to celebrate the occasion.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Boxing Decision.

(To the Editor of the China Mail.)

Sir,—I must admit that "One of the Boys" talks sense even if he is misguided enough to claim that Cartledge won on points or that the verdict of "draw" was fair to either of the contestants.

I also admit that a lot of what he says is information to me. He knows a good deal about boxing criticism even if he is "biased" and not "unbiased."

He says that Cartledge told friends that he had won with the exception of three rounds. My contention is that Cartledge had very little advantage at the end of the twelfth round and that Dupree went ahead and scored enough to give him the verdict. I regret what I wrote about Cartledge's record. On his record he should have put up a still better show and not left the decision in doubt. That is my point.

As regards holding, I must ask "One of the Boys" to find out from Jim what made him clasp Dupree's left with both gloves in the last round.

His orgy of queries I must leave unanswered as only Cartledge and Dupree can answer them properly.

Since it is not likely that a return contest will be put on, I gladly avail myself of your correspondent's acceptance. Mr. Editor, you have both our names and you will be doing us a favour by passing on the names. Open space or ring, I do not mind backing up my claim to a knowledge of the manly art but I plead "not guilty" to being judged by my pocket as I had nothing on the bout, not being able to get the price and amount I wanted.

Yours, etc.

CANDID.

Hongkong, May 8.

[The "China Mail," as stated, has no wish to usurp the functions of the Boxing Association. Correspondents must keep strictly to the subject and not enter into personalities, otherwise the Editor will have no option but to impose his ban.—Editor, "China Mail."]

Hongkong Education.

(To the Editor of the China Mail.)

Sir,—Why all this insistence on certificated teachers? Is a certificated teacher the last word in teachers and the art of teaching? I think not. A certificated teacher represents a person who has passed fairly well in a considerable number of subjects. I think I am right in suggesting that the art of teaching—the best method of presenting a subject to a class—is not included. There are people competent to teach and yet without the ability to cram to enable them to pass the certificate examination. A relative of mine was in this class, was highly complimented on the "former," and although married keenly urged to continue her work in the interests of education. No one should be allowed to attempt to teach unless there is shown the ability to teach—and there should be instruction and examination on these lines. This matter has degenerated into a social aspect: A person having gone to Oxford or Cambridge and secured the

usual degrees is the only thing that matters. Such an one may be expected not to eat peas with his knife or curry with his fingers, and to wear evening dress when invited to the Peak. Whether able to teach makes no matter.

At the same time there may be some arguable points in Mr. Orme's contentions; but some of his own statements in the recent debate were, to say the least, childish. He spoke of his own experience in teaching Chinese. What experience? Teaching Greek to University students? If so, as an experience, of no value at all.

Yours, etc.

EX-TEACHER.

Hongkong, May 8.

Local Tennis.

(To the Editor of the China Mail.)

Sir,—Mutilation by one of your printers has upset the purport of an important paragraph in my letter which you so kindly inserted to-day. I took no copy, but what I had intended was not this:

Re tennis exhibitions—Why should Ng Sze-kwong be asked to play three matches when Honda only appears in the singles on one day? Honda is "champion." I have it on good authority that our ex-champion played O'Callaghan to one set and shortly after the latter's arrival. In this may be found the explanation of Ng Sze-kwong's absence from the tournament. Tottenham ought to prove an attraction as he is a newcomer and O'Callaghan deserves to play all he can as he is the only one likely to "play one or two of the doubles matches." On reputation they deserve the honour but it may be due to their being, as a pair in the tournament, still in the doubles championship. The sentence marked with a star should be

Tottenham ought to prove an attraction as he is a newcomer and O'Callaghan deserves to play all he can as he is the only one likely to "give the famous visitors a run for their money. Why could not the Rumjahn's—(this is the missing part)—play one or two of the doubles matches? On reputation they deserve the honour but it may be due to their being, as a pair in the tournament, still in the doubles championship.

Yours, etc.

REFORMER.

Hongkong, May 8.

British Income Tax Refunds.

(To the Editor of the China Mail.)

Sir,—For the benefit of any persons who may be unaware that they are entitled to recover a considerable sum of money should they derive any income from English registered companies, may I be permitted to point out the following salient facts:—

(1) Every person of British nationality is now entitled to recover either the whole or a proportion of any British Income Tax deducted at source from his dividends.

(2) This includes dividends which are stated to be paid "free of tax," or even when no deduction for tax is shown on the dividend voucher in the case of a British registered company.

(3) No liability on income, not derived from Great Britain can be incurred by putting in these claims.

(4) The amount recoverable varies from a small amount to hundreds of pounds, depending upon the amount and source of the income.

(5) These claims can be made in respect of income received from April 5, 1920 to date.

I shall be pleased to give further information regarding these claims to any of your readers in doubt if they will write me at 13, Buckingham Palace Gardens, London, S.W. England.

Yours, faithfully,

WILFRED T. FRY.

London, April 9.

It is notified that, at the expiration of three months The King Yick Company, Limited will, unless cause is shown to the contrary, be struck off the register and the company will be dissolved.

It is notified that His Honour Sir Henry Cowper Gollan Knight, Commander of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Chief Justice, has by Commission signed by him, and dated the 6th day of May 1925, appointed Geoffrey Robert Bayes, Assistant Colonial Treasurer, to be a Commissioner to administer oaths and take declarations, affirmations, and attestations of honour in the Court, so long as he shall hold the said office of the Assistant Colonial Treasurer.

HAWAII'S DEFENCES. NEEDS OF THE ISLANDS TO BE STUDIED. LEGISLATOR'S PROPOSALS.

"The Strongest Military Outpost in the World."

With the object of making Hawaii "the strongest military outpost in the world," an American legislator will shortly urge Congress to immediate action.

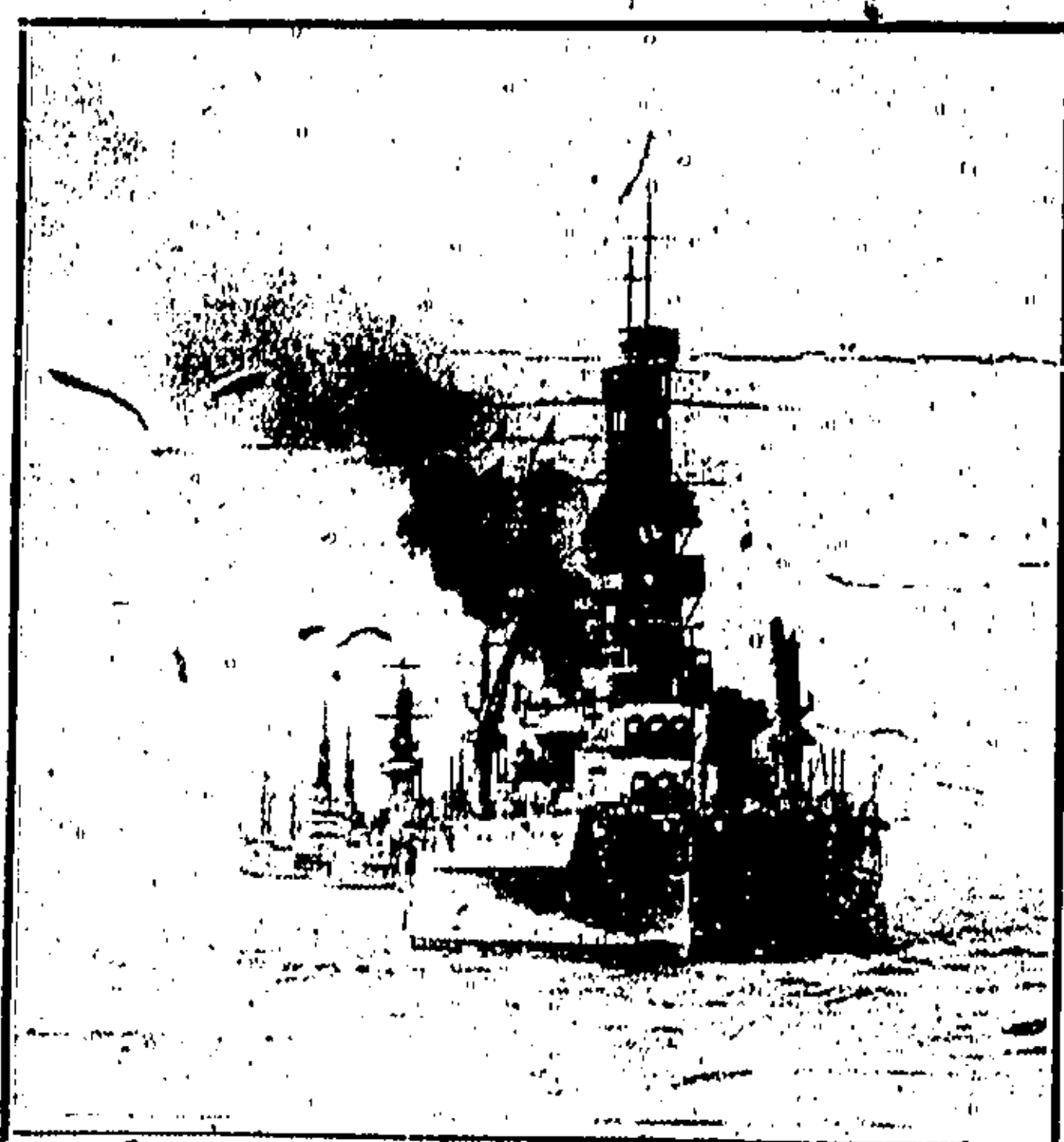
COMING MISSION.

(*Reuter's American Service.*)

Washington, May 8. Following a public discussion of the weakness of the Hawaiian defences, as disclosed by the re-

island defences as well as the fleet. Unofficial details of the shortcomings mention the necessity of deepening Pearl Harbour and the state of the aircraft bases, which are overcrowded and inadequate, while a deficiency of troops, heavy guns and communications are re-

AMERICA'S BATTLE FLEET.



The United States battle fleet steaming to the west, manoeuvres held in Hawaiian waters.

cent American Navy manoeuvres, Mr. Butler, Chairman of the Naval Committee of the House of Representatives, said that he would urge legislation at the next session of Congress to make the Hawaiian Islands "the strongest military outpost in the world."

Plans are being prepared to enable members of the Naval Committee to visit Hawaii next month in order to obtain first hand information. The party will be accompanied by high naval officers.

A thorough survey of the needs of the islands will be made with particular reference to Pearl Harbour.

Mr. Butler added that his proposal for the fortification of the Hawaiian group did not mean that he would be opposed to a world court of justice or the principle of disarmament.

He hoped that these objects could be attained, but he was beginning to doubt whether the other nations were in earnest about disarmament.

EARLIER CABLES.

New York, May 8. At the conclusion of the officers' conference, following the Hawaiian manoeuvres, the umpires issued a brief communique acknowledging that the operations disclosed deficiencies in



Mr. Butler, Chairman of the Naval Committee of the House of Representatives.

RUBBER JUMPS.

VERY HIGH PRICES TO COVER.

(*Reuter's Service.*)

LONDON, May 8.

The rise in the price of rubber for immediate or near delivery to 2s. per lb. is attributed to the shortage in the supply and the brisk demand to meet contracts now maturing in America.

The situation is intensified by the delay in the arrival of 200 tons coming via Suez, which had to be transhipped, and by short accounts, having been opened in the markets for May delivery, the covering of which necessitated paying very high prices.

SHARE ISSUE.

LONDON, May 8.

The United Suez Canal Rubber Estates are issuing 150,000 £1 shares at three.

KING'S SPEECH.

All the World To Hear.

WEMBLEY OPENING.

HEARD BY HUNDREDS AND CRASH OF GUNS.

(*Reuter's Service.*)

London, May 8.

Listeners in all over the world will be enabled to hear the King when he opens the Empire exhibition on May 11.

The proceedings are to be transmitted through the high power station at Chelmsford.

They begin at eleven o'clock in the morning (summer time) with military music.

The royal salute on their Majesties' arrival will be fired at 11.55.

This will be followed by the Duke of York's introductory speech.

His Majesty's speech is timed to be delivered at noon.

After that a short religious service will be conducted by the Bishop of London.

COTTON TROUBLE.

SCHEME OF CONTROL NEEDED.

(*Reuter's Service.*)

LONDON, May 8.

The provisional emergency cotton committee of Manchester has expressed the opinion that short time movements on a voluntary basis will never command entire loyalty. Consequently the trade is beginning to recognise that there is no real solution for the present difficulties in the cotton trade, apart from a full-fledged scheme of control, and the sooner it is put into actual operation, the better, for everybody concerned.

BOMB PLOTS?

WARSAW COMMUNISTS ARRESTED.

(*Reuter's Service.*)

WARSAW, May 8.

The police have arrested a number of Communists in Warsaw and Grodno who are alleged to have been plotting a series of bombing outrages also the theft of secret documents from the War Office, the Ministry of Interior and other Government offices.

Detailed instructions were found in their possession and, proofs are said to have been obtained of their connection with the Soviet legation.

TYPHOID SCOURGE.

HUNDRED EUROPEANS DOWN.

(*Reuter's Service.*)

SUVA, May 8.

In Fiji a hundred Europeans and many Indians are suffering from typhoid.

Three Europeans have died. Extra doctors are being sent from Australia and New Zealand.

WORLD FLIGHT.

ITALIAN AVIATOR'S PROGRESS.

(*Reuter's Service.*)

BOMBAY, May 8.

The airman, Comdr. de Pinedo has arrived here.

CABINET TROUBLES.

(*Reuter's Service.*)

BRUSSELS, May 8.

The King has received the Catholic leader van Deynve who has agreed to try to form a new ministry.

Moscow, May 8.—A concession has been granted to a British concern, the Ayan Corporation, to exploit the goldfields of Olkhotsk, Kamchatka. The company pays on the basis of the area worked, and also surrenders five per cent. of the output to the Soviet.—*Reuter.*

RADIO FROM ARCTIC.

ESKIMO FOLK SONGS AT EQUATOR?

EXPLORER'S FANCIES.

Future Landing Places For Air Routes.

An American professor, who is about to lead an exploring expedition into the cold lands of the Arctic, says that he may put Eskimo folk songs "on the air," to be picked up by wireless listeners on the Equator.

Washington.

Forty-three naval fliers and "It is highly probable that mechanics have applied for the people at the Equator will hear posts. Professor Macmillan folk songs by the Eskimos in the recently suggested to the President this summer," said Professor Macmillan that the United States should



EXPLORE ARCTIC BY AIR—Capt. Donald Macmillan, with the aid of the Navy Department, is completing plans for a search for land in the unexplored Arctic regions. The start will be in June, flights made from a base on Axel Heiberg Land, with return in August.

Professor Donald Macmillan, the veteran Arctic explorer, after the Navy Department have announced that President Coolidge had approved of two navy seaplanes, with experienced pilots, accompanying Professor Macmillan's ship.

He sails on June 15 from Wiscasset, Maine, to survey the unexplored area between Alaska and the North Pole. It is estimated that he will cover a million square miles. Later he will explore Labrador, also Greenland.

claim any territory found as future landing places for a prospective air route to Europe.

Professor Donald Baxter Macmillan, Professor of Anthropology at Bowdoin College, was a member of the Peary North Polar Expedition, 1908-9, and in the



Professor Macmillan.

THE NATION'S FOOD.

(*Reuter's Service.*)

LONDON, May 8.

The Food Commission has issued one majority and two minority reports. The minority reports are signed by Mr. T. H. Rayland and Mr. W. R. Smith respectively. The majority report principally recommends the establishment of a food council to maintain continuing supervision over staple food prices.

In connection with port charges on wheat it recommends that the port authorities carefully consider the rates with a view to making reductions in the near future. It favours compulsory registration of retail butchers and endorses the recommendation of the Linlithgow committee that cold storage proprietors should be required to furnish statistics of stocks of meat cold-stored, to be published at the food council's discretion.

It recommends the council closely to watch future developments in connection with the importation of meat from Argentina since it is of the opinion that it may be necessary for the Government to intervene by acquiring the controlling interest of British companies operating in Argentina or by other means, if the supply of chilled frozen meat to Britain should be dominated by adverse trading combinations.

TRADE WITH THE DOMINIONS.

It believes the Government may wish to discuss with the Dominion Governments the possibility of encouraging, in the interest of the producer and consumer, the flow of food from the Dominions to the markets of Britain. It finally recommends the Government to exercise its influence to ensure that the economic section of the League of Nations shall continuously study international food problems and prepare periodical reports for submission to the League council.

Mr. Ryland's minority report objects to the establishment of a food council as a definite advance in the direction of State socialism and imposing a heavy burden on the taxpayer, entailing a serious risk of increasing the cost of the people's food.

The food commission majority report points out that there is no evidence presented in support of the suggestion that the international wheat trade is controlled by a small number of firms exploiting the needs of the consumers.

GOVERNMENT RESPONSIBILITY.

Mr. Smith's minority report is very lengthy. It recommends that the Government assume open responsibility for supplies and prices of food and the centralization of the importation of wheat and

following year went to Labrador with the Cabot Expedition. The years 1911 and 1912 he spent in ethnological research among the Eskimo of Labrador, and then he had charge of the Crocker Land Expedition of 1915-17. In July, 1921, he set out, also from Wiscasset, on an expedition to Baffin Land, which occupied a couple of years. An ensign in the U. S. Naval Reserve, Professor Macmillan has gone through an aviation course.

WOOL SALES.

SUSPENDED ALL OVER AUSTRALIA.

(*Reuter's Service.*)

MELBOURNE, May 8.

A conference of the National Council of Wool Selling Brokers and the Australian Wool Growers Council decided to suspend wool sales all over Australia until July 1 when they will be resumed if circumstances permit.

MINISTER RESIGNS.

(*Reuter's Service.*)

ROME, May 8.

The King has accepted the resignation of Admiral di Revel, Minister of Marine, and has appointed the Premier, Signor Mussolini, to act as Minister ad interim.

flour in the hands of a statutory import board acting on behalf of the whole community. Also a similar centralization of meat supplies, carrying out the recommendations of the Bridgeman-Macrosty committees in regard to the public acquisition of the freezing works in South America by Britain.

The milling industry should be formed into a statutory corporation wherein present millowners would hold debentures, the government holding a majority of the ordinary shares. The local authorities should be empowered to open municipal bread and meat shops and require the licensing of retailers in their areas.

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- | | | |
|--------|------------------------------------|-----|
| 3421 | HORSEY KEEP YOUR TAIL UP | ... |
| | SAY IT WITH A UKULELE | ... |
| 3494 | IT HAD TO BE YOU | ... |
| | OH, EVA | ... |
| G 8293 | GO 'LONG MULE | ... |
| | ELIZA | ... |
| 3458 | WHAT'LL I DO | ... |
| | BURNING KISSES | ... |
| 3515 | IT AIN'T GONNA RAIN NO MO' | ... |
| | BELEIVE ME | ... |
| 3440 | WHY DID I KISS THAT GIRL | ... |
| | THE LITTLE WOODEN WHISTLE WOULDN'T | ... |
| | (WHISTLE) | ... |
| 3355 | JUST A GIRL THAT MEN FORGET | ... |
| | HI-LEE HI-LO | ... |

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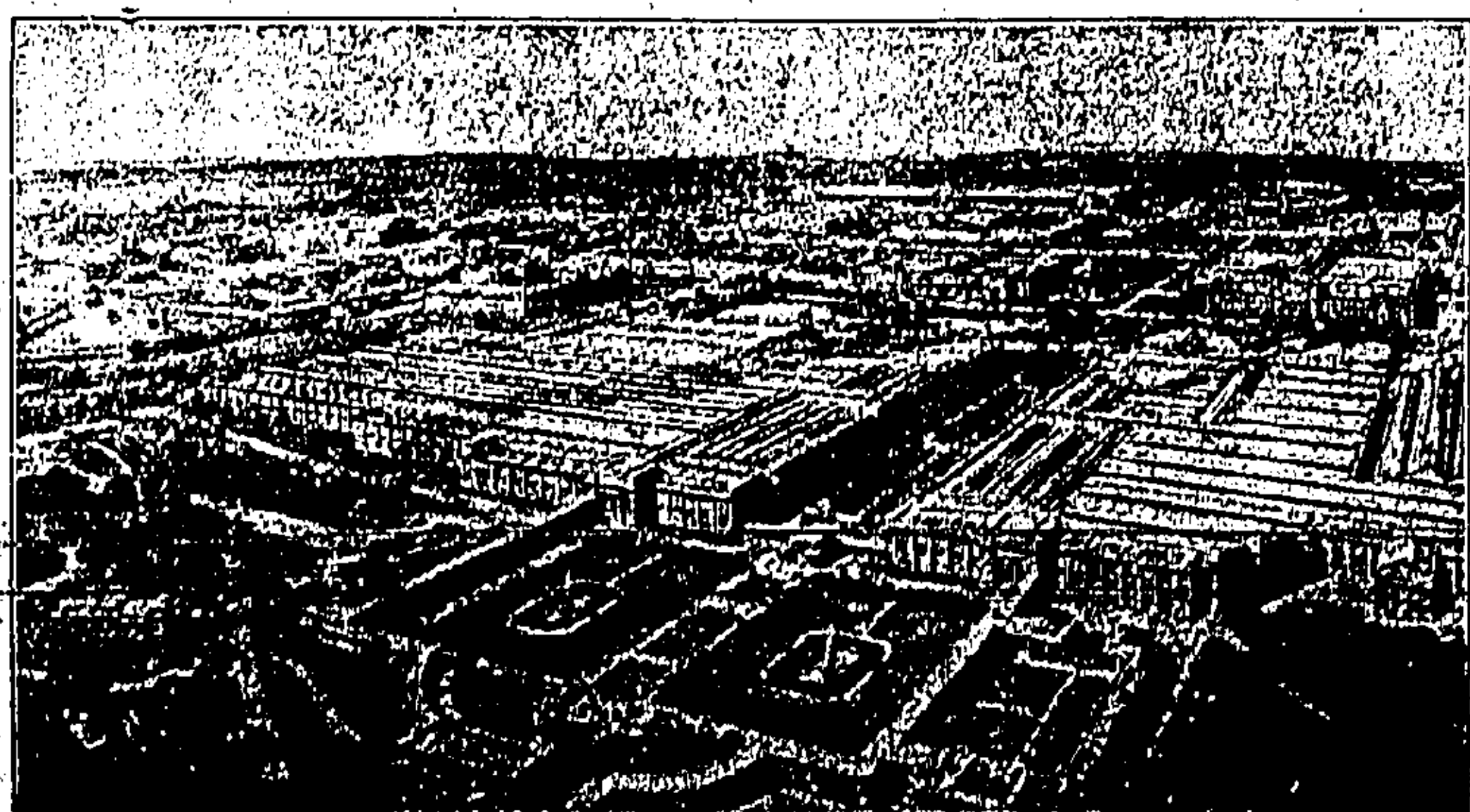
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Hongkong.

EMPIRE'S VAST SHOP WINDOW OPENS AGAIN TO-DAY.



The Empire's shop window, as the British Empire Exhibition has been called, is to be opened to-day by the King. Hongkong is again represented.

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CAREFULLY PACKED FOR SHIPMENT**HEART BEATS HEARD OVER RADIO.**

HEART BEAT BY RADIO. WIL.

Physicians have succeeded in sending human heart beats over the radio. A specially constructed microphone was used, and the heart beats were picked up by listeners in all over the country. An expert is shown making a test of a lady's heart beats through a broadcasting station.

Insulin for Cancer.

PROF. SILBERSTEIN

Professor Silberstein, of Vienna University, after artificially causing cancer in mice, treated them with the newly discovered insulin. In most cases, he reported, the cancer disappeared, or the growth was halted. He now advocates that physicians use insulin treatment in cases of inoperable cancer.

ALLEGED TYPHOID MURDER.

W.D. SHEPHERD IN COURT. WIL.

William Shepherd, charged with the murder of William McClelland, his millionaire orphan-ward, whose estate he inherited, must stay in jail until he is tried for his life, under a ruling by the Chief Justice who refused to grant him bail.

Film Divorce.

RENEE ADOREE. WIL.

Renee Adoree, well known motion picture star, has been granted a divorce from Tom Moore, film actor, on the allegation that he deserted her in New York City.

KING GEORGE'S HEALTH CRUISE.

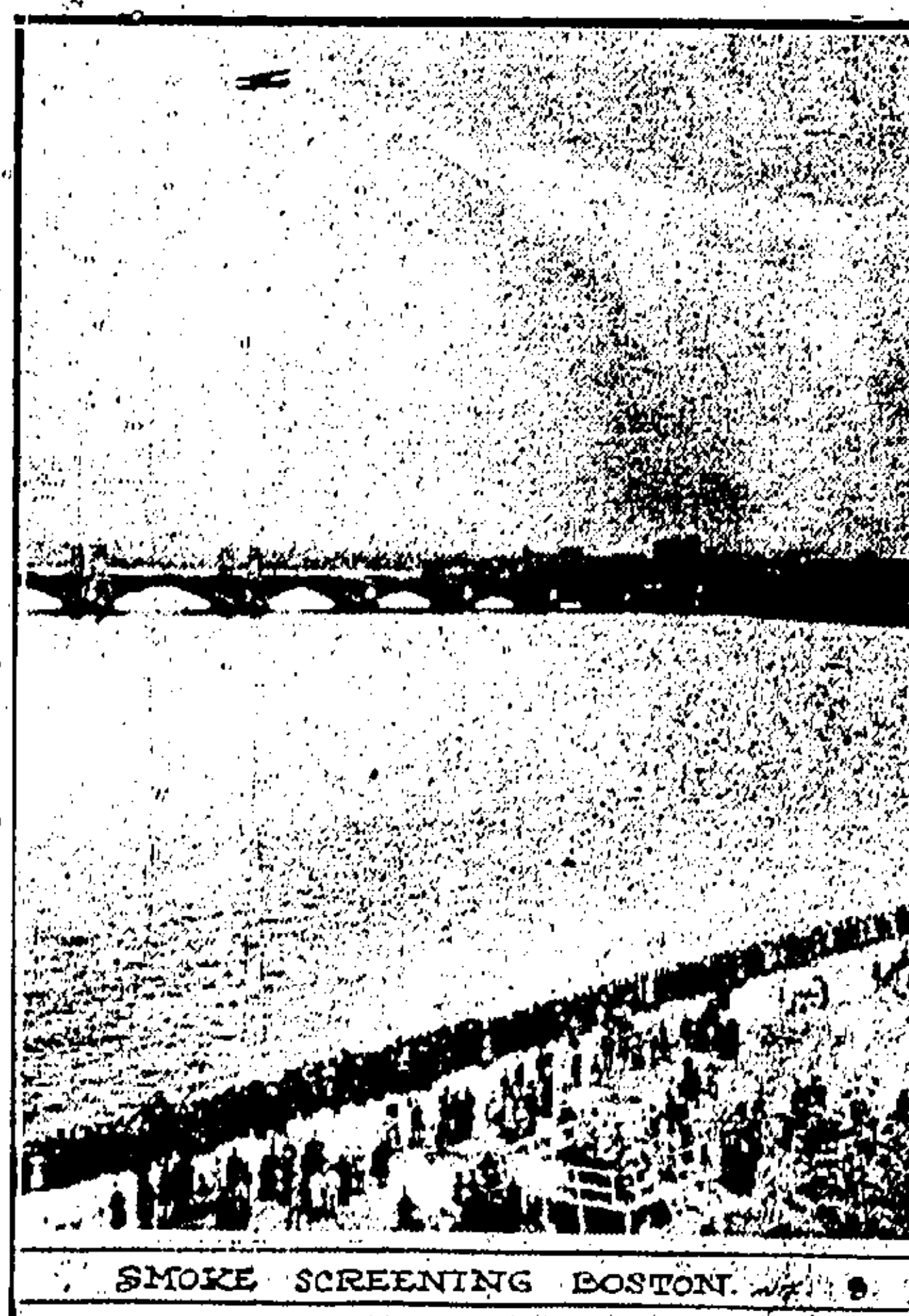
KING GEORGE & QUEEN MARY. WIL.

King George and Queen Mary are shown as they arrived in Calais on the way to the Mediterranean, where they boarded the royal yacht, Victoria and Albert, for a protracted cruise, ordered by King George's physicians as a result of his recent illness.

Boy Hero.

MAX SCHLAR. WIL.

Max Schlar, thirteen years old, has been recommended for a Carnegie hero medal for saving the life of Abraham Stuenkel, a Jew, from the waters of a river. After bringing the little fellow to safety, Max calmly eluded his way through the crowd and disappeared from the scene.

SMOKE SCREEN HIDES CITY.

SMOKE SCREENING BOSTON. WIL.

A bomber, flying high over the Charles River Basin, Boston, laid a smoke screen across the water, completely hiding the City of Boston from the opposite side of the shore. The screen was laid as an experiment against possible attack.

Latest Scandal.

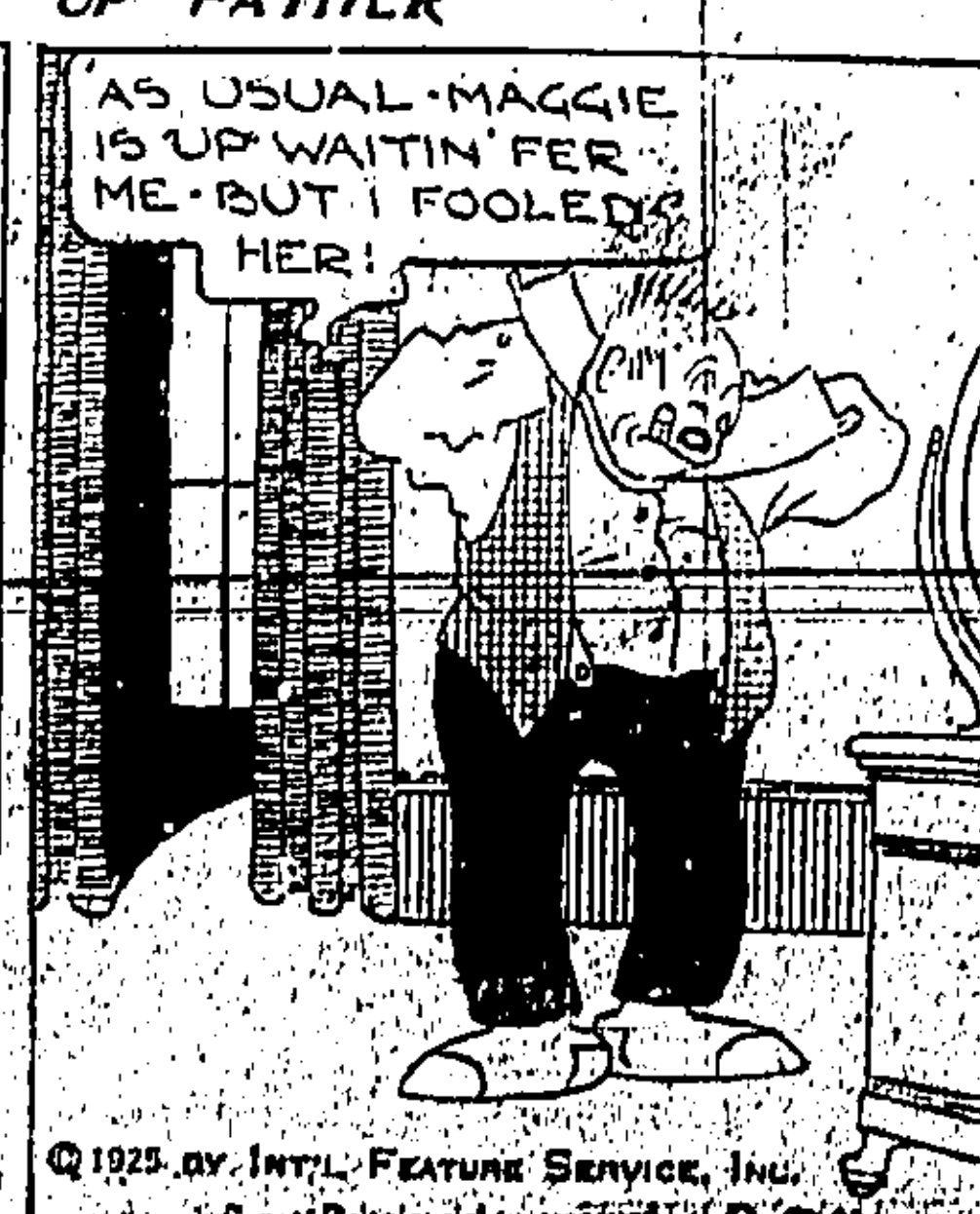
FRANK WATERHOUSE

The most recent scandal in society circles was that of the suit brought by Mrs. Muriel Waterhouse, widow of the late Frank Waterhouse. Mrs. Waterhouse was awarded a verdict of £10,000 against Sir David and Lady Wilson-Barker, whom she accused of conspiring with R. P. Sheldon to extort large sums of money from her husband.

SOCIETY DIVORCE SURPRISE.

MARCHIONESS OF QUEENSBERRY & DAUGHTER (Below) MARQUIS OF QUEENSBERRY. WIL.

The Marquis of Queensberry has taken preliminary steps in London to file a divorce petition against his wife, formerly Irene Richards, an actress, naming as co-respondent Sir James Dunn, famous Canadian lawyer and financier. The Marquis alleges that Sir James went to Monte Carlo with the Marchioness, shown here with her daughter, Patricia Sybil.

BLINDING UP FATHER

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Let Us Consider the Suit Mode



BY BARBARA WINSLOW

PHOTOS BY JOEL FEDER

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STYLICITY THE KEYNOTE OF THIS ULTRA SLIM MODEL

The Eyes of the House.

The housewife who really studies decorative values in relation to her own furnishings has no inclination to discount the value of her window treatments, appreciating that they have to brighten or darken, increase or decrease space; and to add or detract from the beauty and hominess of her rooms. Rooms have been made, and rooms have been spoiled, by curtains and window treatments. The wise woman studies her windows, viewing them as a knotty problem that must be solved correctly; and only at the cost of much thought.

Not necessarily at great financial cost, for it is the colour, the weight of the fabric and the type of the curtains themselves that are important. There are sun-fast fabrics that are comparatively inexpensive, if one collates them with silks, laces and tapestries. It is the effect that counts, though one may not, of course, reply on the economy of the low cheap fabric. One of the chief faults in draping and curtaining windows is the too heavy material, and many women have found it advisable to keep to what might be termed "sunbunny ways" of dressing the "eyes" of her house.

Curtains are to be had all ready for hanging in sheer Marquisettes and hand drawn shades. The latter are more dainty and desirable, as a rule, than curtains that are elaborately trimmed—fine voiles and dainty Grapplings—and for a certain type of window—like the nursery—the latter. Or the curtains may be made at home from yardage goods, at an expense relatively small. Daintiness and freshness are most desirable, and an instance of this is the kitchen and breakfast room that is dressed in checked gingham—always dainty, always fresh, always inexpensive.

For overdrapes there are the elegant and charming—shaped and draped to fit the individual window—and, if one must be economical, the very charming artificial silk fabrics in a wide range of colours and weaves. Shall the sun be allowed to shine in and brighten a dark corner or must it be subdued in its insistent glare? The exposure of the room—the type of furniture—these of the room and colour harmonies—all these are part of the problem.

Graceful, lightweight slippers, made by a Serbian bootmaker, are fashioned of bright coloured leathers, ingeniously slashed and braided. They are designed to complement the between-season ensemble.

It Is, Without Doubt, the Most-Talked-Of Feature of Fall Fashions—It Is the Ensemble Costume At Its Best.

Some of us, at least, have not forgotten the whimsicalities of clever "Mr. Doolley," and the gems of wisdom that were made to follow the introduction "I see by the papers." While it is quite as true with fashion now as it was then, it is with world news that one may not believe all that she reads, it is equally true that the wise woman may separate the wheat from the chaff, and profit greatly by the harvest. But she glances for the truly wise woman is not above reading advertisements and comparing them with the logical analysis of the mode that are authoritative presentations of what fashion has to offer, guiding her course by the conclusions that she reaches. And when Paris decrees and sponsors, fashion critics prophesy and the best known shops present a mode, even the most sceptical can be reasonably sure that she will not go wrong in her choice if it is that much featured fashion. Such a fashion is the suit, and while there are sure to be many modifications of the mode, there is one that is rapidly assuming the proportions of a "vogue."

The suit we have always worn. There have been many ramifications of the suit mode in the past few years and the amusing fashions of one century have given place to fashions that will, no doubt, be just as amusing a century hence, although it is certainly true that there are not the radical changes in the silhouette, from season to season, that there used to be. The full skirt, quite wide at the bottom, the short coat—sometimes with sleeves of the leg-of-mutton type; and the normal waistline would result in nothing but ridicule, were they to make their appearance in a season when the long, tight sleeve, the long coat and the slender line silhouette were fashion, but they are history, and a mode to be really acceptable, must have an ancestry of some sort, they must be history. There has always been something fascinating about the matching of two articles of apparel or of an accessory to a suit of frock, but it is only very recently that clever minds have hit upon the idea of making this "note of identity"—whether it be fabric, trimming or colour—the basis of the entire costume. And never before has this costume or "ensemble" idea been the fundamental of the entire trend of fashion as it seems to be today. And it is known, logically enough, as the ensemble costume. When an idea has smartness and charm, and at the same time is practical from the point of view of economy, it is assured of popularity, and the ensemble idea has all these attributes, and consequently, as well, for it means the correlation of one costume with another as well as the correlation of parts.

And there will be sports suits and strictly tailored suits for those who wish them, the featured suit will be rather more of a dress affair, and deserve its appellation of costume. It will consist of a one-piece dress with matching coat or skirt—worn with a long, full blouse—and the same matching coat—the latter, of course, the same material as the skirt. It is quite possible that the lining of the coat may be of the same fabric as the skirt. Suit materials will be, for the most part, of the "in-the-house" variety, and they will be simple, and so quite adaptable to the whimsicalities of the mode. Stress should be laid on the use of fine and beautiful silks, for this new fashion will have its effect on the suit mode.

models. The latter would be the last, even if designers said with definiteness that there would be no hats, for always there are some who seek to be distinctive by being different. There is a real rage for fur as a trimming, and it is dead in cunning little inserts, bindings and linings, and furnishes smart collars and cuffs in many different styles. The sleeves are long and tight, as a rule, the helves of the dress beneath being either long or wholly missing. There is no half way about it, occasionally a cape intrudes itself, but they are in the minority. It has been a long time since a more practical fashion has been launched, for the woman who needs a wrap, but styled a costume suit, may have both in the one.

A Fashion That Makes For Height. The long coat, that reaches almost to the hemline, or at least well below the knee is a becoming garment for the woman who needs a wrap, but styled a costume suit, may have both in the one. It makes for height, and there is nothing about the dress beneath that changes the effect, when the coat is removed. If the costume consists of skirt and tunic, the latter is so very long that the appearance of height is retained, even though there be a contrast in colour or fabric. This belted silhouette must be watched, however, for it is becoming only to the slender woman. A suggestion of a waistline, correctly placed, is much better if one is not reasonably slight of figure. And a tendency to round-the-hemline trimming, recently developed, is another detail that must be watched, since it cuts height, if too conspicuous.

Four of the pictured models feature the long coat and dress, or the coat, skirt and tunic. The latter idea is expressed in a woolen fabric that has a decided sheen, and recognizes the value of fur in a decided contrast. The collar is large and the cuffs unique, distinguishing an otherwise plain coat that links itself to the tunic by the trimming, the latter not so striking that it will clash with any other tunic that may be chosen for variation. You will note that the same braid is used to edge a band of the fabric of the garment. A one piece dress, of the same fabric as the coat, is noticeable for its high collar, its vestee, and the smart ball buttons that trim the latter. Both fur and embroidery edge the hemline, and cuff the straight line coat, that has a collar of the fur.

A tunic dress, very straight of line, uses crepe de chine in contrast to the wool material, and it makes the tunic effect and lines the coat. Fur edges the pocket and outlines the sleeves—fashionably wide at the wrist—and the stand-up collar. It should be noted that appearance of height is aided by the square crowned hat with narrow brim that so smartly complements the costume. Several unusual features are to be seen on the suit that seems to prefer the more striking sports fabric in a modest plaid weave to the more conservative materials. Machine embroidery trims the crepe de chine tunic and the coat has both belt and novelty sleeve, as well as a fur banding on the collar.

A short-skirted suit, of the more tailored type—really a between-season affair—has only its smart simplicity to recommend it, but it shows a trend away from the "O'Connell" type of tailleur. It is distinctly a two-piece affair and with it one might wear either a dark or light coloured blouse. Suits of this type will be seen in great numbers, but they will not be as generally popular as the "ensemble" costume suit of much charm and many uses.

OUT OF THE PAST—THE TUNIC BLOUSE

Who says it is a "new" fashion, the tunic blouse? It may be new to many, but it is really a legacy to us from the Saxon women who were wearing it long before the Normans came, nearly a thousand years ago, a legacy for which we should be most deeply thankful, so charming and adaptable has it proven to be. We have had it before, so it is really only a revival, adapted each time to the mode of which it is a little part, never has it assumed the proportions of a vogue with the sudden thoroughness that has characterized the latest reapparition, and never has it so thoroughly dominated fashion. It is not only a part of the blouse mode, it is the most prominent feature in the fashion of the ensemble costume that in the outstanding feature in fashion.



Lace Is Given A Prominent Place In The Blouse Mode Because Of Its Never Fading Charm.

In general it is known as the tunic blouse, and its slender elegance dominates the mode almost to the exclusion of every other possible line. The tunic blouse varies in length, reaching the hips or the very hem, is plain of line or flares a bit, and hints, variously, of Chinese, Russian and French. Just how popular this idea has become is shown when an evening frock adopts it for many of the loveliest formal gowns are, in terms of simplicity, a separate skirt and a blouse, the former beautifully decorated, the latter quite plain of line and fabric. Beading holds its place in the mode, and one of the best liked ideas seems to be a slip of plain material used as a foundation for an elaborately beaded tunic, uncompromisingly plain of line.

There are marvelous possibilities in the use of the ornate kind, for the fabrics of a decorative material will turn out happily with a plain skirt or slip. A very great many printed silks, even in a "semble" idea that is ruling to the en everything. A smart costume results from a slip of crepe de chine or of crepe de chine, used as a foundation for a tunic, beaded horizontally, or vertically, or up and down. If one's figure is a bit of a curve, as the case may be, for buttons covered as a background, or in some fancy design. Plain tunic, beaded in bands—endless.

Three rules have been laid down for the fall and winter short and slender, a tunic to skirt length, of the tunic in very, very possible to figure out.

the slip or skirt would really be in the combination, and so it is that blouse departments are looking ahead to busy days, for the possession of several tunics will mean several costumes, if one's single skirt or slip is a tunic that matches the slip; another that contrasts in colour; a third in plaid that makes use of the same shade as the slip, and yet another with embroidery, linking skirt to tunic by fabric or embroidery, either one. It is quite useless to consider a suit of skirt and coat without visualizing the possibilities of the blouses that may complement it and change it into a complete costume.

Because of its general becomingness, length is the prevailing characteristic of the tunic. It really should reach below the knee, and it will be even smarter if it reaches almost to the ankles of the hem. In general, the straight silhouette is more becoming than the flared one, but at times the flares are so subtle that they do not, appreciably, detract from the general appearance of slenderness. There is a choice between belted and the belted line, but the latter is the smarter, if one finds it becoming. Many do not, and it should be a question in one's mind until the yes or the no of the matter is proven.

The neckline is, of course, varied, but the V-neck is smart, especially when trimmed with tiny revers of lace or the fabric; there are square necks; and the round and batwing line have their following. Georgette, crepe de chine, satin, the never ribbed silks and velvet, as well as many novelty materials are featured in the smartest tunics, and trimmings range from appliques and enclosures through to bandings of the material of which the tunic is made. Buttons, headings and braiding are all popular, and at times one meets a model that has no trimming but the fabric itself. Such a tunic is, however, although it really makes use of two fabrics, or more specifically, two colours, black and white. Extremely clever this lace affair, with its V-neck that shows satin bound revers of the material, underlines that have the appearance of cuffs; white lace set in



Stressing The Favourite Black And White Combination; The Belles Silhouette And New Neck Line.

under the blouse, and a wee collar of the white. The shoulder is kimono and there is a smart little tie belt, in the back, if you please. Wherever there is a demand, there will be supply. That is the reason of the hip-length blouse, which is not nearly as new or as smart as the tunic. These blouses are nearly all gathered into a hip band, though some models maintain their straightness to the end. Only a slight fallow at the hips marks the joining of blouse to band in the model pictured, a very smart model indeed, that has its novelty fabric smartened appreciably by the band of lace insertion down the front; the falls of Val at neckline and sleeve waist band. It would seem that fashion interest is bound to centre on the blouse, its coming season, for just now, the danger of the too frequent "shampoo," the result of the ease with which the bobbed head may be washed, and the fact that the hair is so much more difficult to manage, may well become a permanent feature in the costume, and the tunic is, in its original form, a blouse.

THE FAN—ITS INSPIRATION.

Prominent in history, and devoted to the study of the fan, the fan has found a prominent place in the evening ensemble, contributing grace and a flash of colour to the most elegant of costumes. One finds that the story of the fan is a long one, and that the fan has been a part of the costume of the East since the time of the Chinese. But it was during the reign of Louis Fifteenth—how often must the chronicler of fashions go back to that brilliant period that it was an essential to the costume, and during that time thousands of craftsmen worked at the

fan-making industry. Thousands of artists, too, contributed their work, for the painted fan was a vogue. One found a bit of lace or gauze; a gorgeous plume or two; or three with little flowers, and the fan was a masterpiece. More utilitarian, perhaps, than in the reign of a Louis, or the brilliantly conceived creation of today, is apart of history. It is mentioned in the stories of Rome, of Greece and of India, and in the Scriptures. Lost, for the time, its historical and legendary value, but increasingly great its power in the history of fashion.

THAT a new shade of purple—the millinery horizon? It has red in it, and blue, and appears as a most exotic colour, quite unusually rare. THAT Paris is approaching two new hosiery shades in the nuances of beige. They are called "Hoggar" and "Eclair," and the wondrous where originators get their names. THAT the skirts of the newest smartest models flare slightly at the bottom; this flare slightly at the

DID YOU KNOW—

bottom, this flare achieved by gold and silver. If there is a silver way it is toward shorter, new adaptations of old furs—fall showings? Taupo and alive the newest shades of the fan market, and black furs are dyed to simulate sable and mink. THAT the newest coat fabrics fall are smooth, close-woven and have a flat nap. Fashion has definitely cast off the heavy pile materials that have been vogue for several seasons.

BEAUTY—A THOUGHT OR TWO.

Two evils beset all womanhood in the desire to possess lovely hair and keep it so—the dry and the oily scalp. For both there are curative ointments and lotions that will rectify the condition, whatever it may be, but every woman, to seek the advice of a hair specialist as to whether her locks be short or long, should give her hair every attention even though there seems no present need of it—the precaution wise against the days to come. It is not a bad idea, but money to overcome.

LOCAL SPORT.

SOMETHING TO SEE.

JAPAN'S OLYMPIC TENNIS STARS.

HERE NEXT WEEK.

On Monday and Tuesday, local tennis enthusiasts will be found wandering in the direction of the Hongkong Cricket Club ground. Hongkong, as a rule, provides little scope for the timely demise of a grandmother, but, nevertheless, quite a number are sure to pop off on Tuesday to enable tennis enthusiasts to slip along for a few minutes only to see the Japanese Olympic tennis team, which includes some of Japan's real stars.

Word has been received from Japan's team en route for the Far Eastern Olympiad at Manila. The H.K.C.C. has been asked for the courtesy of practice facilities for the tennis representatives during their stay in port. Accordingly, nets will be put up on Monday and Tuesday mornings.

Mr. L. S. Greenhill, honorary secretary, kindly informed the "China Mail" that games with local talent had not been asked for. Accordingly, none had been arranged. It is surmised that the Japanese stars will play among themselves but it does seem a pity that Hongkong is not to give them even a "friendly" game.

When they were in Japan, the Kinseys and Snodgrass played the Japanese stars and one of the Kinseys, when in Manila, predicted that Japan would make a clean sweep of the lawn tennis tournament at the Olympiad.

TENNIS TOURNEY.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE FINALS.

TO-DAY'S GAME.

(By "Hotspur.")

Once more S. A. Rumjahn, who has represented Hongkong in interport tennis, has won his way to the semi-final of the Open Singles Championship in the annual H.K.C.C. tournament. On the stand court yesterday, he defeated F. A. Redmond by 3 sets to 1 after a fairly hard game. The Redmond of yesterday was much better than that of a few days ago when he lost badly to Hattersley Smith in the Club Championship.

Although inclined to be less "wild" than previously, Redmond has lost a good deal of his speed but little of his driving power. He fires quickly and finds it difficult to venture up to the net in a five set singles game. There were some good cross-court driving duels yesterday with Rumjahn mostly scoring when playing to Redmond's backhand. In races between the sidelines, Redmond was often applauded for getting the better of his youthful opponent. Rumjahn's chops and his larger variety of strokes won him the match, and his placing was also slightly superior. Rumjahn was also erratic when trying to send over piledrivers. Both brought off some pretty smashes, volleys, half-volleys and overhead strokes. Neither resorted much to lobbing.

THE PLAY.

Rumjahn opened the service and lost but made it 1 game all. In the third game the Indian lad was love-10 but he won and then led by 4-1. The sixth game went to deuce when Redmond served a double and Rumjahn subsequently won the set 6-1.

It was in the second set that Redmond gave of his best. Rumjahn led 2-0, 2-1, 3-1, 3-2, 4-2, 4-3 and then the score became 4 all. After deuce being called twice and in the next game, three times, Redmond took both games to make the score 1 set all.

Redmond won the first game in the third set but Rumjahn annexed the next four and lost two in succession but was still leading by 4 games to 3. Rumjahn then made it 5-3 but Redmond took the next 5-4, play being very even, with long rallies at intervals. On his own service Rumjahn won the tenth game and led by 2 sets to 1.

Showing a pronounced drop in his play, Redmond did not win a game in the fourth and last set although two or three games went to deuce before Rumjahn won. Full scores in favour of the winner were 6-1, 4-6, 6-4, 6-0.

HONDA PLAYS TO-DAY.

Prior to the commencement of the match, it was announced that owing to a misunderstanding, the Honda (champion) v. Ng Sze-cheong fourth round open singles match would not be played. Those who had paid to see this match could have their money back and a few left.

Subsequently, arrangements were made for the match to be

played this afternoon at 4.30. Play on a Saturday is an innovation in the tournament, brought about by the delay due to the rain and next week's exhibition matches.

In the Club Championship, T. Monaghan is due to meet W. Hyde in the third round. It is hoped that this match will also be played this afternoon.

NEXT WEEK'S MATCHES.

For next week, the following matches have been fixed provisionally:—

Open Championship Singles (semi-final):—S. A. Rumjahn v. winner of Honda v. Ng Sze-cheong (to-day's match), on the stand court, or Monday at 4.30 p.m.

Club Championship (third round):—A. S. Hett v. S. E. Green.

On Tuesday when the exhibition matches are due to start, the following games are down to be played:—

Handicap Singles "B" (semi-final):—L. M. S. Lloyd (owe 3/6) v. G. de Man (scr.)

Handicap Doubles (semi-final):—W. B. Cornaby and N. L. H. Railton (scr.) v. A. S. and G. B. Hett (scr.)

LATER FIXTURES.

An advertisement, which was received too late yesterday to be explained, makes the following provisional fixtures, weather and ground permitting, all on the stand court:—

May 18 (Monday). Open Singles (fourth round):—Captain O'Callaghan v. S. E. Green.

May 20 (Wednesday). Open Singles (semi-final):—Winner of O'Callaghan v. Green to play H. D. Rumjahn.

May 21 (Thursday). Open Singles (final).—In this the survivors to date, will meet as follows:—

S. A. Rumjahn
T. Honda
Ng Sze-cheong
O'Callaghan
S. E. Green
H. D. Rumjahn

May 22 (Friday). presentation of prizes and Open Doubles (final):—Captain O'Callaghan and Dr. D. R. Gawler v. H. D. and S. A. Rumjahn.

OUTSTANDING MATCHES.

The table of outstanding fixtures on Friday morning, May 1, as posted up to date, now stands as follows:—

Open Singles.

The following matches remain to be played:—

7-4th round, T. Honda v. Ng Sze-cheong (to day).

8-4th round, Captain O'Callaghan v. S. E. Green (May 18)

10-semi-final, S. A. Rumjahn v. winner of No 7 (next Monday)

11-semi-final, winner of No. 8 v. H. D. Rumjahn (May 10)

12-final, winner of No. 10 v. winner of No. 11 (May 21).

Open Doubles.

The following match remains to be played:—

Final, Captain O'Callaghan and Dr. D. R. Gawler v. H. D. and S. A. Rumjahn (May 22).

Club Championship.

The following matches remain to be played:—

1-3rd round, T. Monaghan v. W. Hyde.

2-3rd round, A. S. Hett v. S. E. Green (Monday)

4-semi-final, W. B. Cornaby v. winner of No. 1.

5-semi-final, winner of No. 2 v. Major Hattersley Smith.

6-final, winner of No. 4 v. winner of No. 5.

Handicap Singles "A"

The following matches remain to be played:—

1-semi-final, Dr. D. J. Valentine (rec. 4/6) v. D. J. Allfree (rec. 2/6).

2-final, Major Hattersley Smith (owe 3/6) v. winner of No. 1.

Handicap Singles "B"

The following matches remain to be played:—

1-semi-final, L. M. S. Lloyd (owe 3/6) v. G. de Man (scr.) (next Tuesday).

2-semi-final, P. H. Bonnerman (scr.) v. C. W. E. Bishop (owe 1/6).

3-final, winner of No. 1 v. winner of No. 2.

Handicap Doubles.

The following matches remain to be played:—

2-semi-final, W. B. Cornaby and N. L. H. Railton (scr.) v. A. S. and G. B. Hett (scr.) (next Tuesday).

3-final, B. D. Evans and W. Hyde (owe 3/6) v. winner of No. 2.

Mixed Doubles Handicap.

Winners:—G. R. and Mrs. Sayer (owe 1/6).

Runners-up:—W. and Mrs. Ironside (rec. 4/6).

Readers who are interested in the tennis tournament are advised to keep the above table for reference.

ALL THE TALENT.

EXHIBITION TENNIS ON TUESDAY.

AMERICAN VISITORS.

As announced in our advertisement columns, arrangements have

been made for the Kinsey brothers and Snodgrass, the American lawn tennis champions who rank very high in the tennis world, and whose attainments have been briefly mentioned, to play against the best local talent on the H.K.F.C. stand court next week.

Booking opened yesterday morning when there was a distinct rush for seats, at Messrs. Moutrie's.

Play will be on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, commencing each day at 4.15 p.m., weather permitting, with the singles matches first (best of 3 sets) to be followed by the doubles matches (best of 5 sets).

The programme is as follows:—

Tuesday:—Singles, H. Snodgrass v. Ng Sze-kwong; Doubles, R. and H. Kinsey v. Captain O'Callaghan and R. E. Tottenham.

Wednesday:—Singles, H. Snodgrass v. T. Honda; Doubles, R. and H. Kinsey v. Ng Sze-kwong and Captain O'Callaghan.

Thursday:—Singles, H. Kinsey v. Captain O'Callaghan; Doubles, R. Kinsey and H. Snodgrass v. Ng Sze-kwong and R. E. Tottenham.

GARRISON TENNIS.

LEAGUE MATCHES FOR NEXT WEEK.

In the Garrison Tennis League, the following matches will be played next week, commencing each day at 4 p.m.:—

Monday.—Headquarters' Wing, East Surrey Regiment, v. "B" Company, East Surrey Regiment.

Tuesday.—R.A.O.C. v. "D" Company, East Surrey Regiment.

Wednesday.—R.A.M.C. v. Small Units.

Thursday.—R.A.S.C. v. "A" Company, East Surrey Regiment.

Friday.—R.E. "A" v. R.E. "B".

CARTRIDGE ACCEPTS.

CHANCES OF FIGHTING SHADDOCK.

C. P. O. Jim Cartledge, the Colony's lightweight champion and holder of the Boxing Association's belt, has accepted a challenge from A. B. Shaddock, of H. M. A. S. Brisbane, now with the China Squadron.

Shaddock has fought 38 bouts in Australia, losing one and is a young man of 23. His ship is now away from the Colony.

Cartledge suggests 15 rounds at the lightweight limit and that if the Brisbane returns too late for the Boxing Association's season, the V. R. C. stage the contest.

Villa in Manila.

At Wallace Field, Manila, Pancho Villa, the world-famed Filipino boxer, has beaten Clever Sencio on points.

POINTS FOR PUNCHES.

SURREY REGIMENTAL BOXING.

With "A" Company finishing up worthy winners, the boxing tournament of the East Surrey

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Regimental Boxing.

Regiment was brought to a close last night, the finals and semi-finals being decided before a good attendance at Murray Barracks. "A" Company win the challenge cup for the second year. Results follow:—

Flyweights:—Pte. Mabey, C., beat Pte. Quelch, A. on points.

Bantamweights:—Drummer Simpson, White Wing, beat Pte. Block, A. on points (Block was given half a point for being a game loser).

Pte. Grint, B, beat Pte. Woolcott, A. on points.

Final:—Simpson, W.W., knocked out Grint, B. in the first round.

Featherweights:—Pte. Cooper, A. beat Drummer Newman, W.W., at the end of the second round when Newman was injured in the eye and retired.

Drummer Bowles, W.W., beat Pte. Halcombe, C. on points. Final:—Bowles, W.W., beat Cooper, A. on points.

Lightweight:—Pte. Williamson, A., knocked out Pte. Simmonds, B. in the first round.

Corpl. Choules, D, beat Pte. Ditch, A. on points. Final:—Williamson, A. knocked out Choules, D. in the first round.

Welterweights:—Pte. Mann, A., walked-over from Sergt. Nolan, B. and boxed three rounds with Pte. Goodfield, B. Pte. Pooley, A. beat Pte. Grant, D. at the end of two rounds when the loser complained of a foul which was not sustained and gave up. Final:—Pooley, A. beat Mann, A. on points.

Middleweights:—Pte. Eaton, A. beat Pte. Shepherd, C. on points. Pte. Probits, A. beat Pte. England, D. on points.

Final:—Eaton, A. beat Probits, A. on points, the latter getting half a point for being a good loser.

Light-heavyweights:—Pte. Hepper, C. beat Pte. Roberts, A. on points.

Boys' Contest: In a four-round contest between Ramsey and Massey, both of the Diocesan Boys' School, the decision went to Ramsey after a sparkling bout.

The points gained by the respective companies were:—

A. Company 51½ Points.

B. Company 23½ "

White Wing 21 "

C. Company 19 "

D. Company 19 "

Lt.-Col. F. S. Montague Bates, commanding officer of the battalion, presented the prizes, congratulated the winners and thanked Lieut. P. H. Drake-Brockman and R. S. M. Maynard for organising the tournament.

SOLDIERS' SPORTS.

PUNJABI ATHLETIC MEETING.

On Friday, May 15, at the U.S.R.C. ground, Kowloon, the 5/2nd Punjabi Regiment will hold their annual athletic sports, starting at 2 p.m.

There is an open event (quarter mile) British, and another (half mile) Indian.

All ranks of the garrison are invited to attend.

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FIRST A SUCCESS.

GAP ROAD SCHOOL SPORTS.

The first annual athletic sports meeting of the Gap Road Government School took place yesterday at Causeway Bay under good weather conditions, but it was a trifle too hot for sports. The programme comprised some amusing and novel items such as a one-legged race, a creeping race, frog-leaping races, and a football race. The events were keenly contested, and the initial meeting was a success.

The prizes were distributed by Miss Dorothy Holyoak, who was the recipient of a beautiful bouquet.

Before the presentation, the Headmaster (Mr. Lo Yuk-lun) expressed his thanks to Miss Holyoak, the donors of prizes and the visitors, particularly Mrs. Holyoak and Mr. E. Ralphs.

The results of the principal events follow:—

High Jump (Senior): 1. Lu Hing-loi; 2. Leung Wing-chiu; 3. Chan Wing-ching. Height 4 ft. 5 in.

High Jump (Junior): 1. Fung Ying-shung; 2. Leung Po-sin; 3. Chan Fook-yuen. Height 3 ft.

Long Jump (Senior): 1. Leung Wing-chiu; 2. Lu Hing-loi; 3. Lo Pang-chuen. Distance 13 ft. 10 in.

Long Jump (Junior): 1. Kwok Fook-wah; 2. Fung Ying-shung; 3. Ho Shun-fan. Distance 13 ft.

Flat Race (400 yards): 1. Leung Wing-chiu; 2. Lu Hing-loi; 3. Young Cheong.

Masters' Race (100 yards): 1. Leung Yik-tong; 2. Lo Yuk-lun; 3. Leung Fung-lam.

Creeping Race (50 yards): 1. Ho Shun-fan; 2. Han Wing-kwan; 3. Li Ko.

Frog Leaping Race (Senior): 1. Ma Ying-sei; 2. Young Cheong; 3. Lo Ping-chuen. Time: 18 secs.

Frog Leaping Race (Junior): 1. Wong Yan-lan; 2. Kwok Fook-wah; 3. Kwok Ying-kit.

Single Legged Race (Open): 1. Lo Ping-chuen; 2. Wong Luk-ming; 3. Leung Wing-chiu.

Football Race (200 yards Open): 1. Fung Ying-shung; 2. Ho Shun-fan; 3. Ho Yuk-ning.

Past Pupils' Race (400 yards): 1. Lam Sing-chai; 2. Li Chor-ping; 3. Leung Kam-kong.

Team Race: Yumati Government School.

Team Race: Chung Ying School.

Team Race: Chung Ying School.

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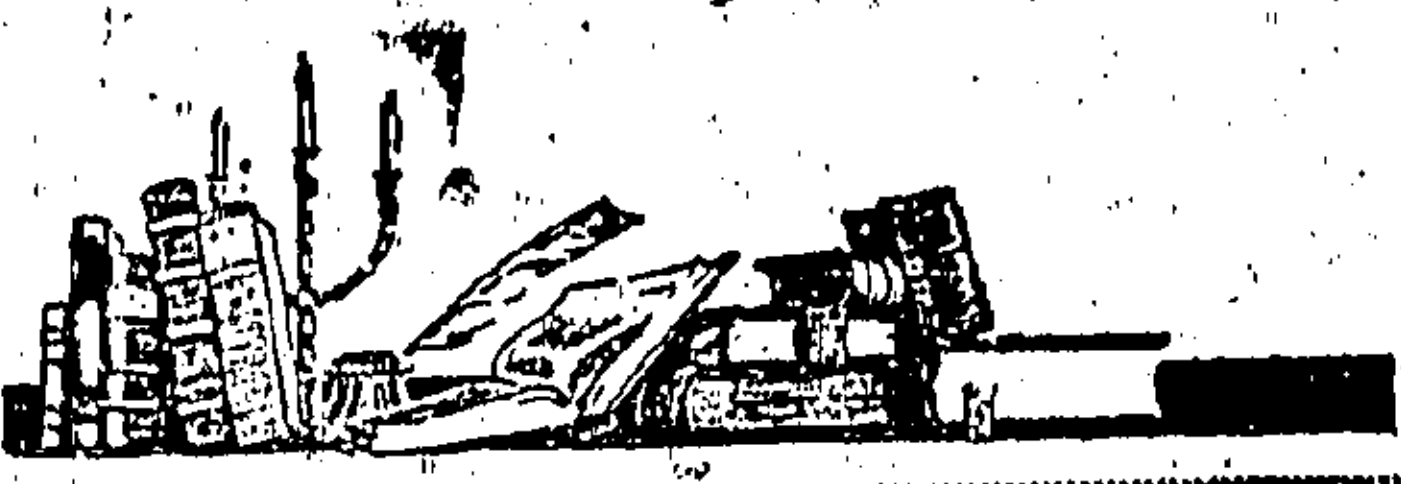
Team Race: Chung Ying School.

Team Race: Chung Ying School.

Team Race: Chung Ying School.

Team Race: Chung Ying School.

Team



BOOKS

JAMES STEPHENS.
A GREAT IRISH PROSE MASTER.

The Irish literary revival had given the world distinguished poets and dramatists, and that chapter in Anglo-Irish literature was almost closed, before two waters emerged who were to do for narrative prose what had already been done for poetry by W. B. Yeats and E. J. and in the theatre by J. M. Synge and Padraic Colum. These two writers were James Stephens and James Joyce, both born in 1882. As several ingenious admirers of James Joyce have evolved a theory that the author of "Ulysses" represents the literature of "Young Ireland," and that James Stephens belongs to the generation of Yeats, a few bibliographical facts may be usefully considered.

Although both authors are famous as prose writers, they began, not with fiction, but with poetry. Joyce's "Chamber Music" appeared in 1907, and "Lyonesse" in 1909. Stephens, in 1909, in 1912, came "The Charwoman's Daughter," known in America as "Marry, Mary," and in the same year a second volume of verse, "The Hill of Vision," and "The Crook of Gold." The book that established his name in 1914, "The Demi-Gods," triumphantly confirmed that success. Almost simultaneously appeared James Joyce's "Dubliners." From that point, the bibliographies of both writers coincide, and as Joyce and Stephens have written out of an identical Irish experience and Irish life, as all their formative years and formative influences were centered in the same Dublin, those who can see in perspective the literature of which each is an integral part will discover the notion so sedulously fostered, that James Stephens is a local Irish storyteller, whereas

James Joyce is a "European" phenomenon. They are the two indubitably original and great prose masters of their generation. In "Anglo-Irish literature," to couple their names is not to invite conflicting contrasts, or their works complementary in its exposition of Irish life and character. As the Irish College recently said, Stephens has brought into our literature the fundamental sanity of his race, the whimsical, humorous imagination, which is a different from the dreary humdrum usually called "Irish" humour. James Joyce, that element is almost completely lacking, so that while others have wasted much time in denouncing what they call the "obscurity" of "Ulysses," Irish criticism complains rather of the too deliberate suppression from that otherwise marvellous chronicle of Dublin of the laughter and joy of life. Perhaps only an Irish reader can ever know how meticulously, how magnificently, the mood and spirit of a city have been rendered by Joyce in "A Portrait of the Artist," and "Ulysses," and why, therefore, one may legitimately reproach the author, with having omitted just what makes his picture short of perfection.

Especially it must be insisted that, while James Stephens supplies the balance that is missing in Joyce, he is not by any means another "Hollywood" of Irish life. His poetry alone is sufficient to show how richly and characteristically he is endowed with that streak of harsh disillusionment which is deep in the Irish temperament. If he is not actually, as he shows, nevertheless, that incapacity for self-deception which often prompts a writer to brutal statement. But essentially his genius is poetic and fantastic; he does not attempt to express himself as a realist, and

EPITAPH.

ON A WRITER OF PLAYS.

(Which may be found somewhere in England about A.D. 2125.)

Stop, passer-by, and read the epitaph.

Of one who caused his fellowmen to laugh.

That he resembled Shakespeare he would boast.

Of all his jokes this made us laugh the most.

England, detested for his home he chose.

That he might write in hateful English prose.

He sneered at English folk, and mocked their ways.

Yet took the cash they paid to see his plays.

But when at last he bowed to Nature's law,

No man was found to take the place of Shaw.

—C.H. IN THE "OUTLOOK."

THE LITERARY UNDERTAKER.

ATTENDS THE CONRAD SALE AS AN ADMIRER.

One of the most interesting personalities at the sale of manuscripts and books from the library of Joseph Conrad, held at Chancery-lane by Messrs. Hodgson and Co., was an old bearded man in a bowler hat green with age.

He is a literary enthusiast as well as an undertaker and upholsterer, and often drops into auction rooms with a hammer in his hand and a carpet bag under his arm to see what he can pick up. He did not bid; he told a newspaper representative that he attended as an admirer of Conrad and his works, and curious as to the result of the auction.

He was to the fore all the time, as a yawning boy strolled between the dealers and banded round, the much-corrected MSS. for view, while the auctioneer coaxed forth the bids. The sale, conducted by the orders of Mrs. Conrad, was a very good one, the sum of £1,801 being realised.

£150 for "THE TALE." The particular prize was the original holograph MS. of "The Tale," on 18 folio sheets, mostly in typescript, but heavily corrected in Mr. Conrad's writing. This was knocked down to Messrs. Galloway and Porter, the Cambridge book-sellers, for £150.

American is to have the typescript of an unpublished article, "The Unhatched Coast," in which Conrad describes his North Sea trip in 1917 on a mystery ship, including a vivid account of a "strife" between a Zeppelin and a drifter. This was snapped up by Messrs. Spurr and Swift, the American literary agents, for £85.

A feature of the manuscript was, in the words of the catalogue, the "numerous alterations" in the hand of the author.

In "The Two Witches," a "Finn" there were "alterations and corrections on every page, but more profuse in the latter half of the story."

It was a dealer's sale, and the wink of an eye, the flick of a catalogue, and the casual nod saw the shillings mount into pounds in seconds. There were good steady prices for a wide range of presentation books signed by the authors in tribute to Conrad, but the purchasers were the quiet men who handle books commercially, and not the devoted admirers of the man, such as the literary undertaker.

ROBEYISMS FOR THE FIRESIDE.

A PRINCE OF STAGE MIRTH.

Mr. George Robey continues to add to the gaiety of the nation, not only as a comedian of unique humour, but also as a writer whose pen trips wholesome fun and amusement.

You may open his latest volume, "Mental Fireworks" (John Long, 2s. 6d.) at any page with the certainty of finding a deliciously funny story. Judged by the standard of the strictest veracity there are occasional lapses, and the autobiography—if it is autobiography—is perhaps not the kind which would go down with a judge in a court of law. Mr. Robey tells all the stories in the first person singular, and if everything he has set down happens to him in private life, he must have a very variegated and exciting existence.

But though there is a laugh in every page there is also some very sound philosophy sandwiched between the jokes.

BY AND COMMON SENSE.

In one of these delightful flights of fancy, "Is Life Worth Living?" he puts before his assembled household the blessings of insurance.

"It is my duty to remind you that kitchen boilers have been known to explode, step-ladders to collapse, window-sashes, to break in short, countless dangers lurk around us at every turn."

Cook, Perkins, and Twenny breathed deeply. "It would be hard to say," I continued, "whether life within doors or life without presents greater perils. Come into the streets with me and let us see what awaits you there. I am speaking figuratively," I added hurriedly, observing that Cook and Twenny had risen. "Should we venture to take a tram, this man may collide with another or run off the rails. Should we select the motor-bus again, who shall say that it will not crash against other vehicles, or lose a wheel, or skid and overturn? On the other hand, we may prefer to go on foot. Even so, death lies in wait for us at every step."

Excellent fooling and yet sound common sense. With a little imagination one may hear Mr. Robey saying these things in his famous staccato manner, with raised eyebrows. It is humour broadcast in the most agreeable manner—the rank Robey of the footlights for the fireside or the railway journey.

BOOK EXTRACTS.

FROM "THE BOOBY PRIZE."

"Orie told me that he worked in his father's glove factory. 'Poor old dad,' he said in his school-English, 'he loves that factory. It is the apple of his eye. Last year he gave the workers an archery outfit, and they've been very decent about it. Every now and then they twang the bow a little and the old gentleman's terribly pleased.'—The Booby Prize, by H. W. Westbrook. (Simpkin), 5s.

NIGHT-CLUB LIFE.

"Nothing in this modern life of ours," said Mr. Hammond, "is more significant than the attitude of the good and respectable towards Sunday evening. Places like this night club are the signs of the change that has taken place in the life of the English family. Twenty years ago a man of my decent stodginess and unblemished reputation would never have dreamed of moving out of his home on Sunday night."

"Twenty years ago I would have spent the concluding hours of the Sabbath surrounded by my loved ones beneath my own roof-tree. There would have been supper, consisting of rather red cold beef, rather wet salad, cold chicken, apple-pie, blanchmange, and a very big, very yellow cheese. This would have been followed by hymns in the drawing-room—or possibly, if our views were a little lax, by some round-game played with pencils and pieces of paper. The fact that I am here, and strongly tempted to drop a sardine on the head of that bald-gentleman down below, is due to what they call the March of Progress."

—Bill the Conqueror, by P. G. Wodehouse. (Methuen), 7s. 6d.

A WONDER.

"Arnold Bennett is Wonder in a billy-cock. Romance with an excursion ticket to London. In novel after novel, it is this Mr. Bennett, with his humour and high spirits, who carries off the situation; he has only to take us into a big hotel or restaurant or the Turkish Baths, and the trick is done and we are all excited, interested or amused again, all stepping out of King's Cross or St. Pancras still grasping the return half of our tickets, trying to look like persons who knew what is what and are not to be trifled with, great city or no great city."—Figures in Modern Literature, by J. B. Priestley. (John Lane), 7s. 6d.

KING EDWARD.

"In the Prince's social milieu there prevailed the breeding principle of 'non unde es, sed qui sis'—'a man's individuality counts for more than his origin.' High birth, while it was amply represented, gave in itself no title to admission. Its representatives were judged by the standards which were applicable to persons of humbler lineage. The Prince loved 'good company.' He valued in his companions the easy wit and gaiety of which he himself had no lack. His ears were never closed to a good story. He enjoyed on occasion chaff and levity. With asceticism or prudery he was out of sympathy. Prigishness or snobbish vanity was intolerable to him. Easy of access, he did not stand obtrusively on his dignity. Yet he expected from his associates a certain deference. He set store by good taste in dress, while his insistence on all the regulations of official costume was a conspicuous foible. Unlike familiarity or neglect of sartorial convention, he could rebuke with a freezing intonation or a biting scorn. Those who could justly reckon themselves his friends, well knew how to combine something of his own frank cordiality with a becoming respect for his rank and idiosyncrasies."—[The Life of King Edward VII., by Sir Sidney Lee.]

ESSAYS AND ARTICLES.

Mr. G. K. Chesterton at the Lamb's Century dinner said he was not an essayist. "I write articles," he continued, "and a profound scheme of hatred divides those who write essays from those who write articles. The essayist inhabits eternity, but the writer of articles is very emphatically under the government of time. Anyone who reads the English essays would find in them material for hundreds of speculative philosophic notions, said Mr. Chesterton. The art of founding new movements consisted in taking a paragraph from Lamb, Hazlitt, or De Quincey, separating it from its context, dividing it into common sense, and changing it into a mania. If one liked, one might make such things into a fad, and found an American church, but if one was wise one would read the 'The Life of King Edward VII., by Sir Sidney Lee.'"

TO-DAY TILL WEDNESDAY
at 5.15 and 9.15 p.m.

A COLOSSAL PICTURIZATION OF THE MOST FAMOUS
NOVEL IN ENGLISH LITERATURE

"VANITY FAIR"

MABEL BALLIN, HOBART BOSWORTH, and A
BRILLIANT CAST

TAKE A LESSON FROM THIS LADY.

SHE NEVER LET HER RIGHT HAND KNOW THAT SOME-ONE ELSE WAS HOLDING THE LEFT. SHE ONLY TOLD A LIE WHEN IT WAS ABSOLUTELY NECESSARY. SHE FIGURED THAT A DOUBTFUL REPUTATION WAS BETTER THAN NO REPUTATION AT ALL. WHEN THE NEIGHBOUR RAN OUT OF GOSSIP SHE ALWAYS FURNISHED MORE.

THAT'S WHAT MAKES BECKY SHARP ONE OF THE MOST FASCINATING FIGURES OF BEAUTY AND MYSTERY THAT EVER STEPPED OUT OF THE PAGES OF ROMANCE. THAT'S WHAT MAKES THACKERAY'S FAMOUS NOVEL A THRILLING, HUMAN, LOVABLE STORY OF REAL PEOPLE THAT HAS ENTERTAINED MILLIONS OF READERS.

NOW YOU CAN SEE THIS ABSORBING STORY ON THE SCREEN IN A "GORGEOUS, DARING, BEAUTIFUL" PHOTOPLAY PRODUCTION.

WE CAN ONLY SAY THAT TO MISS IT IS TO
MISS A REAL TREAT.

WORLD THEATRE

SCREENLAND

"VANITY FAIR."

The new screen version of "Vanity Fair," produced by Hugo Ballin for Goldwyn release, with Mabel Ballin starred in the rôle of Becky Sharp, marks a milestone in the faithful translation to the screen of a great novelist's story. Mr. Ballin made the screen script himself and at all times kept close to the original story. He felt that as "Vanity Fair" is one of the glories not alone of English, but of world literature, it should be told on the screen as nearly as possible like the story narrated in the novel. So that when "Vanity Fair" is shown at the World Theatre to-day for a 5-day showing, the public may rest satisfied that it is going to see Thackeray's masterpiece as he told it and not a garbled version with stunts and spectacles which it never occurred to the author to interpolate.

This does not mean that Mr. Ballin's production of "Vanity Fair" is not a big production; for it has physical bigness as well as artistic greatness. The big ball scene in Brussels on the eve of the battle of Waterloo is one of the finest scenes of its kind ever translated to the screen. And the Waterloo battle episodes are of a spectacular nature. The producer has striven clear through the photoplay, however, the human side of the story and the various characters involved.

Becky Sharp, the scheming little minx who flatters men and lies and cheats, dominates the film version as she did the novel. Mabel Ballin, charming screen star who has risen rapidly to a dominating position in the film world, plays the rôle of Becky. In nothing that she has ever done in pictures has she been so completely mistress of the art of acting.

Her Becky Sharp lives might have stepped out of the pages of the book, as the phrase is. She gives a brilliant performance which will give her new rank in her profession. Goldwyn put all of its studio and technical resources at the command of Mr. Ballin so that his "Vanity Fair" is in every respect

a fine and worthy production, which ranks right along with the other big productions made by Goldwyn—"The Christian," "The Strangers' Banquet" and "Tess of the D'Urbervilles." The costumes are historically correct and are a most attractive feature of the pictorial ensemble. Several magnificent sets were built under the direction of Cedric Gibbons, Goldwyn's art director. The photoplay has a distinctive pictorial effect due to the composition and lighting arrangements. Mr. Ballin was a painter of prominence before becoming a film director and he brings to his new calling all the training and experience of his painting days—a distinct advantage for the films share some of the attributes of the painter's art.

Goldwyn aided Mr. Ballin in obtaining the services of many of the best known screen actors of the day for his picturization of "Vanity Fair." Hobart Bosworth, now under contract to Goldwyn and who had just appeared in the Marshal Neilan film version of "The Strangers' Banquet," is cast for the rôle of the Marquis of Steyne, a part which he has played on the speaking stage with great success. His characterization of the rôle in this photoplay is of unusual brilliance.

There are many other important players in the cast: George Walsh as Rawdon Crawley, Earle Foxe as Capt. William Dobbin, Harrison Ford as George Osborne, Wilard Louis as Joseph Sedley, William Humphreys as Mr. Sedley, Robert Mack as Sir Pitt Crawley, James Marcus as Old Osborne, Eleanor Boardman as Amelia Sedley, Laura La Plante as Miss Sedley, Otto Lederer, Frank Hayes and a score of others.

This new screen version of "Vanity Fair," taking it by and large, is one of the film events of the year. This story has not been put upon the screen for more than ten years in which time there has been a great improvement in the mechanical processes by which pictures are made, in the motion picture camera and in projection machinery. It is a great story magnificently translated to the screen.

"THE ELEVENTH HOUR."

During the making of "The Eleventh Hour," the William Fox screen production adapted from Lincoln J. Carter's melodrama, soon to be played at the World Theatre, the element of danger was one of the most perplexing with which the producers had to deal. How to reduce this to a minimum was a problem constantly facing Director Durning and the co-stars, Charles Jones and Shirley Mason. One instance of the thoroughness of preparation preceded the shooting of Jones and Miss Mason through the torpedo tubes of a disabled submarine. They passed an entire week studying the mechanism of this death dealing device of the under-water craft.

The air pressure gauges had to be properly watched so that their bodies would be completely discharged into the water and not caught in the tubes; the elevation of the prow of the boat had to be adjusted exactly; all the manifold wheels, handles and levers had to be in perfect condition.

In such a stunt there could be no rehearsals. The first attempt had to be successful. Due to the terrific concussion the two stars came to the surface of the water so dazed that had it not been for the nearness of one or two expert swimmers, "The Eleventh Hour" would have been their last picture.

Before they were shot through the tubes heavy padding was placed against the soles of their feet to "take up" some of the tremendous concussion that was necessary to force them through the greased tubes. However, before the two stars rose to the surface of the water they were preceded by a volume of oil forced out by their bodies.

The first to come to the surface was the slim little Miss Mason, bedraggled, pale and exhausted. In another moment came the curly-haired head of Charles Jones, enveloped in oil bubbles; but who immediately struck out for the girl whose strength was fast ebbing. Of course he rescued her.

COMING! COMING!
THE GREATEST MELODRAMA EVER SEEN
MYSTERY! INTRIGUE! ROMANCE!
IT HAS THEM ALL AND THE THRILLS OF A THOUSAND
PICTURES PACKED INTO ONE!
WILLIAM FOX presents
"THE ELEVENTH HOUR"
With Charles Jones, Shirley Mason, June Elvidge,
Alan Hale and a Great Cast.



Each
Speeding
Moment
Packed with
Suspense

The ELEVENTH HOUR

An up-to-the minute melodrama
by LINCOLN J. CARTER
CHARLES JONES ~ SHIRLEY MASON
A BERNARD J. DURNING production ~ Screenplay by LOUIS SEDGWICK

ELEVEN REASONS WHY THE PUBLIC WILL BE SWIFT OFF ITS FEET BY "THE ELEVENTH HOUR": Because—
1. The "Eleventh Hour" has the shock of thunder—the speed of lightning—the mystery of nature.
2. It will stand out from the background of ordinary films!
3. Its suspense will enliven the senses—quickens the pulse!
4. Its adventure will captivate the old and the young alike!
5. Its mystery will inflame the imagination—charming it!
6. Its intrigue will astound anybody!
7. Its conspiracy will alarm everybody!
8. The public is beginning to be thrilled!
9. Charles Jones and Shirley Mason are magnificent in it!
10. Bernard J. Durning directed it better than any of its predecessors!
11. Lincoln J. Carter gave it the best most successful he ever wrote!

Watch For Its Opening Date!
WORLD THEATRE.

LAMBERT S.

AUCTIONEER, APPRAISER
AND SURVEYOR

Public Auctions

The undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on

THURSDAY, 14th May, 1925,
commencing at 2.15 p.m.
at No. 8 Observatory Villa, Kowloon.A Quantity of
Valuable Household Furniture,
Comprising—Teak Dining Table, Chiffonier, Couch
and Chair, Book Case, Brass Fender,
Brass Urn, Large Clock, Ring,
Cup, etc., etc.Teak Extension Dining Table,
Chair, Table, Bedstead, Dining
Wagon, Dining Sofa, Glass Ware,
Cooking Stove, Cooking Utensils, etc.,
etc.Teak Single and Double Bedsteads,
Teak Double and Single Wardrobes
with Glass Doors, Dressing Table
with Revolving Mirror, Marble Top
Washstand, Chest of Drawers, Tables,
Chairs, Screens, Embroidery Screens,
Electric Table Lamp, Curtains.

Also

A Selection of Blackwood
Furniture
andOne White Frost Ice Chest,
One (fr. ad) Father Clock,
Plants in Pots.Catalogues will be issued.
On View from Wednesday, the 13th
May, 1925.

Terms:—Cash on delivery.

LAMBERT BROS.,
Auctioneers.

UNCLAIMED TELEGRAMS

THE GREAT NORTHERN TELE-
GRAPH COMPANY, LTD.The following unclaimed telegrams
are lying at the office of The
Great Northern Telegraph Company
Limited:—Todd Pulkley, American Consul, from
New York.Chisholm, American Consul, from
Cleveland Ohio.Hinton, American Consul, from
San Francisco.Hishijiro Nakamoto, c/o Hospital,
Mashima Wanchai, from Kobe.

Petermann, from Kobe.

David Wertheimer, from Shanghai.

Lai I Shie, c/o Bakok Kyoten from
Tokio.Li Wai Yung, 30 Robinson Road,
from Shanghai.Li Tse-kew, 160 Hollywood Road, 2nd
Fl. from Tientsin.

Kwong Taklung, from Kobe.

Wong Jak Yan c/o Choy Tung Hing,
27 Cannought Road, General, from
Shanghai.

1313, from Yokohama.

Tobong, from Shanghai.

Uchura, from Kobe.

E. V. JESSEN,
Superintendent.

Hongkong Station, 7th May, 1925.

E. STERN EXTENSION AUSTRAL
AS A CHINA TELEGRAPH CO.List of unclaimed telegrams lying at
P. E. Telegraph Office, Hongkong:

Mrs. Cameron, from Honolulu.

Patrick, Steamer Westland, from
Kobe.

Plant, care of Victoria, from Shanghai.

Skellon, from Baguio.

E. A. LEGGATT,
Superintendent.

Hongkong, 7th May, 1925.

Miss NAKAMURA
MASSAGE1st Floor
No. 37, Queen's Road Central,
HONGKONG

PLUMBING

We have large stocks of
PLUMBING FIXTURESand shall be pleased to submit
Estimates and specifications
for complete

SANTARY INSTALLATIONS.

Let us quote you for your
Installation.All orders and enquiries
receive prompt attention.

C. E. WARREN & CO., LTD.

CHINA BUILDING

(Facing Queen's Building)

Tel. C. 269.

POSTAGE STAMP
CATALOGUESfor
1925

Stanley Gibbons—

1st Part, British Empire, \$3.25

2nd Part, Foreign Countries, \$5.00

Scott Stamp & Coin Co. \$4.00

Yvert et Tellier \$4.00

GRAZIA & CO.,

Dealers in Postage Stamps,
Religious Goods, Post Cards,
Toys &c., &c.No. 10, Wyndham Street,
P.O. Box 620, Hongkong

SHOEMAKERS

(Japanese Hand Made)

Every Kind of Footwear

MADE TO ORDER.

CHERRY & CO.,

6, D'AGUIAR STREET,

Opposite Karamally & Co.

Telephone Central No. 491.

Hongkong, March 20, 1914.

TUNG SANG

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華利街德豐號A

EXPERT FITTERS

HIGH CLASS TAILORING

SERVICE

MRS. MOTONO.

ELECTRIC MASSAGE

31B, Wyndham St., 2nd Floor.

WORLD OF SPORT.

AMAZING GOLF.

ABE MITCHELL DOES 36
HOLES IN 134.Though Abe Mitchell played
golf continuously for three
months during his American tour,
he has returned in his finest form,
without any suggestion of
staleness.When the competitive seasons
opened with the Roehampton
tournament, he gave a superb dis-
play, twice equalling his record of
67 for the course. With an
aggregate of 134 he led the field
in the qualifying test by four
strokes, Arthur Havers, who did
a round of 66 in the morning,
being second.Hitting the ball down the
middle and a tremendous dis-
tance, Mitchell made the "course
look very easy. In the afternoon
his golf was amazing. He reached
the turn in 34, and then did four
holes in 3, 3, 2, 3! At the thir-
teenth he might well have had
another 2, for the ball rolled
gently up to the hole, and if the
pin had been out it would
certainly have dropped.But Mitchell did not keep this
flash of brilliance. At the 14th
he was bunkered and, after a
glorious drive at the 18th, he sent
the ball over the road at the back
of the green and out of bounds.
It was an astonishing mistake,
which Mitchell explained by say-
ing that his caddy had given
him the wrong club and he had
not noticed it.TWO RECORDS.
In spite of these lapses,
Mitchell's aggregate of 134 is a
record for a first-class competi-
tion over 36 holes.Havers and Ogden also
played brilliantly, and in the
morning the latter came home in
30 strokes—the best nine holes of
the day, and the best, I imagine,
ever done in a big tournament.Only the men who did excep-
tional things were able to qualify,
those who failed including E. R.
Whitcombe (147), Sandy Herd
(149), J. H. Taylor (147), George
Gadd (146), C. A. Whitcombe
(150), Ted Ray (146) and Harry
Vardon (157).

BIG SALARIES.

IT PAYS TO GOLF.

H. Diegel and Eugene Sarazen,
the latter United States open golf
champion in 1922, have been sign-
ed by the Golf Park Country Club
of Miami, Fla., to represent the
club beginning December 1 next
at annual salaries of \$5,000 each.
said to be the largest ever paid
professional golfers for a similar
length of duty. Their season at
Miami will run from December 1
to April 1, and the contract runs
for two years.Announcement of the engage-
ment was made in Washington by
Diegel before he left for New
York to take up his duties at the
Glen Oak Club, Great Neck, L. I.,
where he will be through the
summer.In addition to the salary
named, either Diegel or Sarazen
will get \$1,000 additional if he
wins the United States or British
open championship. "A house is
under construction for the two
professionals at the club in
Florida.

BOXING CHAMPIONS.

THE HEAVY-WEIGHT
TITLE.Close contests, in which there
was a great deal of excellent box-
ing, marked the Amateur Boxing
Championships at Holland Park
Hall, when the titles at the vari-
ous weights were won as
follows:—

Fly—E. Warwick, Columbia.

Bantam—A. Goom, Rugby.

Feather—A. H. Beavis, Poly.

Light—Sign. Viney, I.S.B.A.

Welter—P. O'Hanrahan, Poly.

Middle—J. Elliot, Poly.

Light-heavy—H. J. Mitchell,
Poly.Heavy—Lieut. Lister, Buffs
and Belsize.

Previous holder.

To the smaller men must be
given the credit of showing the
better boxing, E. Warwick retain-
ing the fly-weight honours against
W. James, Garrison, B.C. (Bir-
mingham), in a contest which
was full of excellent boxing; and
Goom's left hand, when defeating
Johnson in the final of the ban-
tams, was quite a classic.One of the surprises was when
Lieut. Lister boxed his way
through the semi-final of the
heavies at the expense of the
holder, A. J. Clifton. The latter
did not appear to possess an idea
as to how he should get clear of
Lister's left hand.Lister was the real general, for
he used his safe left just so often
as to make it easy for a right
upper-cut that was painful to
Clifton.In the final Lister continued his
excellent work, and Huls was no
more able to avoid that eternal
left hand than Clifton had been
before. Thus we discovered two
new champions—Lister and
Signalman Viney, who defeated
Gogay, the Bermudez light-
weight so successful in America
recently.O'Hanrahan did not have much
difficulty in keeping the welter
title, and his final with a fellow-
clubman, Marlow, was quite a
tame affair.Elliot impressed me as being
rather stale when he met Howells,
from the Routh B.C., Cardiff; but
there was no doubt about his vic-
tory, for he was too quick with
his left hand for the Welshman,
and could also make time in
which to cross with the right.Jackson made an excellent show
against H. J. Mitchell in the
light-heavy final, and was loud-
ly cheered at the conclusion of a
bout which was won clearly, but
by no means easily.BEAUTY IS MORE THAN
SKIN DEEP.It's well-known in the regular working
of the body's functions. To every man
and woman who values good looks—the
clear skin, bright eye and brown
spots of health—Pinkettes are of the
utmost value because, used when
necessary, they keep the functions
regular, dispel constipation, "tick head-
aches," liver troubles and various ailments,
assist digestion, if sluggish, or not
at all, 60 cents the box, from Dr. Williams'
Medicine Co., 60 Kansas Road, Shanghai.

DOGS.

MANY WOMEN SEND
EXHIBITS.Eight thousand dogs, from
comical little pups weighing but a
few ounces to massive, moping St.
Bernards, were entered in April
in Cruft's Show, the greatest
crowd of canines ever exhibited in
England. Almost one-tenth of
the entries were Alsatians. The
interest in them beginning after
the war, has increased with un-
exampled rapidity until the
Alsatian has become the most
popular of all show dogs in Great
Britain.Each year the proportion of
women exhibitors increases. Most
of the kennels scattered over the
country are nowadays in feminine
care.The men, however, still are in
the majority among the owners of
sporting dogs. This year, with
King George among the exhibi-
tors, the Labrador seems the most
popular of all retrievers. Their
smooth coats far outnumber the
wavy-haired type of hunting dog.
Sportsmen regard them highly,
not only because of their surpass-
ing hunting qualities, but with
due regard for their good
looks, docile disposition, intel-
ligence and affectionate ways.
They are both faithful com-
panions and trustworthy guards.

THREE EVILS.

FOOTBALL IN AMERICA.

Physical instructors must take
it upon themselves to remove the
evils of intercollegiate football or
college presidents will some day
abolish it, Prof. C. W. Savage,
head of the department of phys-
ical education at Oberlin College,
told the Middle West Society of
Physical Education at its conven-
tion in Chicago."I have been pictured as a
Bolshevik because my position
has been misconstrued," said
Professor Savage. "Don't get
me as wanting to abolish inter-
collegiate football—I want to save
it. If we do not correct it, its re-
form will be undertaken by per-
sons less sympathetic with it, who
will probably do away with it
altogether."There are three evils. One is
the emphasis on victory which
dismisses a coach if his team
loses a few games. It was a fine
act of the trustee of the Univer-
sity of Minnesota to investigate
the complaints of the M. Club
against William Spaulding before
permitting him to be dropped.
They found that there was noth-
ing to it except that some of the
alumni were too greedy for vic-
tories, and they told them so.The second evil is commercial-
ism, and the excessive sums spent
on intercollegiate football. I
understand Ohio State spent the
most of last year on intra-mural
football, \$13,000. For all their
students on the varsity teams I
will venture they spent as much
as \$250,000.The third evil is that too few
students benefit from inter-
collegiate football despite the dis-
proportionate amount invested in
it.THE
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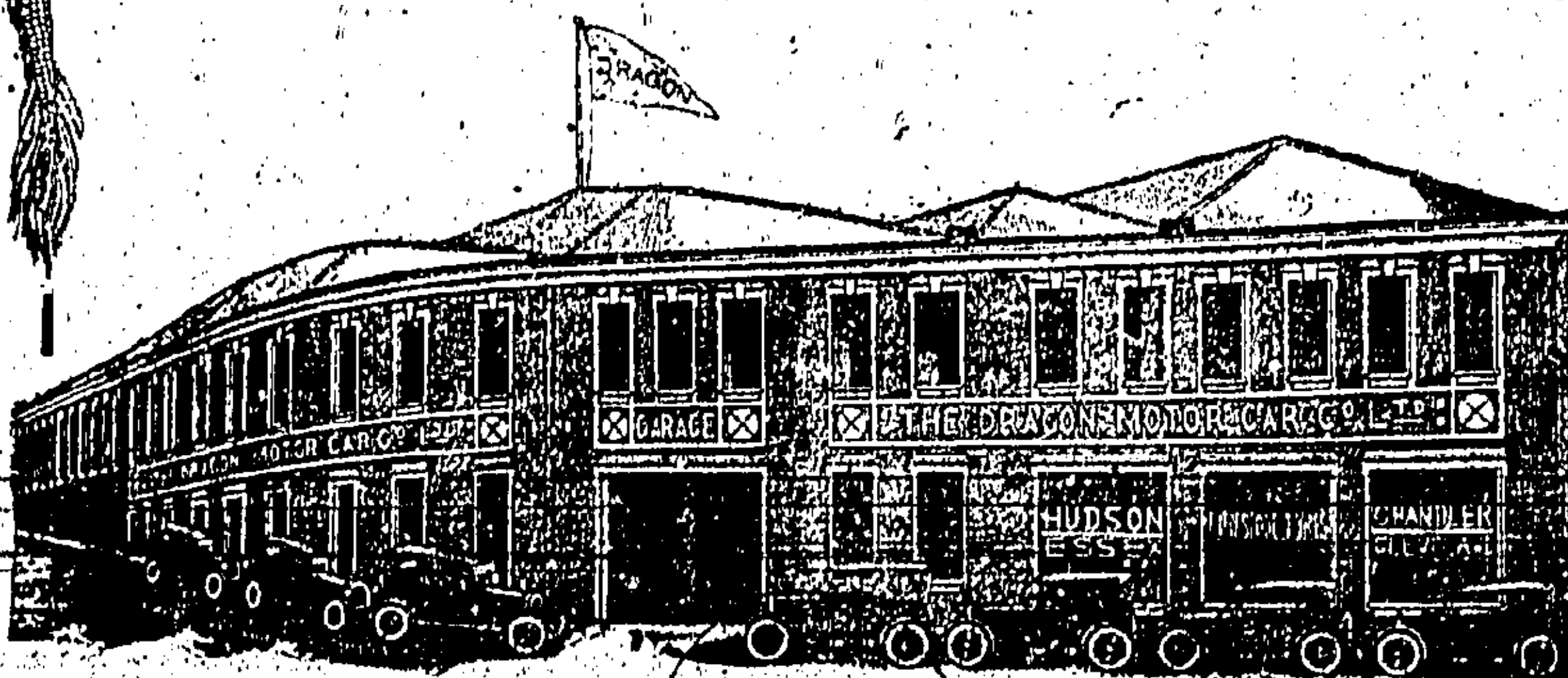
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號九月五年五十二百九千一英

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WAIFS AND STRAYS. PROPOSED STANLEY INSTITUTION. TRADES FOR BOYS.

Turning Youthful Pests Into Good Citizens.

Acting on the old adage that "prevention is better than cure," the Government is lending a sympathetic ear to the proposals of interested gentlemen for the establishing on Stanley Peninsula of a waifs and strays training institution.

The beggar problem and the measures adopted by the police for its solution have been the subject of considerable comment of late. It would appear that the aspect involving potential cargo pilferers, bag-snatchers, etc., which has also been more pronounced of late, has not been overlooked.

For some time interested Chinese and others have been working with a view to founding a home in which such boys from the age of 10 may be taught proficiency in handicraft which will enable them to become useful members of a society to which they are at present nothing but a pest.

A "China Mail" representative who made enquiries was informed by the Assistant Colonial Secretary, the Hon. Mr. A. G. M. Fletcher, C.M.G., C.B.E., that the Government was not sponsoring the scheme, neither was the institution to be regarded as a reformatory or Borstal Institute. No crime would have to be committed for admittance to be gained and the object was purely preventative. The matter had not proceeded far enough for any announcement to be made regarding plans, staffing, etc.

From another source it is gathered that the matter which is engaging the attention of the directors is the advisability of securing a Sicilian Father as Director. One of the Sicilian priests has actually been approached and has expressed willingness to accept the appointment. The Rev. gentleman is also furnished the promoters. It is stated, with a rough estimate of the number of instructors required and their salaries.

It is the intention of the promoters to raise a sum of \$500,000 for the project. The construction of the home will absorb about \$200,000, but it is stated that the Government will be asked to contribute half that amount so that the balance of the money can be used as an Endowment Fund, also that it is proposed to ask the Government to bear half of the annual expenses of upkeep.

150 children who are to be admitted at any rate to begin with on a residential qualification (parents to have resided here for a number of years) are being prepared for at the commencement. After they have been sufficiently trained to work they will be found occupation and if they earn more than enough to keep themselves they will be expected to contribute to the Endowment Fund.

The inauguration of this scheme serves as a reminder of the development which is to take place at this particular part of the island along with other developments on the south side already noted. As regards Stanley village, progress has been so considerable as to justify the extension of the Aberdeen bus service to the peninsula which is already well served by a regular launch service.

Then there is the Government's promise of land to St. Stephen's College, who, if they raise the necessary money in the specified time, intend using in part the foundations of the old Garrison building in connection with their scheme for the foundation there of a fine school with extensive playing fields.

The remains of the Garrison walls and the now carefully tended

cemetery with tombstones bear record to the grim toll taken in the early days, and there are many stories current as to the struggles in these dark times against disease for the coping of which the men were so ill-equipped. One instance of the ignorance prevailing even among so-called medical men is vouched for in the official records, which bear the written recipe of one of the medical officers for combating the disease which was so sadly depleting the ranks—this was to the effect that all doors and windows should be closed in summer and fires kept continually burning!

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BIT A' GIRL?

Coolie's Rough Behaviour.

SAID IT WAS FUN.

REV. MR. LINDSAY'S DAUGHTER
FRIGHTENED.

Reports current as to the biting of a European child by a coolie in Kowloon would appear to be considerably exaggerated, although there is a certain amount of truth in them.

A coolie who delivered goods to the Rev. and Mrs. G. R. Lindsay at St. Andrew's Rectory would appear to have been fond of their little daughter, of four years of age and to have been in the habit of playing with her when he called.

Yesterday morning the coolie became suddenly rough and the little girl ran to her mother with marks on her arm which she said were caused by a bite.

The coolie's attitude was that it was merely a playful pinch.

The little girl was considerably

JUST LIKE HOME. SIR HARRY LAUDER AND HONGKONG. A LETTER IN THE DORIC.

"One of the Most Beautiful Places In The World."

Sir Harry Lauder, the famous comedian, writing home from Hongkong, praised the Colony in the highest terms, saying it was just like home.

Sir Harry Lauder, who arrived in Hongkong on February 11 and left a fortnight later, motored round the island, also to Fanling where he played golf, and he seems to have been very favourably impressed with the scenery, comparing it to Argyll's mountains, glens and bays.

In spite of the doubts he expressed to a "China Mail" representative shortly after he arrived here as to whether after all he was going to find many Scotsmen in the Colony for "if so they must cover up their kilts weel for never a one huv' I set eyes on," he seemed afterwards to have fallen in with many kindred Scots with whom he toured the Colony. At

the special dinner given in his honour by Forfarshire men Sir Harry said that during his stay here he had felt "in the bosom of friends." His visit had afforded him a wealth of pleasure and he would take away a great memory of Hongkong.

These were no idle words for the "China Mail" is able to publish a letter he wrote to a friend during his stay in Hongkong.

The letter was to Mr. Charles Young, chemist, Dundee, an intimate friend of the great comedian, in the Doric. It was written at Hongkong on February 15, and was as follows:—
Friend Charlie,—

Man, I'm haein' a fine time here in Hongkong. Have met a few Scots frae Dundee, Kirrie, Brechin, and the auld toon, Arbroath.
It is fine to meet sae far awa' frae hame roon' a cup o' kindness—tea—for auld langsyne. We hae cracked about oor half-time days at Gordon's, when we plunked the schule and got oor lickers frae "Stumpy" Bell, and a' the auld daff days about the cliffs and the Common.
I'll be in Shanghai next, and I am sure to come across another lot frae the auld land. It is wonderful, hoo many brither Scots are awa' frae hame. They surely make up a great part of the backbone of our Empire. They just canna help being a success. The grit there, and the fame o' auld Scotland, is aye nailed to the top o' the mast.

This Hongkong is one of the most beautiful places in the world. The mountains tower high up into the mist. It is just like Argyll, with mountains, glens, and bays. I never felt more at home. Maybe it is because, "East, west, hame's best."

My warmest respects to a' the lads.—Your fren, Harry Lauder.

"GIRL GUIDES."
ANOTHER INSULT TO
SCOTLAND.

A reader of the "North China Daily News" writes to that paper as follows:—Sir,—After the Church Parade to-day as the Volunteers were in line waiting to march to the Bund, my three little ones and I came out of the Cathedral School and we stood to watch. All three were watching with the greatest interest as the different divisions moved off when suddenly an eager little voice exclaimed, "Here come the Girl Guides" and I looked up to see the Scottish in their kilts bringing up the rear. As the child is only four and a half years it seems to me too good a joke to keep to myself.

LAST MONTH'S RAIN.

During the month of April, the highest temperature recorded was 81.2 degrees Far. and the lowest 52.4.

The rainfall for the month of April at the Botanical Gardens was 8.20 ins. on 18 days, at the Matilda Hospital, Mount Kellett it was 7.97 ins. on 15 days, and at the Police Station, Tai-po, it was 9.30 ins. on 15 days.

The lowest barometer reading, at sea level, was 29.77 ins. at 4 p.m., and 5 p.m., on the 3rd.

The maximum squall velocity, as recorded by the Dines-Baxendell anemograph, was at the rate of 52 miles per hour 12.11 p.m., on the 14.

THE LOCAL BAR.

In the Government Gazette to-day is a bill to amend the Legal Practitioners' Ordinance of 1871. In the "objects and reasons" it is stated that in 1873, Mr. Rowett, an unofficial member brought forward a motion. The then Attorney General proposed an amendment which was carried. The bill also refers to the functions of barristers and solicitors, the law, and the etiquette of the legal profession.

The theft of a consignment of cutting machines, valued at \$82, between 7 p.m. and 9.30 p.m. on Thursday, has been reported to the police by a Chinese factory handling this product.

LAST SATURDAY'S PRETTY KOWLOON WEDDING.



Photo by Mee Fong.
Miss Winifred Yeo, who arrived last week from Home, and Mr. G. B. Labrum, photographed with friends outside St. Andrew's Church, Kowloon, after their marriage on Saturday. Miss D. Carrick, who attended the bride, Mr. E. Trenerry, who attended the bridegroom, the Rev. G. R. Lindsay, who officiated, also Mr. V. C. Labrum, who gave away the bride, are among others in the group.

HIGHER RENTS.
DETAILS OF DRAFT
BILL.
THE 15 PER CENT. INCREASE.

Recommendations by the committee of the Legislative Council, appointed to inquire into the Rents Ordinance, are likely to take shape in an ordinance shortly, as a draft bill known as the Rents Amendment Ordinance has been published in the "Government Gazette."

Clause 2 of the bill substitutes the words "the rent recoverable in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance" in place of the words "standard rent" in certain sections of the principal Ordinance.

The standard rent is that paid on December 31, 1920 and the rent recoverable in accordance with the provisions of the new Ordinance will be the standard rent plus 15 per cent.

Clause 3 of the bill provides for the permission to increase the standard rent by 15 per cent. For domestic tenements the rent of which is payable by the lunar month, the increase is allowed to come into force as from June 30, 1925. For tenements the rent of which is payable by the lunar (Chinese moon) month, the increase is permitted from July 20, 1925.

Clause 4 of the bill provides that upon summary conviction, lessors who threaten to apply for a reconstruction certificate, or threatens to take action on such a certificate and thereby receives or demands rent more than the amount provided by the bill to a fine not exceeding \$1,000. Upon hearing of any summons issued under the complete section (i.e., the section in the principal Ordinance and the additions made thereto by clause 4 of the bill), a magistrate can, in addition to imposing a fine, order the defendant to pay the tenant any sum obtained by the means of threat referred to.

The objects and reasons, as published are—
Clause 2 of this Bill is aimed against a practice, which unfortunately prevails to a certain extent, of threatening a tenant with reconstruction unless he will pay more rent. Sub-section (2) of clause 4 is based on the provisions of section 119 of the principal Ordinance.

Clause 5 of this Bill carries out the first part of Resolution 1 in the Report of the Rents Committee, namely, that the duration of the Rents Ordinance be extended for one year from June 30, 1925.

WATER RETURNS.

FIGURES FOR LAST MONTH.

CURIOUS ANOMALIES.

The water returns showing the levels and storage of water in reservoirs on the City and Hill District water works level, also the Kowloon water works level, both taken on May 1, do not differ greatly from those of last year.

Hongkong is a little above last year's storage at this period, there being a total of 1,079.09 million gallons as compared with 1,011.38 million gallons, Tytam, Tytam Intermediate, and Pokfulam reservoirs, all showing slight increases, and Tytam Tuk a decrease. Curiously enough, with an increased population of over 10,000 the consumption for the month for Hongkong has decreased from 262.53 million gallons to 233.33 million gallons, or from a consumption of 23 gallons per head per day to one of 20.3 gallons per head per day.

A constant supply in all rider main districts during April, 1924, an intermittent supply in all rider main districts up to April 4, 1925, and a constant supply in all rider main districts for the rest of the month, is reported for Hongkong.

More water is in store also at the Kowloon Water works which is 18 feet below overflow as compared with 23ft. 9in. last year and has in store 191.50 million gallons, as compared with 151.25 million gallons last year.

The population of Kowloon has increased by about 5,000 and the consumption for the month has also increased from 69.38 million gallons last year to 66.83 million gallons this year, the consumption per head per day having increased from 14.6 gallons to 14.9 gallons.

The Government Analyst's reports show that the quality of the water is satisfactory.

It is also notified that the name of The Fu Lee and Company, Limited has been struck off the Register in addition to The Lee Hong Steamship Company, Ltd.

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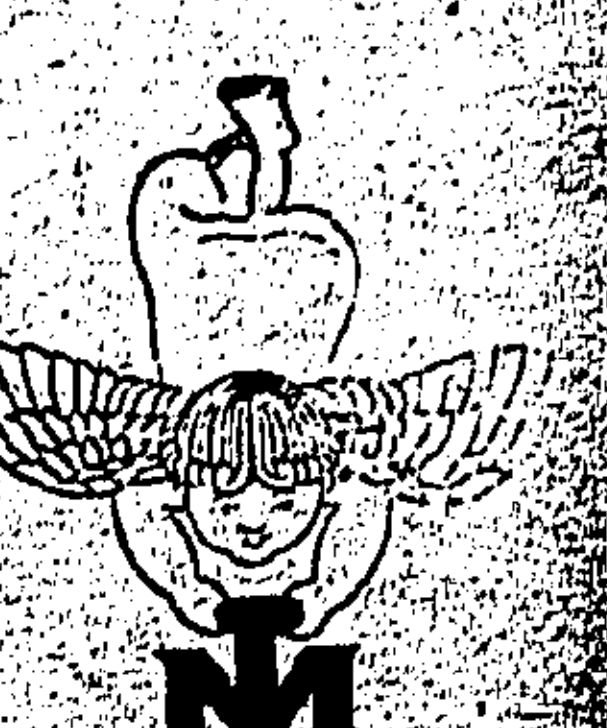
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LONDON BANKERS.

Westminster Bank, Ltd.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened in LOCAL CURRENCY AND FIXED DEPOSITS received for one year or shorter periods in Local Currency and interest on terms which will be quoted on application.
Hongkong, 21st February, 1925.

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

The business of the above Bank is conducted by the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be obtained on application.
INTEREST on deposits is calculated on the lowest balance during each completed Calendar Month at 3 1/2 per cent. per annum. Should there be no balance on any day in a month no interest will be allowed for that month.
Depositors may transfer at their option balance of \$100 or more to the HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK to be placed on FIXED DEPOSIT at CURRENT RATES.
For the HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION,
A. H. BARLOW, Chief Manager
Hongkong, 7th January, 1925.

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1853.

HEAD OFFICE: LONDON.

Paid-up Capital.....£23,000,000

Reserve Fund.....£24,000,000

Reserve Liability of Pro- prietors.....£23,000,000

FOREIGN EXCHANGE AND General Banking business transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for 1-year or shorter period at rates which will be quoted on application.

A. H. FERGUSON, Manager.

Hongkong, April 15, 1925.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE.

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG.

Subscribed Capital.....Fr. 75,000,000.00

Paid-up Capital.....Fr. 65,000,000.00

Reserve Funds.....Fr. 50,000,000.00

BRANCHES:

Bangkok, Hongkong, Saigon, Canton, Hankow, Shanghai, Peking, Tientsin, Harbin, Yokohama, Kobe, Managua, Nagasaki, Yokohama, Kobe, Managua, Nagasaki.

IN FRANCE: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Societe Generale.

IN LONDON: The National Provincial & Union Bank of England, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

IN NEW YORK: J. P. Morgan & Co.

French American Banking Corporation; Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement. Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

A. LECOT, Manager.

Hongkong, March 20, 1924.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LTD.

Established 1880.

Capital (fully paid-up) Yen 100,000,000

Reserve Fund.....Yen 80,600,000

Head Office: YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at: Newchwang, New York, Osaka, Peking, Canton, Hankow, Shanghai, Tientsin, Harbin, Yokohama, Kobe, Managua, Nagasaki.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement. Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

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COMMERCE AND FINANCE.

LONDON BULLION.

MOCATTA AND GOLDSMID'S REPORT.

In their report of April 2 on the London silk market Messrs. Mocatta & Goldsmid state—

The silver market has been very quiet during the past week and although there was a recovery from 31 1/2 to 31 13/16 on the 28th ultimo, there has since been a further set-back in the price and to-day's quotation is 31 7/16 for spot and 31 1/2 for two months' delivery.

The recovery on the 28th ultimo was chiefly due to China buying but subsequent sales from that quarter have further depressed the market and the undertone is not very strong. The Continent has been more a seller than a buyer whilst India has taken little interest in the market except for covering some of their bear sales.

In the absence of any demand for shipment the premium on ready silver has gradually decreased and is now only 1/16 over forward. The tendency of the market is undecided and some further decline seems possible but China seems less anxious to sell at the lower level.

Gold—Only a small amount was available this week and this was taken for the Continent and Home trade there being no demand from India. The quotation has varied between 86s. 5d. and 86s. 7d. per ounce fine.

RUBBER PRICES IN JAVA.

According to a Dutch paper, there was activity in the rubber market at Sourabaya between April 14 and 16, and on the first mentioned date bidders from Batavia were seen very busy bidding for first quality sheets and crepe for spot delivery. From 11.04 per half kilo, bids went up to 11.11 at the first auction. At subsequent auctions for forward sales the prices declined from 11.03 1/2 to one guilder for May and June deliveries. The second day, witnessed somewhat better prices than the previous lowest quotation, and for June and July deliveries business was done at between 11 and 11.07 for half kilo. On the last day several forward contracts were done up to the end of this year by some big estates. July to September prices have been given at from 99 cents to 1.02 and July to December deliveries have been agreed between sellers and purchasers at prices ranging from 98 cents to one guilder only. According to the rate of exchange in Straits Currency one guilder is worth about 71 1/2 cents.

COLLIERIES CLOSED.

SITUATION IN ENGLAND.

No fewer than 120 collieries in England and Scotland have closed since the beginning of the year, involving the acceptance of the unemployment dole by 20,000 workers. The latest to cease operation is the Great Wyrley Colliery in Staffordshire employing 700 men.

William Davies of Liverpool, owner of the Little Neston Collieries in Cheshire, who avows that he has lost £250 weekly and a total of £60,000 on the operations of his mines, has made an offer to his men to let them work the mine for themselves for nine months, the workers to keep any profit that might be made, while he would contribute £50 weekly toward any possible loss. The District Miners' Federation looked at the offer, but apparently it intends to refuse.

LONDON STOCKHOLM.

A TELEPHONE PLANNED.

Tentative negotiations continue with a view to linking up by telephone all the important cities of Europe and Asia with London and each other. Tests have already been made between London and Berlin Stockholm and Turin. These were for the definite purpose of finding out means of linking up the telephone systems in the different countries. Technical difficulties, says the Post Office, have been overcome and those remaining consist of getting facilities from the various countries in which it is desired to operate. A Stockholm call involves a distance of 1,500 miles, two submarine and three land cables and three countries. When diplomatic difficulties are overcome it is expected that a regular night service between London and Stockholm will be established. This goes under the North Sea.

Amsterdam and Hamburg, whence there is a submarine cable again to Malmö and by land to Stockholm. The question whether Paris or Berlin or some other city will be the future seat of an international telephone exchange is expected to give rise to considerable discussion when it comes up for decision.

WEEKLY SHARE REPORT.

Messrs. Moxon and Taylor's Weekly Share Report states—

A fair amount of business was put through during the week under review and the undertone of the market is firm with great demand for investment stocks.

Shanghai market is steady. Hongkong Banks—A large number of shares changed hands at \$1.230 and closed firm at this price.

Unions—Are in great demand at \$272 with no sellers.

Canton Insurances—These shares are very difficult to obtain, offering \$790 without attracting sellers. Shares have changed hands at \$800.

Hongkong Fires—Have strong buyers at \$680.

Hotels—Have had more inquiries and have come to business at \$16 for cash and \$16 1/2 for June, and closed with strong buyers at these rates.

Hongkong Lands—Are wanted at \$95 for cash but have no sellers at this price. Sales have been effected at \$97 for June.

Humphreys—Changed hands at \$22 and closed with strong buyers at this price.

Cements—Have eased off a little and are wanted at \$29 for cash. Shares have changed hands at \$28 1/2 and \$29 for cash, and closed with sellers at \$29 1/2 for June with no buyers.

Wharves—Have had a rise and have come to business at \$201 to \$203 for cash, but towards the close eased off to a selling rate of \$200.

Hongkong Docks—These shares changed hands at \$120 for cash and \$120 1/2 for settlement.

Shanghai Docks—Have had a further rise and are in great demand at 11s. 11d.

Hongkong Electric—Have also had a rise and a fair number of shares changed hands at \$85 for cash and \$88 for June, but towards the close eased off a little.

Trams—Have been more or less neglected. Sales have been effected at \$4 1/2 for June and closed with sellers at this price.

China Sugars—Have changed hands at \$62 for cash and more share are wanted at this price.

China Providents—Have a nominal quotation of \$49.

China Lights—Have had a decline and closed with sellers at \$34, without attracting buyers.

Dairy Farms—Are in great demand at \$27 with few if any sellers. Steamboats—Have also had a rise and are wanted at \$39 1/2 for cash without inducing sellers.

Star Ferries—Have been the medium of a large business at \$84 and \$84 1/2 and closed with buyers at the former rate.

Lana Crawfords—Have strong buyers at \$17.10 with no sellers, shares having changed hands at \$17 1/2.

London Quotations of 7th instant—Banks, 1139 1/2; Indos Deferred, 49 1/2; Shells, 44 1/2-7/8. All middle prices.

Exchange—Demand on London is 2/3-1/16 and T/T on Shanghai is 7 1/2.

Next Settlement Day is Tuesday, May 26.

LOCAL IMPORTS.

REPORT OF CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

The Hongkong General Chamber of Commerce's fortnightly report states—

Cotton Piece Goods and Fancy Cotton Goods—Apart from a few tentative enquiries, probably made in order to test prices, our market remains unchanged, and of late is poor. Mid. Am. Cotton was quoted 12.54d. in Liverpool on 7th inst., and Eg. Sikellarides 32.21d.

Cotton Yarn—Market continues dull and stagnant and there is nothing fresh to report. Quotations are nominal—No. 10s. 5202/216, No. 12s. 5208/218, No. 16s. 5225/232, No. 20s. 5228/235. Unsold stock 14,200 bales. Bargains 2,500 bales.

Woolens—Market dull. Raw Cottons—There is no change to report.

Metals—Business remains stagnant, with local prices inclined to sag.

Flour Market report—Stock: 450,000 sacks. Market: Steady. Quotations: American Patent \$4.75 per sack ex godown, American Straight \$3.75 per sack ex godown, American Cut off 365 per sack ex godown, Shanghai Flour \$3.60 per sack ex godown, Australian No. 1 3.70 per sack ex godown, Canadian Cut off 340 per sack ex godown.

Sundries—Market quite weak. Java Sugar—Market dull and weak. Philippine Sugar—Market quiet. Saltpetre—Very dull market since last report.

INDO-CHINESE REPORT ON BULLION.

Some idea of the absorbing might almost be said the seriously absorbing power of India in the matter of precious metals is shown very strikingly in the current monthly issue of the National City Bank of New York, in which it is stated that during last year India

took both gold and silver in almost record-breaking sums. Her total absorption of gold was 7,008,000 ounces, or nearly £20,000,000, and in the last three years it has been about £70,000,000. Even these figures, it is pointed out, were slightly exceeded for the three years ending 1913. As regards silver absorption, the National City Bank of New York states in 1924 India received 97,817,000 ounces, against 99,284,000 in 1923 and 72,015,000 in 1922. For these three years the total was 269,000,000 ounces, which compares with 108,000,000 ounces in the three years preceding the war. High prices for her products and large trade balances explain her acquisition of the precious metals.

FIJI ISLANDS.

PRODUCTS FOR CANADA PROJECTED.

Back of an arrangement being entered into by private capitalists to build a new cold storage plant in Vancouver to cost \$1,500,000, is a plan for the organized distribution throughout Canada of the products of the Fiji Islands. The enterprise, also contemplates cold storage facilities for the products of the Okanagan and other valleys of the interior.

Mr. Aloof who is back of the proposal says that all arrangements for the financing of the new undertaking have been completed in Montreal, providing the harbour board does not build a plant with money to be furnished by the Dominion Government, as has been suggested by that body. Financial arrangements have also been made for the distribution of the products of the Fiji Islands on a large scale.

SUGAR.

Forward sales of superior sugar deliveries c.i.f. London for the months of May, August, October and December this year, says a Dutch paper, work out at an average price of only seventeen shillings and nine pence per picul. It is reported that dealers and importers in England and the refiners as well have reduced by 6 pence for every 100 pounds sold.

LOCAL SHARE MARKET.

OFFICIAL QUOTATIONS.

MAY 11 10.30 A.M. MAY 11.

Names	Stock Exchange	Sharebrokers' Association.
R.S.B.C. T.T. on selling rate		
London	73-3 1/2	73-3 1/2
and on Shanghai	73-3 1/2	73-3 1/2
Hongkong Bank 1215 b	1210 a	1210 a
Chartered Bank	2414 b	2414 b
Morrell Bank A.D. 238-1/2 b		
P. & O. Bank	211 1/2 s	211 1/2 s
East Asia Bank	211 1/2 s	211 1/2 s
Marine Insurance	780 b	780 b
Canton Insurance	780 b	780 b
China Union	240 b	240 b
North China Insurance	1140 b	1140 b
Union Insurance	375 b	375 b
Yangtze Insurance	45 b	45 b
Fire Insurance	300 b	300 b
China Fire Insurance	300 b	300 b
Hongkong Fire Insurance	300 b	300 b
Shipping	54 s	54 s
Douglas	54 s	54 s
H.K. Steamboat	54 s	54 s
Hongkong Tugs and Lighter	41 d	41 d
Indo-China (Pref.)	38 d	38 d
do. (Def.)	120 s	120 s
do. (H.K. Reg.)	120 s	120 s
Shell Transport	54 s	54 s
Star Line	54 s	54 s
Waterbury	17-1/4 d	17-1/4 d
Oriental Nav. Co.	355 n	355 n
Refineries		
China Sugar	83 n	83 n
Malabar Sugar	53 s	53 s
Wine		
Banquet	24 b	24 b
Kailan Mining Adm.	67-1/2 b	67-1/2 b
Langkate	119 s	119 s
Shanghai Bank	7-1/2 s	7-1/2 s
Shanghai Exploration	7-1/2 s	7-1/2 s
Single Langkate	113 s	113 s
Raupe	230 n	230 n
Trench Mines	54-1/2 n	54-1/2 n
Ural Casp.	84 n	84 n
Docks, Wharves, Godowns, etc.		
H. & W. Dock	120 n	120 n
Shanghai Hongkows	7300 n	7300 n
New Engineering	7-1/2 s	7-1/2 s
Shai Docks	1129 1/2 b	1129 1/2 b
Cements		
H. K. Engineering	119 s	119 s
Lands, Hotels & Buildings		
H.K. & Shai Hotels 164 b	95 1/2 s	95 1/2 s
Hongkong Lands	4-1/2 s	4-1/2 s
H.K. Realty	20-1/2 s	20-1/2 s
Humphreys Estates	8 s	8 s
Kowloon Lands	150 n	150 n
Pinches Building	21 1/2 s	21 1/2 s
H.K. Fortification	10 n	10 n
Rural Lands		
Ottom Mills		
Ewo Cotton Mills, Ltd.	11 1/2 n	11 1/2 n
Kan Yik	119 s	119 s
Loan Kong Mow	119 s	119 s
Orion	7-1/2 s	7-1/2 s
Shanghai Cotton	7-1/2 s	7-1/2 s
Shanghai Cotton	7-1/2 s	7-1/2 s
Yangtze	7-1/2 s	7-1/2 s
Miscellaneous		
Cements	31 n	31 n
Cements "Combined"	29 n	29 n
China (Lands) (Old)	34 n	34 n
China (Lands) (New)	34 n	34 n
China Provident 16 s	15-1/2 n	15-

FOR SALE.

SAML (Shanghai Fish)

Frozen by A. J. A. O'Brien's Improved Patent method which preserves its original flavor and quality. Once tasted always appreciated. Fresh from sea, fresh fish.

To be obtained only from

KWONG LOONG

Comptroller.

66, Des Voeux Road, Tel. O. 1281.

Sole agent for Hongkong for

THE CHINA REFRIGERATING & INVESTMENT COMPANY, LTD.

and also—

THE DAIRY FARM ICE & COLD STORAGE CO., LTD.

JUST ARRIVED

A Consignment of

REAL SWISS GRUYERE.

CHEESE, CAMEMBERT

CHEESE, SAUCISSON

LYON, BONELESS

SARDINES IN OIL.

CYRANO... (Hors d'Oeuvre)

ANCHOVIES IN OIL.

SALTED HERRINGS AND

BLACK OLIVES.

THE FRENCH STORE

No. 9, Beaconsfield Arcade.

Tel. Central 794.

THE AUCTIONEERING & BROKERING CO., LTD.

8a, Duddell Street.

FURNITURE AUCTIONS

every

TUESDAY AND FRIDAY

at 2.30 p.m.

L. E. S. HODGE,

Auctioneer.

THE AUCTIONEERING AND BROKERING CO., LTD.

8a, Duddell Street.

The undersigned have received

instructions (from the concerned)

to sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION

at

9 Jordan Road, Kowloon (Ground

Floor) on WEDNESDAY next, 13th

May 1925.

at 2.30 p.m.

VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD

FURNITURE

(P. Wells and Lane Crawford)

Consisting of:—

Hatstands, Chesterfield Couch, and

Armchairs, Extension Table, Side-

board, Dinner Wagon, Blackwood

Tables, Blackwood inlaid Curio

Stand, Dressing Table with three

mirrors, Blackwood Chairs and

Settee, Carpets, Bed and Table

Linen, Crockeryware, Cutlery, Three

Wardrobes, (one with mirror) Kitchen

Utensils.

Also

One ICE CHEST

and

One set of Chinese Long Spears.

Catalogues will be issued

On View from Monday, the 11th

May, 1925.

Terms:—Cash on delivery.

Auctioneering & Brokering Co. Ltd.

L. E. S. HODGE,

Auctioneer.

Hongkong, 8th May, 1925.

Miss NAKAMURA

MASSAGE

1st Floor

No. 37, Queen's Road Central,

HONGKONG

FOR REAL FINE

MAJONG SETS

MADE OF IVORY AND BONE.

SOLD AT

Lowest Possible Prices

SUNG SAN CHAN,

140, Wellington Street.

Agent:

SAM PAI LAU,

Chong Ka Lung,

Shanghai.

HATS CLARKE & SONS, LTD.

No. 80, Wellington Street.

WANT

ADVERTISEMENTS

25 WORDS 3 INSERTIONS.

ST. PREPAID.

Every additional word 6 Cents

for 3 insertions.

TO LET.

Two Godowns, or

shops, in DUDDELL STREET

For Particulars apply to—H. Rut-

tonjee & Son, 16, Queen's Road.

TO LET—Large, well, airy and

light Office Rooms, No. 5,

Duddell Street. Apply Sung Tai,

1, Queen Street.

THE CANTON INSURANCE

OFFICE, LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE FORTY-FOURTH ORDINARY

GENERAL MEETING of

Shareholders will be held at the

Office of the undersigned on

THURSDAY, the 14th May, 1925,

at Noon, for the purpose of receiving

the Report of the General Agents,

together with a Statement of

Accounts for the year ended the

31st December, 1924.

The Share Register and Transfer

Books will be closed from the 1st

to the 14th May, 1925, both days

inclusive.

JARDINE, MATHEWSON & CO., LTD.

General Agents.

Hongkong, 27th April, 1925.

HONGKONG & TERRITORIAL

ESTATES, LIMITED.

THE FIRST ORDINARY ANNUAL

MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS

in the Company will be held at the

Office of the Company, "St. George's" Building,

No. 6, Connaught Road, on

Wednesday, the 20th May, 1925, at

12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of

receiving a Statement of Accounts and

the Report of the General Managers

for the year ended 31st January, 1925,

and electing a Consulting Committee

and Auditors.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the

Company will be CLOSED from Satur-

day, the 9th May, 1925, until Wednes-

day, the 20th May, 1925, both days

inclusive.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,

General Managers.

Hongkong, 5th May, 1925.

HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.

DRAFT Programmes and Entry

Forms for the Fifth Extra Race

Meeting to be held on SATURDAY,

30th May and MONDAY, 1st June,

1925, (weather permitting) may be

obtained at the Race Course, Hong-

kong Club and Causeway Bay Stables.

Entries will close at 12 o'clock

noon on Saturday, 16th May, 1925.

Hongkong, 4th May, 1925.

FOR ANEURISM, CANCER ETC.

A new medicine for the cure of Aneurism,

Cancer and Carbuncles by Injection

and Internal use.

Most physicians and surgeons have ex-

pressed the opinion that Aneurism, Cancer

and Carbuncles are incurable and many deaths have

been caused by these dread diseases. Dr. T.

Matsumoto, M.D., Professor of the Japanese

Imperial University has made a careful study

of these diseases for several years and has at

last discovered the use of "GABONOLYNE" for

injection and internal use. A large number

of Japanese patients have been cured by the

use of this medicine and it is now becoming

well known for its curative properties.

Foreigners have always died of these dis-

eases owing to failure to find a remedy.

Of late Dr. Sun Yat Sen is suffering from

cancer of the liver which is a phase of one of

the above-mentioned diseases. Those

suffering from this disease will gradually

develop fever, nervous pains, urinary troubles,

bad appetite, dysentery and vomiting.

Victims of the disease are advised to im-

mediately procure "GABONOLYNE" from

our agents and by taking this internally, or

by injection, the progress of the disease will be

stopped and results quickly obtained.

Cancer Glands will disappear and swollen

ulcers are reduced to a minimum quickly and

easily by the use of "GABONOLYNE".

Those having hereditary diseases are advised

to take "GABONOLYNE" in order to check

its activities.

This medicine is the result of long ex-

periment and has no injurious effect on those

taking it.

Our Agents are:—

Messrs. Wing Shun Wo, 70, Des Voeux Road W.

Messrs. Shui Ching Dispensary.

The Bakilly Company.

155, Des Voeux Road

Sole Distributing Agents:—

MICHAEL ROBERT KARRER,

By Sea Building, Lee House St., Hongkong.

STAMP COLLECTORS.

POSTAGE STAMPS: 666 different

varieties, each with a full description

of the design, and a full list of the

varieties, 25 rare Central America

etc., for \$1.70 only.

Large current illustrated

catalogue from

Other stamps sent on

approval on request.

Sole Agents:—

BOLD STAMPS, Sonnschot, LUZERN

(SWITZERLAND).

HIGH CLASS BOOTS AND SHOES



Made to order. ROYAL & CO.

No. 1, D'Aguiar Street.

UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY

OF CANTON, LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

that the FIFTY-SECOND ORDINARY

YEARLY MEETING of the

Society will be held at the

Head Office, Union Building, Hongkong,

on FRIDAY, 29th MAY, 1925, at

12.15 p.m., for the purpose of

receiving the Report of the Directors

and the Statements of Accounts

for the year ended 31st December,

1924, and of declaring Dividends,

etc.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the

Society will be CLOSED from

May 16th to May 29th, both days

inclusive.

By Order of the Board,

PAUL LAUDER,

General Manager.

Hongkong, May 8th, 1925.

BRITISH TRADERS' INSURANCE

COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

that the FIFTY-NINTH ORDINARY

YEARLY MEETING of the

Company will be held at its Head

Office, Union Building, Hongkong,

on FRIDAY, 29th MAY, 1925, at

12.15 p.m., for the purpose of

receiving the Report of the Directors

and the Statements of Accounts

for the year ended 31st December, 1924,

and of declaring Dividends, etc.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the

Company will be CLOSED

from May 16th to May 29th, both

days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,

PAUL LAUDER,

General Manager.

Hongkong, May 8th, 1925.

THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE

COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

that the FIFTY-SIXTH ORDINARY

YEARLY MEETING of the

Company will be held at its Head

Office, Union Building, Hongkong,

on FRIDAY, 29th MAY, 1925,

at 12.20 p.m., for the purpose of

receiving the Report of the Directors

and the Statements of Accounts

for the year ended 31st December, 1924,

and of declaring Dividends, etc.

P. & O.-British India Apcar and Eastern & Australian Lines

COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.
MAIL AND PASSENGER SERVICES.
INDIA, JAVA, BURMA, CEYLON, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF,
WEST INDIES, MAURITIUS, EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA,
AUSTRALASIA, INCLUDING NEW ZEALAND AND
QUEENSLAND PORTS, AND RED SEA,
EGYPT, EUROPE, &c.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL FORTNIGHTLY
DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.
(Under Contract with H.M. Government.)

S. S.	Tonnage	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"ALIPPORE"	5,273	15th May	Singapore, Penang, & Bombay
"SARDINIA"	6,884	18th May	Singapore, Penang, Col'bo & B'bay
"BOUDAN"	4,896	23rd May	S'pore, Penang, Col'bo & Bombay
"MORCA"	10,811	30th May	Marseilles and London
"YAGODA"	6,884	2nd June	Singapore and Bombay
"JEYPORE"	6,813	8th June	Singapore, Penang, Col'bo & B'bay
"SICILIA"	6,813	11th June	Marseilles, London, Antwerp & Hull
"KALAN"	6,813	13th June	Singapore and Bombay
"KIDDERPORE"	5,334	13th June	Singapore, Penang, Col'bo & B'bay
"MALWA"	10,841	17th June	Marseilles and London
"DELTA"	6,884	17th July	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
"KASHMIR"	6,884	17th July	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
"MANTUA"	10,841	23rd July	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
"BOUDAN"	6,884	23rd July	S'pore, Penang, Col'bo & Bombay
"KASHGAR"	6,884	23rd Aug.	Marseilles, London, Antwerp
"MACEDONIA"	11,089	23rd Aug.	Marseilles and London
"SICILIA"	6,813	3rd Sept.	S'pore, Penang, Col'bo & B'bay
"KALAN"	6,813	3rd Sept.	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
"KASHMIR"	6,884	10th Sept.	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
"KALAN"	6,813	10th Oct.	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
"MALWA"	10,841	17th Oct.	Marseilles and London

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS (South)			
"TAKLAWA"	7,938	15th May	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta.
"TAKLAWA"	7,938	31st May	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta.
"TAKLAWA"	7,938	4th June	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta.
"TAKLAWA"	7,938	7th July	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta.

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (South)			
"TAKLAWA"	7,938	3rd June	Manila, Sandakan, Thursday Island, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney and Melbourne.
"TAKLAWA"	7,938	10th July	do.
"TAKLAWA"	7,938	2nd Sept.	do.
"TAKLAWA"	7,938	7th Oct.	do.
"TAKLAWA"	7,938	4th Nov.	do.

S.S. "TAKLAWA" calls at Colombo.
The E. & A. S.S. Co., Ltd. steamers will also call at Shanghai, Hoko, Cebu, Kolumbuga, Tawao, Timor, Darwin, or other ports en route as indicated on the following:
Frequent connections from Australia with the following:-
The Union S.S. Company's steamers to the United Kingdom via New Zealand
The P. & O. Royal Mail steamers to London via Suez Canal.
The P. & O. Royal Mail steamers to London via Suez Canal.
The New Zealand Shipping Company's steamers for Southampton and London via Panama Canal.

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN			
"TAKLAWA"	7,938	15th May	Moji, Kobe & Osaka
"KALAN"	6,813	18th May	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"SICILIA"	6,813	18th May	Shanghai and Kobe
"MALWA"	10,841	23rd May	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"KASHMIR"	6,884	30th May	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"DELTA"	6,884	13th June	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"TAKLAWA"	7,938	13th June	Shanghai and Kobe
"MANTUA"	10,841	21st June	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"ST. ALBANS"	4,500	23rd June	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"KASHGAR"	6,884	4th July	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"BOUDAN"	6,884	10th July	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"MACEDONIA"	11,089	10th July	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"KALAN"	6,813	17th Aug.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"SICILIA"	6,813	7th Aug.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"TAKLAWA"	7,938	8th Aug.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"KALAN"	6,813	31st Aug.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"KASHMIR"	6,884	4th Sept.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"DELTA"	6,884	10th Sept.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"TAKLAWA"	7,938	10th Sept.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"MALWA"	10,841	17th Oct.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"KASHMIR"	6,884	2nd Oct.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"ST. ALBANS"	4,500	10th Oct.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"MANTUA"	10,841	17th Oct.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"KASHMIR"	6,884	14th Nov.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"KASHGAR"	6,884	28th Nov.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"MACEDONIA"	11,089	12th Dec.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.

All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.
WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY FITTED ON ALL STEAMERS.
Passengers for Hongkong must defray their own Hotel expenses at Singapore while waiting for the on carrying steamer.
Cabinets are fitted with Electric Fans free of charge.
Parcels Measuring not more than 2 ft. x 2 ft. x 1 ft. will be received at the Company's Office up to noon on the day previous to sailing.
For further information, Passengers may apply to the Agents.
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.
P. & O. Building, Consulate Road Central. HONGKONG. Agents.

OREGON ORIENTAL LINE
Operated for
UNITED STATES SHIPPING BOARD
BY COLUMBIA PACIFIC SHIPPING COMPANY
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Sails
Steamer U.S.S.B. West Java For Portland via Japan Ports May 20th
U.S.S.B. West O'Rowa For Manila, Hoko and Cebu May 28th
U.S.S.B. West O'Rowa For Manila, Hoko and Cebu May 14th
U.S.S.B. Oakridge June 3rd
All sailings subject to change without notice.
Cargo accepted for Manila, Hoko and Cebu.
Through Bills of Lading issued to all rail Overland Points in the U.S.A., also to New Orleans, Savannah, Charleston, Norfolk, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and Portland, Maine, with transshipment at Portland, Ore. via Panama Intercoastal steamers.
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Room 26, Bank of Canton Building, John Manners and Co., Ltd., 6, Des Voeux Road Central. Telephone Central 4371.

E. HING & CO.
SHIPBUILDING MATERIALS, SHIPCHANDLERS AND
HARDWARE MERCHANTS.
Phone Central No. 1116. 25, Wing Wo Street, E.H.

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

HONGKONG AMUSEMENTS LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY MEETING of the above named Company will be held in the Company's Offices, China Buildings (Fourth Floor, East Side), on the 16th day of May, 1925, at 12.15 o'clock in the afternoon for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing an extra resolution the resolution following:-

"That there be added to Article 151 (c) of the Articles of Association of the Company the following clause:-

"The Board of Directors shall have power from time to time to permit any Permanent Director who shall be absent from the Colony for more than one month at any one time to delegate by Power of Attorney under seal his office of a Director to any Shareholder not being a Director but holding the qualification of a Director and such Attorney shall thereupon be enabled to serve on the Board of Directors in the stead of the Director during his absence as aforesaid."

Should the resolution be passed by the required majority it will be submitted for confirmation at a Special Resolution to a Second Extraordinary Meeting which will be held at the same place and hour on the 30th day of May, 1925.

Dated 9th day of May, 1925.
By Order,
M. W. STEVENS,
Secretary.

China Buildings, Hongkong.

CONSIGNEES.

LLOYD TRIESTINO S. N. CO.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship "ROSANDRA"

FROM TRIESTE, VENICE, BRINDISI,

PORT SAID, MASSADA, ADEN,

COLOMBO, PENANG & SINGAPORE.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby

informed that all Goods are being

landed at their risk into the

Godowns of the Hongkong and Kow-

loon Wharf and Godown Company,

Ltd., at Kowloon, whence and/or from

the wharves delivery may be obtained.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded

unless notice to the contrary be given

before 7th inst.

No claims will be admitted after the

Goods have left the Godowns, and all

Goods remaining undelivered after

the 13th inst. will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must

be presented to the Underinsured on

or before the 23rd inst. or they will

not be recognized.

All broken, chafed, and damaged

Goods are to be left in the Godowns,

where they will be examined by Messrs.

Anderson & Ashie on the 16th of

May, 1925, at 10 a.m.

All claims against the vessel must be

presented to the Underinsured before the

21st of May, 1925, or they will not

be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned

by

DODWELL & CO., LTD.,

Hongkong, 7th May, 1925.

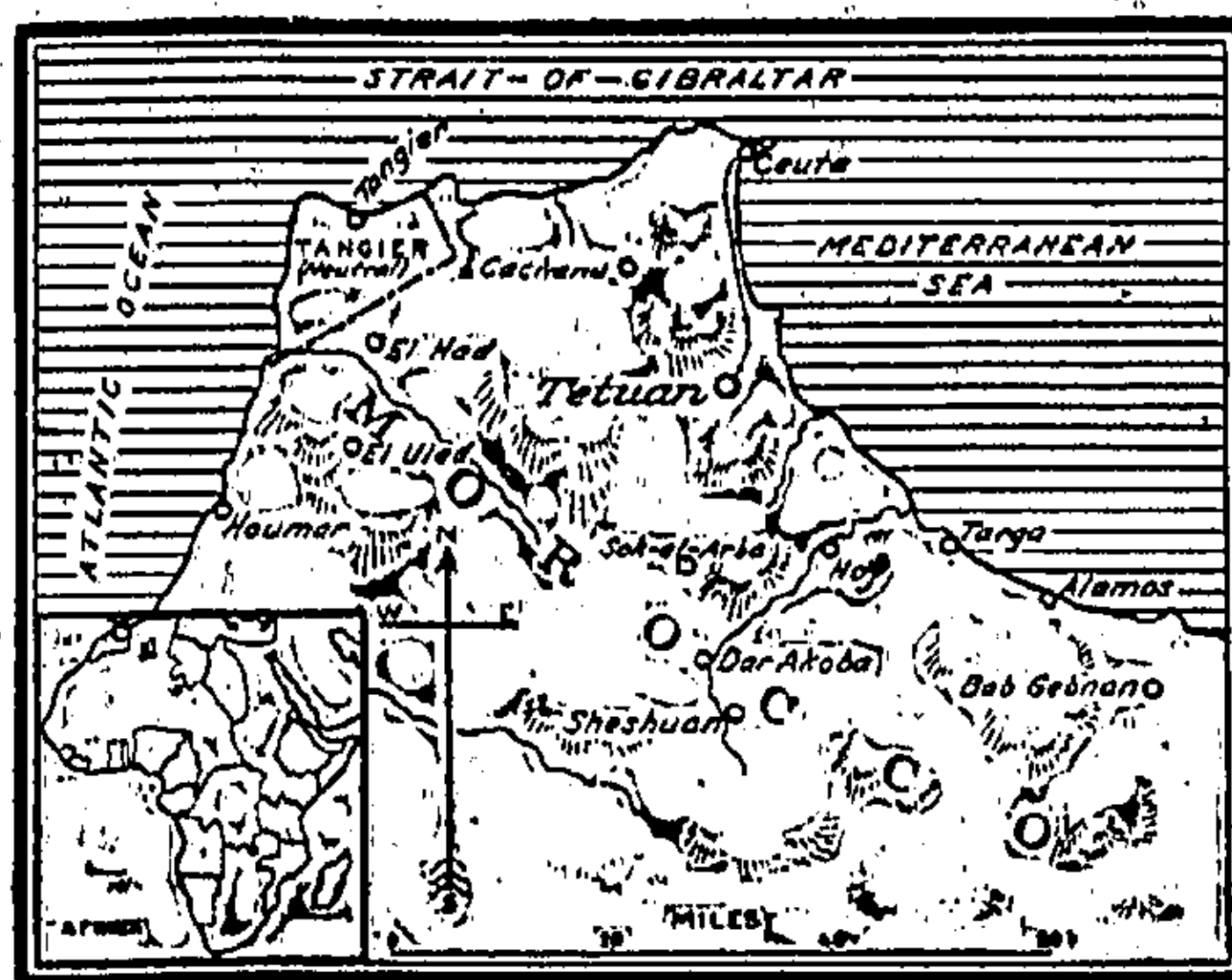
MOROCCO FIGHTING.

(Reuter's Service.)

Paris, May 9.
M. Painleve told Pressmen that France was acting in Morocco in full accord with the British and Spanish Governments. The position was at present stabilised, and no big operation was expected for several days, pending arrival of

important Riff concentrations have taken place. It is said that the enemy in some cases, have taken up a position in strongly fortified entrenchments, General Chambrun has taken all necessary military and political measures to deal with the situation.

"Le Journal" says that the despatch to Morocco of General Niessel, the Inspector General of Aviation seems to be due to the fact that the Riffs are using



reinforcement, after which a decisive blow would be struck with all the forces the situation demanded.

M. Painleve, in his statement to Pressmen on the subject of the anti-Riff operations in Morocco, said he was firmly determined to repress any attempt to a tribal rising. Most severe order would be maintained in order to prevent the possible spread of the agitation in French North Africa.

Paris, May 10.

Reports from Rabat state that

aeroplanes. It also says that detachments of volunteers have been formed at Toulon to proceed Morocco.

Madrid, May 9.
A Riff ruse that failed is narrated in a communique dealing with the Melilla area. A force of over a thousand tribesmen, apparently advancing on the French zone, suddenly wheeled round and invaded the Spanish zone. The communique claims the attack was frustrated. The Spaniards captured prisoners and guns.

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE MANUFACTURERS LIFE INSURANCE CO.

OF TORONTO-CANADA.

THE undersigned hereby give notice that they have This Day resigned the Agency for the above Company.

BRADLEY & CO., LTD.
Hongkong, 8th May, 1925.

THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD. COPENHAGEN.

The M/S "AFRIKA"

having arrived, Consignees of cargo are

hereby informed that all goods are

being landed and placed at their risk

into the hazardous and/or extra

hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong

& Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd.,

where delivery can be obtained as soon

as the goods are landed.

No claims will be admitted after the

goods have left the Godowns, and all

goods remaining undelivered after the

18th of May, 1925, at 4 p.m. will be

subject to rent.

All broken, chafed and damaged

goods are to be left in the Godowns,

where they will be examined by Messrs.

Anderson & Ashie on the 16th of

May, 1925, at 10 a.m.

All claims against the vessel must be

presented to the Underinsured before the

21st of May, 1925, or they will not

be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned

by

JOHN MANNERS & CO., LTD.,

Hongkong, 10th May, 1925.

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

WE beg to announce that we have been appointed Distributors for the famous Michelin Motor Tyres in Hongkong and South China.
J. GIBBS & COMPANY,
Alexandra Buildings
Hongkong, 11th May, 1925.

P. & O. S. N. CO.

STEAMER FOR
STRAITS, COLOMBO, AUSTRALIA, BOMBAY, EGYPT, MEDITERRANEAN PORTS & LONDON.

Through Bills of Lading issued for Batavia, Persian Gulf, Continental, American and South African Ports.

THE Steamer "SARDINIA", Captain O. SIGGERS, R.N., carrying his Majesty's Mails, will be despatched from this Port on or about SATURDAY, the 16th May, 1925, at daylight, taking Passengers and Cargo for the above Ports.

Silk for Italy, France and London (under arrangement) will be conveyed by this Steamer proceeding to Colombo and there transhipped to the on-carrying Steamer for Marseilles and London.

Parcels will be received at this Office until 11 A.M. the day before sailing. The contents and value of all packages must be declared.

For further particulars apply to-

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,

Hongkong, 11th May, 1925.

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO. LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

DESTINATION	STEAMERS	HAIR
STRAITS & CALCUTTA	FOOKSANG	Mon. 11th May, 2 p.m.
BANGKOK via SWATOW	KWANGSANG	Tue. 12th May, Noon
MANILA	LEEJANG	Tue. 12th May, 3 p.m.
SHANGHAI via SWATOW & SHANGHAI	KWONGSANG	Wed. 13th May, 7 a.m.
Kobe via Amoy & Hongkong	KUMSANG	Thurs. 14th May, 7 a.m.
BANGKOK	YUSANG	Fri. 15th May, 7 a.m.
SHANGHAI via SWATOW	YULSANG	Sat. 16th May, 10 a.m.
HAIKONG via HONGKONG	WOSANG	Sat. 17th May, 5 a.m.
SANDAKAN	MINGSANG	Sun. 18th May, Noon
YENKAI	HINSANG	Wed. 21st May, Noon
Kobe via Amoy and Hongkong	OHINSANG	Thurs. 22nd May, Noon
YENKAI	NAMSANG	Fri. 23rd May, 7 a.m.
YENKAI	CHONGSANG	Sun. 31st May, Noon

For Freight and Passage apply to:-
JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.
Telephone Central 315. General Managers.



SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

VICTORIA, SEATTLE & VANCOUVER via Shanghai & Japan ports. Through Bills of Lading issued to all Overland Common Ports in U.S. & Canada. Through passage rates to Europe via America. G. 405, G. 410, G. 414.

YOKOHAMA MARU Friday, 15th May at 11 a.m.

MARSHALLS, LONDON & ANTWERP via Singapore & Ports. Sunday, 17th May

FUJIMI MARU Friday, 15th May at 5 p.m.

BAROZAKI MARU Saturday, 16th May

HAMBURG via LONDON & ROTTERDAM & Ports. Monday, 8th June

MATSOYE MARU Wednesday, 20th May at 11 a.m.

LIVERPOOL via ADEN & MARSEILLES. Wednesday, 20th May

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Ports. Wednesday, 20th May

MIRIMA MARU Wednesday, 20th May at 11 a.m.

TANGO MARU Sunday, 7th June

SUNSHINE ARIES via S'pore, Durban & Cape Town. Sunday, 7th June

BOMBAY via Singapore & Colombo. Tuesday, 19th May

YOKOSUKA MARU Sunday, 17th May

CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Bangkok. Tuesday, 19th May

MORIOKA MARU Saturday, 9th May

HAKODATE MARU Thursday, 14th May

NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA. Friday, 15th May

TAKO MARU Sunday, 17th May

SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA. Tuesday, 20th May

KAWACHI MARU (Kobe direct) Tuesday, 20th May

TOYOHASHI MARU Tuesday, 20th May

KITANO MARU Tuesday, 20th May

HARUNA MARU Tuesday, 20th May

For further information apply to:- NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA, S. KINOSHITA Manager.

THE BANK LINE LTD.

AGENTS FOR THE FOLLOWING SERVICES.

NEW YORK, BOSTON & BALTIMORE

AMERICAN & MANCHURIAN LINE.

ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. CO., LTD.)

S.S. KANSAS via Suez Canal 19th May



BURNETT'S FAMOUS LONDON DRY GIN

Gives that Distinctive
Excellence to a
Cocktail.

Sole Agents:

**A. S. WATSON
& Co., Ltd.**

WINE AND SPIRIT
MERCHANTS.

TO INTRODUCE THE NEW VICTOR PORTABLE No. 35

A Musical Instrument that
will appeal because it is
light in weight and cheap
in price.

For your Matched, Car, Yacht
or Launch.

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Our Children's wear dept
is fully stocked with this
season's goods—Dainty Voile
dresses, Rimpers, Shoes,
Panamas etc., and prices
most moderate

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UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT
COOLEST & MOST COMFORTABLE ON PENINSULA.
LARGE AIRY DOUBLE & SINGLE ROOMS WITH FULL BOARD
LATEST SANITARY IMPROVEMENTS
3 MINUTES FROM JETTY, EXCELLENT CUISINE.
Monthly Rates for Families. Bus Passes Door.
Terms from \$4.00 per day. 229 Nathan Road,
Tel. K. 1215 Kowloon.
Apply Manager.

THE MOST FOR YOUR MONEY.

\$1.00—ONE DOLLAR—\$1.00

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DOLLAR DIRECTORY

FOR

1925

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WHICH EVERY RESIDENT SHOULD HAVE.

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The China Mail

(Every evening except Sunday.
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Overland China Mail

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Ltd., 24, Devonshire Street,
Bloomsbury, W.C.1.

Hongkong, Monday, May 11, 1925.

ANOTHER ARMAMENTS RACE?

Is the world beginning another armaments race? It seems so. The Washington Limitation of Arms Conference stayed big battleship construction for 10 years, but it left the nations signatory to the treaty free to build cruisers up to 10,000 tons, and did not touch under-water and air craft. Remarkable activity is reported wherever the treaty laid no restrictive hand. The principal naval Powers—Great Britain, the United States, Japan, France and Italy—are said to have begun a new race for sea supremacy. Although the output of capital ships has been temporarily controlled, energies have been transferred to cruisers, destroyers and submarines. More of these are being built or are planned than before 1914. The total then was 226; to-day it is 289. Only 25 of these are for British or Dominion navies. The Washington Treaty not only limited the size of cruisers, but it confined guns to calibres not exceeding 8 inches. Naval architects, it is declared, are evolving new types of ships which strictly conform with the letter of the treaty but destroy its spirit, since, though nominally capital ships, they would in reality be fast and powerful cruisers, multiplying the 10,000-ton limit. For example, France is allowed by the treaty to begin battleship construction in 1927 up to a total tonnage of 35,000 tons. It is now suggested that, instead of one battleship of that weight, she may build two battle-cruisers of

17,500 tons each, with eight 12in. guns and a speed of 34 knots. All this is disquieting. The British Empire's failure to ratify the Geneva Protocol means that the disarmament conference proposed by the League of Nations will not occur until later, at least. The way is left clear for the United States again to take the initiative in this matter. If another Washington conference secures real disarmament, it will confer a tremendous boon upon those nations who do not want war, however much they may believe in equipping themselves to resist aggressors.

Threats.

Better late than never, although better never late. We have legislation proposed which, looking to certain types of Chinese character, and remembering practical experience of the evil effect of the exercise of it, the authorities would long since have introduced. The fifteen per cent. increase on standard rents will soon be a fact accomplished. Protests, verbal and otherwise, have been made against what may now be described as the thin end of the wedge, without avail. A sop has been thrown to good and bad landlords alike, and speculative and investment elements have been encouraged. The Bill which it is all too evident the Legislative Council will adopt, makes provision against the type of person who will use threats to gain his ends—threats he will not carry out. Only in this respect, can the Bill have whole-hearted support. Those who, in the past, have succeeded in their ends by indulging in this form of "black-mail," deserve the contempt of all right-thinking people. They have put themselves outside the pale of good citizenship by adding to prevailing discontent and that form of outlook which is now popularly described as Bolshevism. The Government should turn its eyes in other directions, where the threat is a powerful offensive weapon, and see if it cannot introduce legislation to meet an evil peculiarly prevalent in certain Chinese circles.

Little Hsu.

Little Hsu, or General Hsu Shu-tseng to give him his rightful name, who, is being entertained officially in England, started on his tour from Hongkong last year. Deported by the Shanghai Settlement, he came here on a Blue Funnel steamer and was met by Mr. E. D. C. Wolfe, C.S.P. He did not want to land in Hongkong and he was informed that he might not be allowed to land in England. After some haggling, Hsu came ashore and stayed with Li Yew-hon, former Civil Governor of Kwangtung. On the day of his arrival, a "China Mail" reporter showed him the

first authentic message of the fall of the Peking Government. When his party, the Anfu clique, came into power, his outlook became changed. Instead of visiting Europe to "add to his knowledge the better to qualify himself as an administrator," as he said in an interview, he became the head of a mission. Many think that the man is short in stature, hence his name. Such is not the case. He is of medium height and is thick set. His "Little" was given him by European journalists in earlier days of the Republic when he was the present Chief Executive's right-hand man, to distinguish him from Hsu Shih-chang who became President.

PIRACY EVIL.

HOUSE OF COMMONS QUESTIONS.

EXISTING MEASURES.

CAN THEY BE IMPROVED UPON?

In the House of Commons, Mr. Ormsby-Gore, Under-Secretary for the Colonies (Stafford), in reply to Sir J. Marriott (York, U.), said:—I am aware that complaints have been made of the prevalence of piracy in waters adjacent to Hongkong. Steps have been taken to increase the number of patrol craft and the efficiency of the armed guards carried in ships, and in certain narrow waters a system of escort by gunboats and armed launches has been instituted. The subject has been under consideration by a local committee and by an Inter-departmental Committee at home, and the Secretary of State is in communication with the Governor to see whether the measures already adopted can be improved upon. The present state of affairs is, of course, due to the civil war in the Kwangtung province, which has completely disrupted the policing by the Chinese authorities of the Canton delta and neighbouring waters, and until order has been restored in that area it is hardly to be hoped that further attempts at piracy will not take place. Punitive operations against the pirates have been carried out on several occasions with good results.

HONG KONG SALE.
Owing to the difficulty of operations through pirates in Chinese waters and the consequent continued military interference, the Dollar Steamship Co., an American firm, is reported by the Shanghai correspondent of the "Daily Mail" to have sold its entire shipping interests on the Yangtze River, comprising steamers and shore property at Ichang and Chungking, to Messrs. Butterfield and Swire, the biggest British coastal shipping company in China. The news is surprising, as the United States Congress recently voted \$1,000,000 to build a fleet of six gunboats for the protection of American interests on the Yangtze.

A report is issued by the Colonial Office of a conference on piracy in the waters near Hongkong, which was the outcome of representations made by the organisations of shipmasters, navigating and engineer officers. The conference recommends that the fitting of wireless apparatus and the carrying of trained operators should be obligatory on all ships subject to the piracy regulations, and that the Admiralty should be asked to consider what steps should be taken to render the naval vessels patrolling the danger zone continuously able to receive distress calls from river steamers.

Responsibility for making provision for the dependents of their officers should rest with the shipowners, but failing the shipowners instituting a system of voluntary insurance the Hongkong Government should consider the question of making it obligatory on them either to insure their officers adequately or to defray the cost of an adequate Government scheme of insurance.

TO-DAY'S SMILE.



ROUMANIAN-GERMAN CRISIS.

"I will declare war on these Germans. Luckily I have no common frontier with them."
Rikeriki, Vienna.

SHREDS AND PATCHES.

THE EPIC. The Everest film last night by not been explained by the human voice. The titles were in good sense and not overdone; and there was interest in the picture for all. It is good that the picture is being shown to school-children. The Government and particularly the Education Department should take the picture to its heart and arrange for it to be seen by as many as possible.

It was interesting to observe the way the innovation of having a matinee at 6.15 p.m. in the Theatre Royal went. There was a good crowd and it was plain to see that there is a class in Hongkong willing to be entertained from the time that afternoon tea ceases to the eve of the dinner hour. 6.15 would appear to suit professional as well as business men and also ladies who feel that home has a great claim on them. It will be interesting to see if the experiment is taken up by others.

EXPLAINED. "It is rather difficult," says "Beachcomber" in the Daily Express to describe radio to one who knows nothing about it. He then suggests the following: Supposing you had a dog with a very long body, one that reached from Wigan in Scotland to the Isle of Wight, and supposing you trot on its tail in Wigan one day. Well, it would bark in the Isle of Wight the next second. Wireless is like that, only without the dog. And it need not be Wigan or the Isle of Wight.

WORDS AND MUSIC. "Our church has been without a pastor, for some months," writes a subscriber to *The Outlook*. "On Saturday the choir leader gave this notice to the daily paper: 'Linden Congregational Church. Morning worship at ten o'clock. Rev. Mr. Silver will preach and the choir will sing.' The Lord have mercy upon us." Mr. Silver read the notice, but said nothing. In his sermon, however, he spoke of the wonders of science, and especially of airships. "It will not be long," he said, "before they will be in common use. I can imagine many of this congregation getting into a big airplane on Sunday morning and going to some church many miles away to hear some good music."

WIGS ON. Happy Valley know something of the business which takes them there. Not so other people in other places. "I never understand betting," says Mr. Justice Rowlatt. Just now it is to be feared that there are not many of his brethren of the Bench who could enlighten him very much, but in the Victorian era he could have got plenty of expert advice. There was Baron Martin, who being shown a beautiful landscape, replied, "Oh, yes—and I'd have the winning-post over there!" Lord Russell of Killowen was a very great man at Newmarket in his day, and Mr. Justice Hawkins knew everything there was to be known about the turf.

TUSSAUDS. If Hongkong was asked to subscribe to a new Tussocks would it do so? It's burning seems to have caused some thoughts racing in the minds of Londoners or those who knew the place. Certainly there is a definite hope that the place will rise again at no distant date. Says one Home writer:—
To me, as to many others, Madame Tussocks was a brighter and a better National Portrait Gallery; its place in public esteem was securely fixed some where between Westminster Abbey and the Crystal Palace. Watching the pink flames during that hour of holocaust, a certain sadness passed through the crowd as though the Old Curiosity Shop of Dickens was perishing. And were not Mrs. Jarley's waxworks being consumed? The crowd were not so deeply affected when Napoleon's carriage became a fiery chariot, but there was an off expressed anxiety to save the Chamber of Horrors, somewhat relieved the next day by the enigmatic poster "Gippen Saved." Meantime none saw the parody of the Inferno, Bottomley and Father Vaughan and Lady Astor and Queen Victoria melting into each other's arms.

PEW-RENT. Kowloon has abolished the pew SYSTEM, but the Cathedral still goes in for sittings. The Committee which was appointed by the Church Assembly at the spring of 1923 to consider and report upon the question of pew-rents, and the appropriation of sittings in churches have issued their report. The report states that the total number of churches having pew-rents was given as 1,143 out

of 13,000 returns by the statistical department and as 1,240 by the Revenues Commission. The proportion would thus appear to have decreased from 15.6 in 1886 to 11.3 or 10.4 according to which source of information was accepted, and the total number from 1,741 to about 1,200. The number of sittings rented was given as 262,633 out of 5,977,103, or rather over 4 per cent. The total income received in rents was roughly £144,000 per annum. There is a story of a somewhat straight-from-the-shoulder naval man who strolled into a "fashionable" Church one Sunday and unknowingly sat him down in a paled pew. The rector coming in, was furious, but could not very well say anything. However he handed the naval man a card on which was written: I pay £50 a year for the pew you are occupying without my permission. This was returned with the scribbled comment: "You pay d—n well too much."

Literary critics. THE HERMAN and other rude people have sometimes made fun of Miss Ethel Dell's heroines, who prefer the strong, silent man to the soulful variety; the cave-type who seizes his enchantress by the back hair rather than the Greek god who only gazes into the peerless depths of his mistress's eyes. The critics should apologise, for Miss Jane Burr, of America, has announced that she is divorcing her (second) husband because he is "tall and thin and melancholy—the deep, black reclusive, a sweet, sensitive, near-male who was looking for a mother." He no longer fills the bill! Miss Burr thought she liked him, but now she is sure she does not; what she really wants, and means to get this time, is a proper "he-man"—and this, according to her, is "the cry of all the so-called intellectual women of my acquaintance." In other words, the Walk, if not the Way of an Eagle—the Ethel Dell man who murmurs pleasantly as he bullies the blushing bride, "A woman, a dog, and a walnut-tree, the more you beat them the better they be." If Miss Burr's case is typical, there is a boom in masculinity and a slump in feminism—or the return of the return of the feminine woman. The Victorian age is, it is pretty avenged on its grand-children.

One of the minor A DAISY. problems of life CHAIN. "is an engaged couple in the house. Though statistics are lacking, it is probable that the high percentage of lunacy among parents is due to the protracted engagements of their offspring."

To live in close proximity to two persons who are engaged is (according to evidence) to exist in a continual state of nervous tension as to which room in the house is virtually closed to visitors.

It may be parlour, billiard-room, study, drawing-room, conservatory, attic, or photographic dark room—the question is which?

The importance of being certain is exemplified by the story of the deaf parent who on hearing clicks coming from the billiard-room ventured in, only to find the clicks were musical, not spherical.

But—since it is well known that the interrupter is always more confused than the one interrupted—it is safe to assume that that parent wished to sink through the floor or perform some other feat beyond his strength.

And—as it is an everyday fact that an engaged couple notices nothing except its component part—is it not safe to assume also that parents (and others) credit lovers with a sensibility that they do not possess?

Love is dearer than poets or parents. A song might be banged until Love's ears were filled with brass filings, yet fail to impart the simple news that "dinner is served."

Love—in parenthesis—is also dumb, imbecile, and paralytic. Poets have substituted other and more beautiful words, but a coin cannot be expected to come down "heads" every time.

This being so (and who shall dispute it?), those precautionary noises made by parents (and others) when wishing to give warning of their possible and incomprehensible approach are surely sheer waste of nervous tissue.

Moreover, a house wherein every movement is orchestrated, is a house given over to sudden bursts of whistling, humming, and operating; to false fits of sneezing and forced paroxysms of coughing—such a house is a poor, elongated synonym for Home.

BOXER FUND. SPENDING BRITAIN'S PORTION. INTERESTING SUGGESTION.

Hongkong University to be on Chinese Mainland.

That Hongkong's University should be moved to the mainland in Chinese leased territory is part of the latest suggestion regarding the Boxer funds.

"ASTUTE" MOVE.
(*Reuter's Service.*)

London, May 10. A correspondent of the "Observer," commenting on the action of the House of Commons in passing the third reading of the China Indemnity Bill, hopes the House of Lords, when the Bill comes before them, will take a longer and larger view of Imperial policy than the House of Commons.



Donald McNeill.

The writer says that the refusal of Mr. Ronald McNeill, Under Secretary of Foreign Affairs, to confine the fund to education and similar purposes, and his statement that he desired to leave the committee free to subsidize not only medical work but also conservancy and engineering, were plainly intended to refer to conservancy in the Tientsin area and the completion of the Canton-Hankow railway which the Tientsin Chamber of Commerce astutely put forward as an attempt to get something for their area and to placate South China.

Were the fund twenty times as large both projects no doubt would be acceptable, but in view of the smallness of the fund, education including medicine, should absorb it all.

If the universities of Peking and Hongkong could thus be enabled to remove from their present constricted sites to the western hills and the mainland in Chinese leased territory, respectively, North China and South China would both benefit, and two monuments more enduring than brass would testify to England's goodwill towards China.

Writing in mail week, "The New Statesman" said: We are glad to see signs of increasing public interest in the proposals of the China Indemnity Bill. The decision that Great Britain should follow the example of other countries in remitting her quota of the Boxer indemnity was taken a considerable time ago. A Bill providing that the money should be spent on the education of the Chinese was introduced originally by the Conservatives in 1923, again by the Labour Government last year, and now by the Conservatives once more. There was hot Labour opposition to its second reading last week, on the grounds that there were insubstantial reasons for the money being devoted primarily to education. Strong opposition was also expressed by the Labour Government in dropping Mr. Russell and Mr. Lovell Dickinson from the Committee set up to devise and carry out the scheme. Mr. Ronald McNeill did his best to placate the critics, but some of the Tories behind him made no concealment of what they want. What they want is expenditure on "the development of railways, roads and canals," and their desire is apparently shared by certain Chinese military leaders. But the weight of opinion in China is against the use of the money for commercial ends. The weight of opinion—even of Christian opinion—in China is also against the use of it for the benefit of religious missions. Sir Arthur Shipley, the Master of Christ's, writes to the "Times" this week enclosing a memorial from a number of Cambridge Professors and Heads of Colleges. This memorial urges the importance of devoting the fund to nothing but education or strictly cognate purposes. That is the only decent course for this country to take—and it is, moreover, the only sensible course. On the one hand, is the possibility of a paltry material gain of a thou-

sand or two miles of railway. On the other hand there is the opportunity of showing the Chinese that we are at least as capable of subordinating our acquisitive instincts as are the Americans and Japanese and Russians, who have all devoted their shares to educational or cultural purposes.

THE OTHER SIDE. "Conservancy work on a large scale in the Province of Chihli is most important, because every year thousands of people are killed by floods, and millions of dollars' worth of property are destroyed. If it is still the intention of the British Government to use these (Boxer Indemnity) funds for the mutual benefit of the British and Chinese, surely no better use could be made of them than devoting at least a portion to save life and property."

The foregoing is an extract from a letter by General Li Ching-shan, military governor of Chihli, and appeared in English and Chinese in a recent issue of the "Peking and Tientsin Times." It is appropriate to quote it at the present time when the matter of the China Indemnity Bill is so much before the public, for it comes as a counterblast to the propaganda which has been so assiduously conducted in favour of using the funds purely for educational purposes. Last week, while the Bill was before a Committee of the House of Commons, the Federation of British Industries urged in a memorandum that 20 or 30 per cent. of the Indemnity should be devoted to education and the rest applied to schemes of conservancy and reclamation and of communications. As regards conservancy, the memorandum said, millions of Chinese were constantly on the verge of starvation owing to periodical floods and consequent famine. Besides the humanitarian benefits which would be conferred—the saving of immense numbers of lives and the obviating of immeasurable suffering—the effect would be to increase the production of the land, which in its turn would lead to increased purchasing power and a higher standard of living. As regards communications, China has only about 7,000 miles of railway serving an estimated population of over 400,000,000, compared with Great Britain with its 20,000 miles of railway and a population of 35,000,000 only. The Tientsin British Chamber of Commerce, an authority on the spot, is also strongly of the opinion that after adequately supporting British education and medical institutions in China, the remaining funds should be devoted towards helping China to recover economic and political stability. This view has ample support from other British and Chinese interests throughout the country, and now there is Mr. J. O. P. Bland advocating in the "Morning Post" the scientific conservancy of the Yellow River. He has no use for railway projects, so long as the country remains in the mercy of marauding troops, but his conservancy scheme, he regarded as "an enterprise which, while providing an instructive object lesson, would prevent the ever-recurring devastation of a wide area of country to the immediate benefit of the Chinese people and of foreign trade." The House of Commons Committee has wisely decided to leave the matter of defining the purpose to which the money shall be devoted to the discretion of the Advisory Committee which is to be set up.

SILVER WEDDING. EMPEROR AND EMPRESS OF JAPAN. (*Reuter's Service.*)

Tokyo, May 10.—The silver-wedding of their Majesties, the



Emperor and Empress of Japan.

Emperor and Empress is now being celebrated.

IMPERIAL FESTIVITIES.
(*Courtesy of Daily Bulletin.*)

Tokyo, May 10. Their Majesties the Emperor and Empress of Japan celebrate their silver wedding to-day.

The Tokyo Municipal authorities are giving a public dinner in Ueno Park to celebrate the occasion.

The Electric Bureau is running ten decorated trams through the leading streets of the capital, and a lantern procession composed of about 30,000 members of the Tokyo Young Men's Association is to be held this evening, starting in front of the Imperial Palace and proceeding to the Ueno Park round by the Akasaka Palace, Ginza and Nishi-bashi.

Although the actual date is to-day, the Municipal celebrations began yesterday, and they will continue till tomorrow.

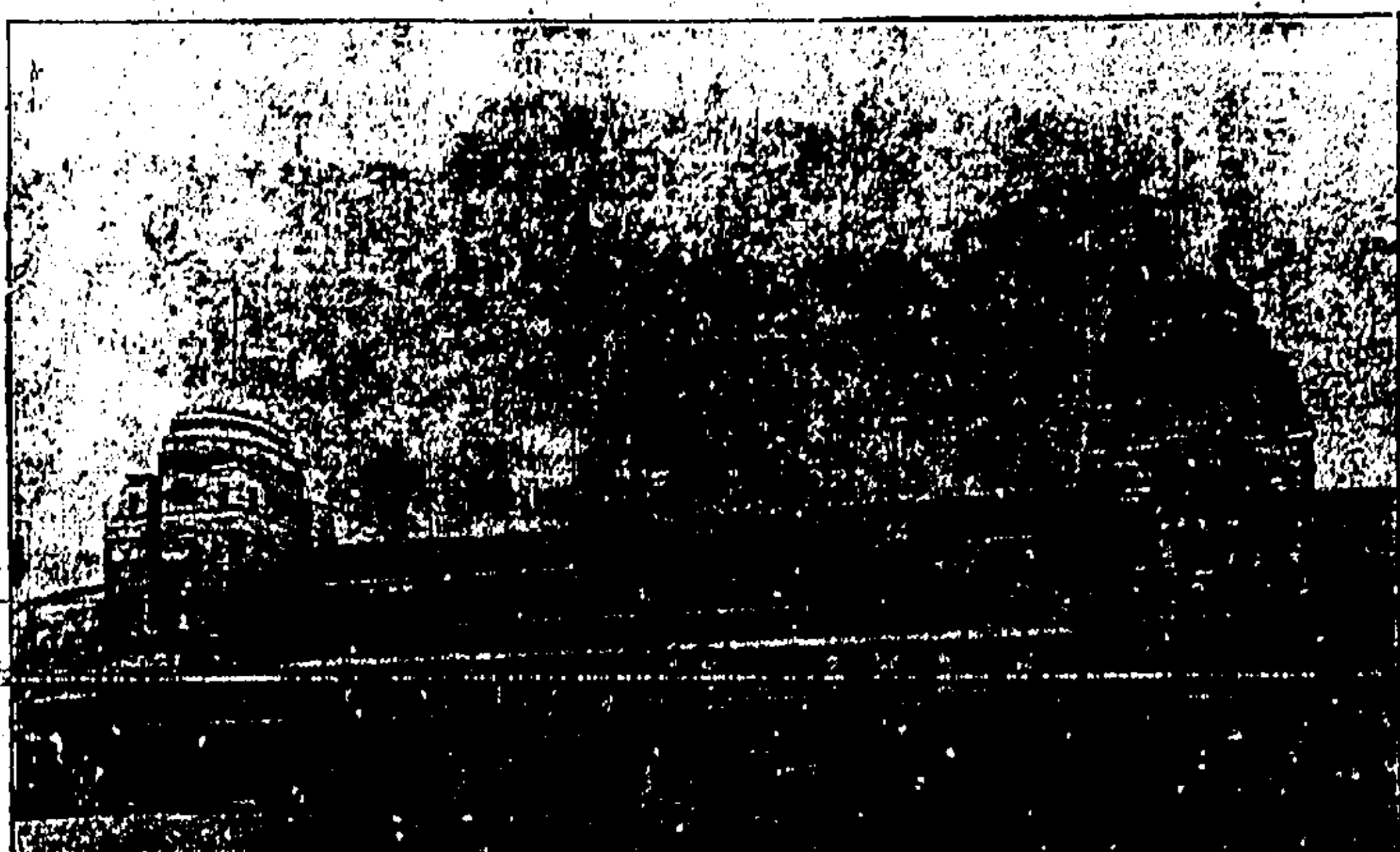
Every house in the city is displaying the national flag in the daytime, and lanterns at night time. The silver wedding banquet will be given in the Imperial Palace, and a reception, to which the foreign diplomats have been invited, will also be held. Amongst the decorations is a huge gateway of greenery erected at the Babasaki Gate leading to the Palace. The gate and columns are festooned in red, white and yellow hunting. A multi-coloured electric light cluster plays from the top of the Gate at night time.

An athletic meeting was held to-day in the water gardens of the Meiji Shrine, and other attractions were wrestling matches, pugilistic public contests by the naval and military bands, a "No" dance in the Kusan Shrine, and fire works.

A large silver vase with inlaid gold decorations was the present given by the members of the Imperial family to the Emperor and Empress, and individual presents were also made by members of the Imperial family.

This Committee has now been increased to admit of another representative of the Republic of China, and it should be able to commence its deliberations very shortly. If those who favour the whole of the money being allocated to education would answer Mr. Bland's question: Can they point to a single instance in which the results of foreign education have been manifested in any political or administrative reform conducive to the welfare of the Chinese people? Can they point to a single career conspicuous for single-minded integrity in the public service? Satisfactory answers would greatly help the committee in reaching a decision, but who is able to give them?

WHERE THE FLAGS AGAIN FLUTTER IN THE BREEZE.



The Stadium at Wembley where the British Empire Exhibition was opened by the King and Queen on Saturday. The Stadium is the largest sports arena in the world, being one and a half times bigger than the Coliseum at Rome. It accommodates 120,000 people.

EMPIRE PAGEANT. WEMBLEY THROWN OPEN AGAIN. STIRRING SCENES. Stupendous Crowds Hear King's Speech.

Amid great enthusiasm and splendour the King and Queen opened the British Empire Exhibition on Saturday afternoon.

KING'S SPEECH.
(*Reuter's Service.*)

London, May 9. The British Empire Exhibition was reopened to-day in Stages by His Majesty the King, accompanied by the Queen, amid great enthusiasm and splendour. The weather was fine, though occasionally overcast. The grounds and decorations are vastly improved, on last year, and present quite an artistic appearance. The Exhibition itself was rendered more compact and attractive. Many exhibits of the Dominions' and colonial pavilions have been changed and supplemented.

Stupendous crowds, bound for Wembley by road, blocked the traffic. The Stadium was packed long before the arrival of their Majesties the King and Queen, who were heralded by a fanfare of trumpets and the booming of guns. After driving round the stadium to the accompaniment of deafening

The Duke of York, addressing His Majesty before the latter's speech, said the new date for the opening was chosen because it was the fifteenth anniversary of the date of the proclamation of the King Emperor. He stated that the Empire representatives who were associated with this great enterprise took occasion to offer humble duty, and hoped he would long reign. The present Exhibition, while maintaining the same character as last year's would present the lesson of Empire in a new manner. The aim had been to provide not only a complete University of Empire, but a great pleasure and recreation ground.

His Majesty the King, in opening the Exhibition, referring to the wise and patriotic step in continuing for another year what had been rightly described as the University of the Empire, declared that the Exhibition was a successful instrument of policy for spreading knowledge of mutual aspirations, capacities and needs, which was the



King George and Queen Mary.

cheers. His Majesty the King, in the uniform of an Admiral of the Fleet, and the Queen, took their seats on golden thrones on a crimson and gold dais on each side of which sat High Commissioners, representatives of the Colonies and diplomatists. Groups of Indian officers in multi-coloured uniforms, Guards of Honour from the Army, Navy and Air Force, mounted Stadium detachments, nursing services, military and naval schools and Chelsea pensioners, grouped in the vicinity of the dais, made a dazzling colour picture.

Though the weather was fine in London, with the usual Wembley luck a heavy rainstorm broke the moment the King rose and the Stadium became a sea of umbrellas. The vast audience rose and cheered when the King, whose ten minutes' speech was audible everywhere in the Stadium, declared the Exhibition open. A short religious service, followed. Torrential rain rendered the clergy almost inaudible.

foundation of goodwill between contented peoples, upon which the British Empire depends for security and prosperity. The King welcomed the Overseas representatives and congratulated the Board of Management on presenting the Empire in a new aspect, giving a complete, vivid and yet fresh picture. He said he was glad to learn that last year's results were so favourable, and he hoped there would be a continuance of the beneficent work of assembling peoples of many lands, to whom the Exhibition would demonstrate how many of their wants can be supplied from some part of our Commonwealth nations, while we at home see numerous opportunities offered by great countries overseas to those wishing a wider horizon and new fields of endeavour.

His Majesty welcomed the Exhibition policy of presenting lessons in lighter and brighter form, because those coming to be entertained will remain to be educated, and will return to be further educated. He specially rejoiced that housing had been made a central feature, pointing out that the foundation of the Empire is in the home and the provision of houses permitting healthy home life is a matter not only of domestic but of Imperial importance.

Finally, he trusted that the Exhibition at its close will have completed the task of showing our peoples and the world generally a picture of the British Empire intent on aims of peaceful reconstruction and careful development of its resources, earnestly seeking peace at home and abroad.

His Majesty concluded by praying the blessing of God on the Exhibition, that it would serve to draw closer the bonds of uniting the Empire, encourage the growth of commerce within and without the Empire, and promote the prosperity and happiness of the world.

The opening of the Exhibition was saluted by twenty-one guns and aeroplanes circling above, while simultaneously the Duke of York sent a telegram to the Prince of Wales announcing the event. Rain ceased just before the King and Queen left the dais at 12.30 p.m.

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| G8293 | GO 'LONG MULE | ... | ... |
| | ELIZA | ... | ... |
| 3458 | WHAT'LL I DO | ... | ... |
| | BURNING KISSES | ... | ... |
| 3515 | IT AIN'T GONNA RAIN NO MO' | ... | ... |
| | BELEIVE ME | ... | ... |
| 3440 | WHY DID I KISS THAT GIRL | ... | ... |
| | THE LITTLE WOODEN WHISTLE WOULDN'T | ... | ... |
| | (WHISTLE) | ... | ... |
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CORRESPONDENCE.

Our Trams—A Visitor's Views.

(To the Editor of the China Mail.)

Sir,—Permit me as a visitor to your interesting city to make mention of your car service—or of one incident in connection with it. It refers to overcrowding in spite of warning rules or notices against such. I attempted to board a tram car at your Happy Valley the other evening, but I soon desisted. There was a big crowd on most of the cars and other people were crowding on. The cars were packed to suffocation and held more than I guess was intended by the men who built them. One thing I noticed was that a number of Chinese policemen boarded the cars although they could see there was no room for them. These same men were smoking and had no belief in the rules they should have set an example. I am told this kind of thing is not uncommon. If so, Sir, it suggests a bad state of affairs and one that should be remedied. Human nature is such that it takes no notice of things until they happen. Someday something will happen on these cars. It will be too late to save life or perhaps injured limbs. That is not too late now. A new "institute" same method of traffic control and direction of cars. I hope you will have done what I have seen improved very considerably.

Yours, etc.,

COSMOPOLITAN.

Hongkong, May 6.

Wanchai Up.

(To the Editor of the China Mail.)

Sir—Something is wrong. The P.W.D. appear to have made a mistake. Wanchai does not want either a golf course or a burial ground. I say this because the place is literally up. Every few steps and one sees a cavity. The oblong shapes suggest a grave; the round ones a golf tee. At night mounds of earth are lit up by feeble gleams of light which very often go out. What is the P.W.D. doing? Is it looking for a prehistoric man or his remains, or is it digging for gold? The Pottinger Works Dept.!

Yours, etc.,

NOMEVILLE.

Hongkong, May 7.

Hongkong Education.

(To the Editor of the China Mail.)

Sir,—Your correspondent, "Ex-Teacher," has given us an amusingly candid insight into what he or she thinks a teacher's training course consists of, to wit, "A certificated teacher represents a person who has passed fairly well in a considerable number of subjects." What rot!

I passed my matriculation with Honours in all sorts of subjects. I passed fairly well.

Conclusion.—I am therefore a certificated teacher.
Ex-Logic.—Reductio ad Absurdum.

There again, "there are people competent to teach and yet without the ability to cram to enable them to pass the certificate examinations." Woe unto such persons. If they cannot pass on their normal brain capacity, I pity them.

"Cramming," says W. James, the great teacher and psychologist, "brings nothing but speedy oblivion."

Then in the same vein your correspondent goes on to say something tantamount to asserting that a degree is but a sort of "tag" or "tosh" and that mere teaching ability, with no matter how elementary, or inadequate a knowledge of the subject is all that is required. It's like asking an American tourist to show you round Hongkong—he having trotted round many other parts of this world of ours. How sensible!

And now to come to my real point in writing this short epistle. Does "Ex-Teacher" realise that a Teacher's Training Course consists of studies in—

(i) The Principles of Education.

(ii) Special Methodology: which by the way, I might explain, includes a comprehensive study of methods both old and new of teaching the ordinary school subjects.

Now, what does your correspondent mean by saying "The best method of presenting a subject to a class is not included." Was this in the days of Mulcaster (1581-1611) who first suggested training colleges for teachers?

I am at a loss to understand how, after three long centuries, your training colleges have derogated

gated into schools training teachers "in a considerable number of subjects," leaving out the practical part. It's a revelation.

(iii) History of Education. Which I think Ex-Teacher could study with much profit to him or herself and others.

(iv) Practical Training. This, though placed last for obvious reasons, is essentially the most important of all four—and further cannot be taken until the Theory papers have been passed, thus ensuring a competent knowledge in a certain number not "considerable" of ordinary school subjects.

Prochel, whose name ought to be familiar to Ex-Teacher if he was ever worthy of that title said that, "Teachers, no less than doctors, must go through a course of professional training." But of course, posterity according to some has thought little of this. I might as well point out that the ordinary person without a certificate of some kind hasn't got a ghost of a chance to get a post as teacher in any decent school at home and in almost all cases a degree is necessary if not essential. In some cases nominations are made and then the honours man takes the bait, but such opportunities are pretty rare, few and far between.

After all, a certificate is a guarantee that the holder is capable of teaching, and if some teachers are born, they can well profit by a course of training and by a suitable recognition of their own ability.

It is not so taboo as some would have us believe. I can assure you. The trained teacher can be differentiated from his ill equipped fellow-worker at once. The one introduces novel methods of teaching, the other continues in the same old rut year after year, fondly believing, "what was good enough for my father is good enough for me."

It pays after all to get the trained man.

There is something more in teaching than standing in front of a class "spouting" or dictating notes to the poor brutes whose minds are being cramped.

Yours, etc.,

PEUS-ASTOUNDED.

Hongkong, May 5.

(To the Editor of the China Mail.)

Sir,—On going over your report of the meeting of the Board of Education held last Wednesday, I find myself in the midst of many difficulties.

(1) What exactly does the Director of Education mean by "a member of the instructional staff of the University of British Columbia?" I believe in the United States, if not in Canada itself, there are such things as "Instructors in Physical Culture," "Workshop Instructors." These are certainly not positions calling for mental ability.

(2) In what subject did the particular inexperienced and un-certificated Oxford man take his honours? Mr. Orme has many times stressed the close resemblance between Greek and Chinese ideals and thoughts. Does this mean that an honours man in Greek is fit to teach Chinese boys English, or any other similar subject, not to speak of Mathematics and Science? Of course, I do not say this particular Oxford graduate took his honours in Classics or Greek, but one never can tell, until the powers that be give us more definite information.

(3) What exactly is the basis of Mr. Orme's statement that "so far as teaching Chinese boys is concerned they (inexperienced teachers) are quite as useful as men with experience"? Has Mr. Orme himself or any of his Oxford honours men, actually met with such great success as to justify this statement?

(4) Does the Director of Education realise that men do not enter the Government service as teachers merely for the love of it; if they did, they would find far more opportunities of doing good in private schools? The fact is, they either went to a University with the intention of becoming teachers and knew beforehand what the advantages were as compared with the rather low scale of salaries, or they were placed into it by economic circumstances. In the latter case, they would do far better if they first experimented on children of their own mother tongue before they tried to impart knowledge to foreigners.

Yours, etc.,

QUEEN.

Hongkong, May 9.

(To the Editor of the China Mail.)

Sir,—Chinese man he no savvy. You pay him one piece teacher happ got title, no got title, sam. Who man tawky the man

Yours, etc.,

NOT JEALOUS.

Hongkong, May 10.

SELLING AT A LOSS.

HONGKONG PIECE GOODS.

TRADE.

JAPANESE RIVALRY.

The general manager of Yee Lee Yuen, importers, exporters, and agents in Hongkong, sends the "Manchester Guardian" a letter, in which he says:

The spring trade seems to have a rather auspicious beginning. The much-looked-for opportunities at this time of the year have not altogether vanished, but the outlook is very hopeful of doing a great deal before the summer. The chief obstacle in the way of fresh business is the accumulated stocks, which aggregate \$8,000,000 worth of silks, whites, and fancy broadens. So far there are no means of disposing of this large carry-over from last year. Some are willing to get rid of the stocks at original cost, while others even resort to selling them at a loss. Despite these efforts, the congestion remains unabated in consequence of the endless civil strife near Canton.

The Japanese have become rivals to be reckoned with by the English, particularly in prints, white cotton, delfts, figured and plain poplins, checked, shirtings, cotton listings, fancy printed goods, white shirtings and grey shirtings of 81 lb. and 10 lb., as well as jeans, flannel, and canopies. The quality of their goods is far inferior to English, but Chinese consumers have taken a fancy to them simply because they are much less expensive than those from the English mills. It may also be pointed out that the Japanese have of late been making a more efficient method than the English have of popularising their goods in China. Instead of employing various trade marks in various trading centres of one quality, as the English do, the Japanese use only one "ticket" for all consuming centres. The advantage of this lies in the fact that if the trade mark in question goes unfavourably in one place it may easily be taken to another, where there is a better chance of its being well received.

The note of warning that the Chinese piece goods merchants would desire to sound is that English labour and capital should adjust their cost of production in such a way that they can hope to meet effectively the keen competition of the Japanese piece goods that bid fair to outstrip all other rivals in this field.

happy got title cando teechee pidgin. He got title, no happy work, he belong allo sam small baby. He wanchee run, he no savvy how fashion walkee. How can? My savvy this belong no good pidgin. What tawkye Hongkong teechee tai-pun? What you tawkye?

Yours, etc.,

LOH YEH.

Hongkong, May 9.

Local Tennis.

(To the Editor of the China Mail.)

Sir,—Your correspondent "Reformer" seems to have an axe to grind. I am surprised that such an unfair attack should have found its way into your valuable and respectable columns. It serves no good purpose except to arouse racial antagonisms. Your specious and apparently very interested correspondent suggests that because Ng Sze-kwong found O'Callaghan in a friendly match too tough a nut the ex-champion was afraid to enter the Open Championship this year. Those who know Ng Sze-kwong will acquit him at once of any such fear. If there is a true sportsman in the Colony it is Ng Sze-kwong; your correspondent might with advantage take a leaf from his book. Ng Sze-kwong has no fancy ideas about his tennis; he knows just how high he ranks, and can take a beating with the next man. He plays for the game's sake, but having completed regularly on the championship courts for the past eleven years, he is surely entitled to a rest if he wants one, without any cheap sneers by miserable people like "Reformer." When and where Ng Sze-kwong plays tennis is Ng Sze-kwong's business; it certainly is no concern of critics such as "Reformer." I begin to suspect the latter's nationality and his reason for writing.

As to the alleged unfairness of Ng Sze-kwong's being selected to play the Americans, I understand there is no question of representation of the Colony. Ng Sze-kwong was merely asked to play the Americans in some friendly exhibition games, and consented. But after all, the Kinseys came to China to play the Chinese, and who was a better right to represent China than Ng Sze-kwong? If the Americans want to play the Indians, I guess they'll go to India, whereafter, perhaps "Reformer" will hold his peace.

Yours, etc.,

NOT JEALOUS.

Hongkong, May 10.

LOCAL SPORT.

INTERPORT-CRICKET.

SHANGHAI CONFIDENT OF VICTORY.

STARS' ABSENT.

In the latest Shanghai papers to hand, the date for the interport cricket match is given as May 18. Of the best known Shanghai players, the following are away:—

Donald Leach (on leave), A. W. Hayward (transferred to Hongkong), Jimmy Quayle, Captain E. I. M. Barrett, W. G. G. Clifford, H. E. Muriel (formerly of Hongkong).

Names of others who will be available to play against Hongkong, if chosen are:—Dr. O'Hara, J. C. Burn, T. A. T. Best, "Torry" Wilson, J. H. Bhora, F. L. Walwright (who captained a Shanghai team in Hongkong, a few years ago), M. J. Divecha, C. J. Merritt (new arrival), H. W. Allison, H. C. B. Peck, W. H. Lanning, T. L. Rawsthorne, Dr. H. H. Morris, E. G. Barnes and others.

Commenting on the coming interport, the China Press of May 4 says, inter alia:—"Shanghai should certainly be able to field a team quite able to avenge the reverses of the last two meetings. On the whole prospects seem very bright, and we can confidently expect a victory for Shanghai."

VOLUNTEER SPORTS.

ABOUT 150 ENTRIES RECEIVED.

HOW THEY STAND.

On inquiry this morning, the "China Mail" was informed by Mr. E. J. R. Mitchell, honorary secretary, that apart from the team entries, he had received nearly 150 entries by Saturday last, for the Hongkong Volunteer Defence Corps sports meeting; however, he was still checking things over and expected the figure might be passed.

Strange to say, there had been no entry for the 50 yards "blind" race. Entries for the open mile event will come in later, added Mr. Mitchell.

For the purpose of the sports meeting on Monday, June 1, when it is hoped the H.K.F.C.'s ground will be available, the Corps has been divided into eight units, which will compete for the cup presented by the commandant (Lieut.-Col. L. G. Bird, D.S.O.) as follows:—Artillery Company, Engineer Company, Mounted Infantry, Armoured Car Section, Machine-Gunners, Infantry Co. (previously No. 1 Platoon), Scottish Company, and Reserve Company.

The programme of events arranged include races over 80 yards, 220 yards, 400 yards, 880 yards, one mile, 3 miles and 120 yards hurdles. There will also be high jump, long jump, throwing the cricket ball and putting the shot competitions; while in addition to the tug-of-war and team relay race, there will be a six-a-side football competition.

A start has already been made with the football and tug-of-war. In the football, the Infantry are in the top semi-final where they play the winner of the Machine-Gunners v. Engineers tie. In the lower bracket of the semi-final, the Scottish Co. will play the Mounted Infantry.

Through the Reserves and the Artillery Co. scratching, the Scottish Co. only had to defeat the Infantrymen to enter the final of the tug-of-war. In the lower half, the Mounted Infantry will meet the Engineers for the right of having a pull in the semi-final, with the Machine-Gunners, who have disposed of the Armoured Car section.

DUE TO-MORROW.

KINSEY BROTHERS AND SNODGRASS.

"WEATHER PERMITTING."

Weather permitting and contingent on their having sailed by the s.s. "Empress of Canada" which is due to arrive here from Manila at 8 o'clock to-morrow, the leading American tennis players, the Kinsey brothers and Snodgrass, will begin their series of matches at the H.K.C.C. courts to-morrow afternoon, commencing each day at 4.15 p.m. Singles, first best of three sets, doubles best of five sets.

The provisional programme is as follows:—May 12, Tuesday.—H. Snodgrass v. Ng Sze-kwong; R. Kinsey v. Captain O'Callaghan; and N. E. Vintcent v. H. Snodgrass.

May 13, Wednesday.—H. Snodgrass v. T. Honda; R. Kinsey v. Ng Sze-kwong and Captain O'Callaghan.

May 14, Thursday.—H. Kinsey v. Captain O'Callaghan; R. Kinsey v. H. Snodgrass; and Ng Sze-kwong and R. E. Tottenham.

CLOSING CRUISE.

YACHT CLUB'S "LADIES" DAY.

PRIZES PRESENTED.

An attractive programme of races and an exhibition game of bowls, with H.E. the Governor participating in the latter, marked the close of the cruise season at the Royal Hongkong Yacht Club on Saturday afternoon.

The weather was brilliant for the occasion of the closing cruise, the attendance including a large number of ladies, many of whom travelled in the motor boats accompanying the contestants, whilst others preferred to sit on the lawn engaged in conversation or watching the exhibition game of bowls.

Amongst early arrivals were His Excellency Sir Edward Stubbs, Sir Henry Cowper Gollan, the Hon. Mr. Harold T. Creasy and Mrs. Creasy, and the Hon. Mr. A. O. Lang and Mrs. Lang.

The band of the East Surrey Regiment was in attendance and discoursed a selection of music.

The officials were:—

Officer of the Day.—The Commodore.—Captain T. Arthur.

Starter.—The Vice-Commodore.—Mr. E. W. Carpenter.

Umpires.—The Hon. Mr. C. McI. Messer and Dr. E. P. Minett.

Judges.—Captain A. W. Davison, R.N.R., Mr. E. Cock and Mr. W. Logan.

Rowing Officers of the Day.—Commodore A. J. B. Stirling C.B., R.N., The Hon. Mr. C. McI. Messer, Mr. T. J. Easterbrook, Mr. E. W. Carpenter, Mr. W. Logan and Dr. E. P. Minett.

Clerk of the Course.—Mr. A. W. van Andel.

Time keeper.—Yeoman of Signals J. Murphy.

The following were the results: English Rigged Cruisers.—1, U. and L. Mr. H. S. Rouse; 2, Norseman, Messrs. Ryan, Moncrieff and Edwards; 3, Imogen, Mr. A. W. Tickle.

Racing Yachts (Ladies Races): There were the Handicap Class and the One Design Class, both of which started together over a distance of 4 1/2 miles; and a Heyward Hays Class and Gael Class, over the same distance, which also started together. The course was:—Start Club House line (W. to E.), mark off Kowloon Dock Point (P.), mark off Black Head's Point (P.), mark off Club House line (P.), twice round.

Handicap (Class Letter H.)—1, Rolla, Mrs. Carpenter; 2, Diana, Miss Hollingsworth; 3, Dorothea, Mrs. Martin; 4, Falcon, Miss Shaw.

One Design Class (Class Letter L.)—1, Ailsa, Mrs. Owen Hughes; 2, Halcyn, Mrs. L. E. Scott.

Heyward Hays Class (Class Letter Y.)—1, Seakark, Mrs. Cock; 2, Ursula, Mrs. Faussett; 3, Bluenose, Mrs. Tracey.

Gael Class (Class Letter G.)—1, Joan, Mrs. Davison.

The "Leveson" Cup.—Distance 1 mile. This was keenly contested, the winners being the F.W.D. crew comprising K. S. Robertson, stroke; C. W. E. Bishop, 3; F. Baker, 2; R. C. Keen, bow; E. Lenfesty, cox. Second place was secured by the Hongkong Electric Co. C. B. Easterbrook, stroke; S. T. Padgett, 3; R. W. Smith, 2; J. Paul, bow; C. Petley, cox; and third by the A.P.C.: R. M. Jack, stroke; J. Lyons, 3; E. Moore, 2; H. Foster, bow; J. Kinross, cox.

The "Club" Fours.—Distance 1 mile, for bona fide members of the Club only had three crews competing. The winners were the No. 1 team: R. M. Jack, stroke; Easterbrook, 3; Smith, 2; Jones, bow; Petley, cox. Second and third places were secured by crews stroked by A. C. Groves and K. S. Robertson respectively.

The Race for Collapsible Life boats from Submarines was a hard struggle, four boats coming almost in a bunch at the finishing point. The boats had to be beached and collapsed, and a hinge which refused to move proved the undoing of the boat from L.33, which looked a possible winner. The order decided by the judges was 1, L.4; 2, L.9; 3, L.19; 4, L.33.

Commodore's Speech.

Before the presentation of prizes, Captain T. Arthur said:—Your Excellency, ladies and gentlemen,—This Closing Cruise marks the end of another very successful sailing season for the Royal Hongkong Yacht Club and in reviewing the Club's activities during the season, I am proud to say that the Committee and members have nothing to reproach themselves with.

The various sailing events have been successfully and keenly contested, and thoroughly enjoyed by all our sailing enthusiasts, and in saying that I include all those

ladies who competed in the Ladies' Championship Races.

I am glad to be able to state that the Committee were enabled to hold the first Macao Race confined to cruisers during this season and the cup presented by Mr. G. Potts was most enthusiastically raced for by the various boat owners and, from the stories that filtered through after the race was finished, I gathered that some of our cruising yachtsmen had a very thrilling time.

Another event of importance for the Club was the visit of a team from the Shanghai Yacht Club and after a successful series of races sailed in our own boats. I am proud to say that the Hongkong team, in their very best yachting manner, relieved them of their flag. However, it was a great fight and the Northern Club was certainly at a disadvantage by sailing strange boats in unaccustomed waters. When the return match is sailed for in the Shanghai River we shall have a strenuous fight to keep the flag.

Mr. Byrne before he left very kindly presented the "Shanghai Cup" which was won by Capt. Davison in "Bluenose."

Our friends from the Navy gave us this season a chance to get the flag back, which they annexed from us in 1923 and, after a most enjoyable and strenuous contest, the naval flag now adorns the walls of our Club much to our joy.

I might add for the benefit of our visitors that feeling runs very high on the Club's Naval Day and it is always necessary to have a serious officer present to carefully watch the rival teams to regulate the cocktails. (Laughter.)

As a result of the last race, Commodore Grace gave us a peace offering in the shape of a framed photograph of himself which is now one of the Club's cherished treasures.

While on the subject of the Navy, I should like to take the opportunity of thanking Commodore Stirling for the help he has given myself and the Committee and for the keen interest he has shown in the Club.

The Trevesa Trophy was raced for the other day and the Committee and members of the Royal Hongkong Yacht Club were more than pleased at such a splendid turn out of lifeboats which sailed an excellent race.

The Douglas Steamship Company won it for the second time, and I hear that there are several intending competitors in the next race who have made up their minds to get the Trophy.

To turn to the Rowing Section, I should like to say a good deal about them but I am afraid the time is somewhat limited so I will confine myself to saying that the membership has greatly increased and that keenness is the word to best describe this section of the Club.

A team was sent down during this season to Manila at the invitation of the Manila Boat Club and of the interport races there Hongkong won the four, no mean performance, when it is realised under what circumstances our men train here. Their victory was a very popular one.

Dr. Minett and Mr. Easterbrook have worked hard to get good results and, on behalf of the Committee, I thank them for their efforts.

I feel sure that in future contests, whether interport or otherwise, we have the right material amongst the rowing men and I am sure they will give a very good account of themselves.

As this is the last occasion we shall have the honour of welcoming Your Excellency at the Royal Hongkong Yacht Club, I take this opportunity of thanking you for the interest you have always taken in our sports and I can assure you that you will take away the best wishes of the Committee and members of this Club.

Well, ladies and gentlemen, there is nothing more to say but that I hope you have enjoyed the programme which has been so successfully carried out to-day.

Both sailing and rowing events have been well contested and I congratulate the winners of the various events both to-day and during the season.

My thanks are also due to all those members of the various Committees for the hard work they have put in during this last season, and particularly to the Secretaries, Mr. Tickle and Mr. Rouse, whose untiring efforts on behalf of the Club functions have been the cause of so much success. (Applause.)

Presentation.

Mrs. T. Arthur gave away the prizes, and was the recipient of a bouquet at the close.

Mr. H. S. Rouse, on behalf of the members, called for three names of the winners, and presented them with their prizes. It was a most interesting and successful presentation, and the names of the winners were met with a hearty response. With no less enthusiasm was a similar call received for cheers for the Submarine crews.

PRIZE WINNERS.

The following were the prize winners for Season 1924-25:—

Championships.

Combined Cruiser Class.—1 "Coquette," Mr. F. Oliver; 2 "U. and L.," Mr. H. S. Rouse; 3 "La Cigale," Mr. N. Croucher.

Handicap Class.—1 "Rolla," Mr. N. Croucher; 2 "Colleen," Capt. H. A. W. Taylor and Mr. R. J. Dixon.

One Design Class 1 "Ailsa," Mr. C. E. L. Grist; 2 "Halcyn," Mr. T. S. Bustard.

Heyward Hays Class 1 "Boojum," Mr. F. G. Vaux; 2 "Ursula," Mr. H. S. Rouse; 3 "Bluenose," Capt. A. W. Davison, R.N.R.

Gael Class 1 "Moo Sing," Mr. F. D. Tracy; 2 "Joan," Messrs. Armstrong and Gairdner; 3 "Gael," Capt. A. W. Taylor and Mr. R. J. Dixon.

Ladies' Championship.

Prizes presented by Capt. T. Arthur.

Handicap Class.—1 "Diana," Mrs. T. Arthur; 2 "Colleen," Miss Stobart.

1, Y., and G. Classes.—1 "Bluenose," Mrs. E. J. R. Mitchell; 2 "Joan," Mrs. W. J. Davison; 3 "Seakark," Mrs. E. Cock and "Ursula," Mrs. W. A. Faussett.

Bluenose Cup Presented by Mrs. E. J. R. Mitchell "Joan," Mrs. W. J. Davison.

Other Prizes.

Commodore's Cup, Racing Yachts Presented by Capt. T. Arthur, "Rolla," Mr. N. Croucher and "Ursula," Mr. H. S. Rouse.

Commodore's Cup, Cruisers Presented by Capt. T. Arthur.

U. and L. Mr. H. S. Rouse.

V. Commodore's Cup, Racing Yachts Presented by Mr. E. W. Carpenter, "Halcyn," Mr. T. S. Bustard and "Bluenose," Capt. A. W. Davison, R.N.R.

V. Commodore's Cup, Cruisers Presented by Mr. E. W. Carpenter, "La Cigale," Mr. N. Croucher.

Rear-Comdr.'s Cup, Racing Yachts Presented by Mr. A. L. Shields, "Falcon," Mr. A. Ritchie and "Joan," Mr. H. J. Armstrong.

Rear-Comdr.'s Cup, Cruisers Presented by Mr. A. L. Shields, "Norseman," Messrs. Ryan, Moncrieff and Edwards.

"Tai Yut" Trophy for Championship Prize Winners "Ursula," Mr. H. S. Rouse.

"Macao" Cup Presented by Mr. G. Hutton Potts, "La Cigale," Mr. N. Croucher.

"Coquette" Cup Presented by Mr. F. Oliver, "Norseman," Messrs. Ryan, Moncrieff and Edwards.

"Rolla" Cup Presented by Mr. N. Croucher, "Falcon," Mr. A. Ritchie.

HAWAII'S DEFENCES. NEEDS OF THE ISLANDS TO BE STUDIED. LEGISLATOR'S PROPOSALS.

"The Strongest Military Outpost in the World."

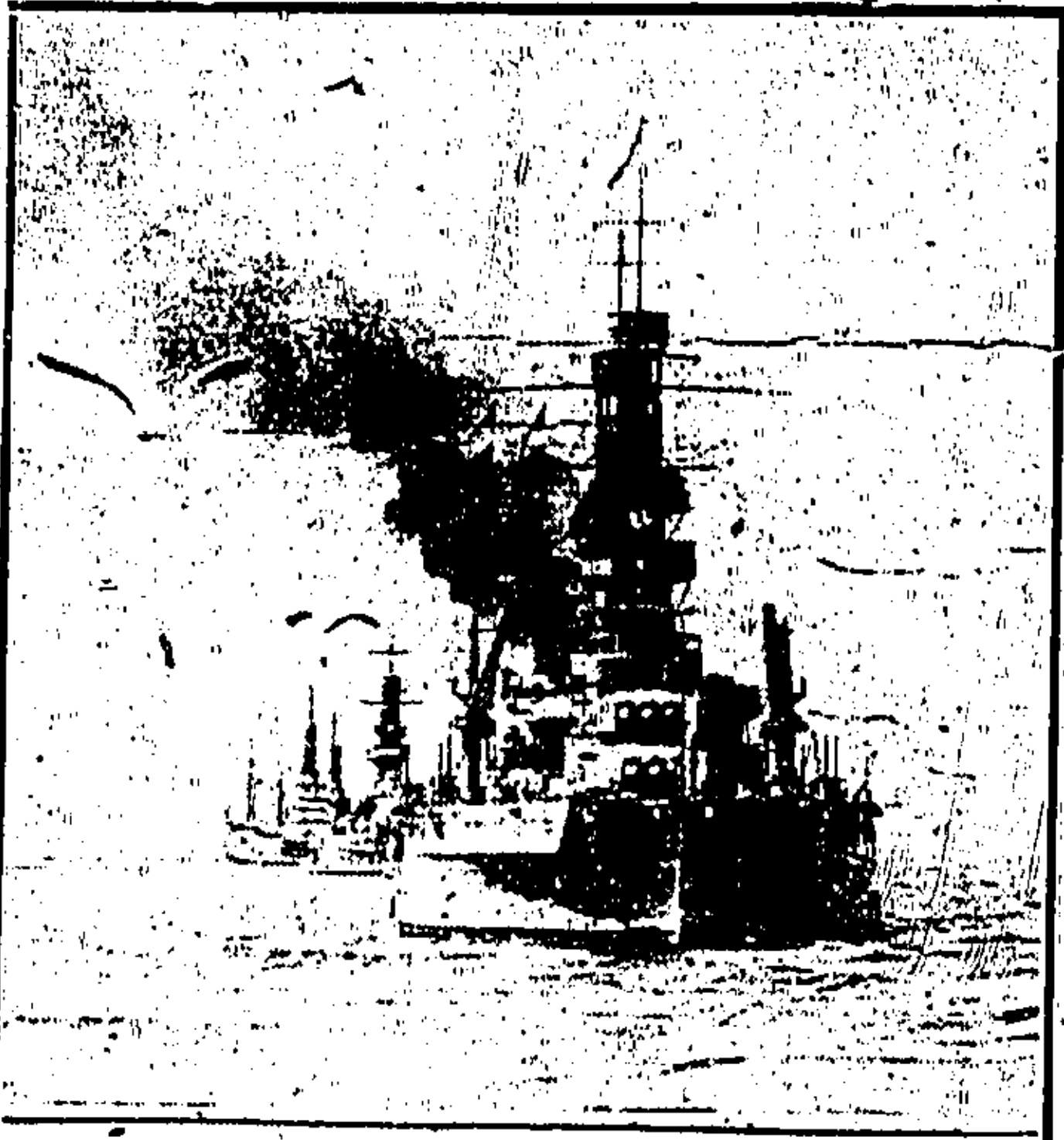
With the object of making Hawaii "the strongest military outpost in the world," an American legislator will shortly urge Congress to immediate action.

COMING MISSION.
(*Reuter's American Service.*)

Washington, May 8. Following a public discussion of the weakness of the Hawaiian defences, as disclosed by the re-

island defences as well as the fleet. Unofficial details of the short-comings mention the necessity of deepening Pearl Harbour and the state of the aircraft bases, which are overcrowded and inadequate, while a deficiency of troops, heavy guns and communications are re-

AMERICA'S BATTLE FLEET.



The United States battle fleet steaming to the west, manoeuvres held in Hawaiian waters.

cent American Navy manoeuvres. Mr. Butler, Chairman of the Naval Committee of the House of Representatives, said that he would urge legislation at the next session of Congress to make the Hawaiian islands "the strongest military outpost in the world."

Plans are being prepared to enable members of the Naval Committee to visit Hawaii next month in order to obtain first hand information. The party will be accompanied by high naval officers.

A thorough survey of the needs of the islands will be made with particular reference to Pearl Harbour.

Mr. Butler added that his proposal for the fortification of the Hawaiian group did not mean that he would be opposed to a world court of justice or the principle of disarmament.

He hoped that these objects could be attained, but he was beginning to doubt whether the other nations were in earnest about disarmament.

EARLIER CABLES.

New York, May 8. At the conclusion of the officers' conference, following the Hawaiian manoeuvres, the umpires issued a brief communique acknowledging that the operations disclosed deficiencies in



Mr. Butler, Chairman of the Naval Committee of the House of Representatives.

RUBBER JUMPS.

VERY HIGH PRICES TO COVER.

(*Reuter's Service.*)

LONDON, May 8. The rise in the price of rubber for immediate or near delivery to 2s. per lb. is attributed to the shortage in the supply and the brisk demand to meet contracts now maturing in America.

The situation is intensified by the delay in the arrival of 200 tons coming via Suez, which had to be transhipped, and by short accounts having been opened in the markets for May delivery, the covering of which has necessitated paying very high prices.

SHARE ISSUE.

LONDON, May 8. The United Suez Canal Rubber Estates are issuing 160,000 £1 shares at three.

KING'S SPEECH.

All the World To Hear.

WEMBLEY OPENING.

BEARS OF BANDS AND CRASH OF GUNS.

(*Reuter's Service.*)

London, May 8. Listeners, in all over the world will be enabled to hear the King when he opens the Empire exhibition on May 9.

The proceedings are to be transmitted through the high power station at Chelmsford.

They begin at eleven o'clock in the morning (summer time) with military music.

The royal salute on their Majesties' arrival will be fired at 11.55.

This will be followed by the Duke of York's introductory speech.

His Majesty's speech is timed to be delivered at noon.

After that a short religious service will be conducted by the Bishop of London.

COTTON TROUBLE.

SCHEME OF CONTROL NEEDED.

(*Reuter's Service.*)

LONDON, May 8. The provisional emergency cotton committee of Manchester has expressed the opinion that short movements on a voluntary basis will never command entire loyalty. Consequently the trade is beginning to recommise that there is no real solution for the present difficulties in the cotton trade, apart from a full-fledged scheme of control, and the sooner it is put into actual operation, the better, for everybody concerned.

BOMB PLOTS?

WARSAW COMMUNISTS ARRESTED.

(*Reuter's Service.*)

WARSAW, May 8. The police have arrested a number of Communists in Warsaw and Grodno who are alleged to have been plotting a series of bombing outrages also the theft of secret documents from the War Office, the Ministry of Interior and other Government offices.

Detailed instructions were found in their possession and, proofs are said to have been obtained of their connection with the Soviet legation.

TYPHOID SCOURGE.

HUNDRED EUROPEANS DOWN.

(*Reuter's Service.*)

SUVA, May 8. In Fiji a hundred Europeans and many Indians are suffering from typhoid.

Three Europeans have died. Extra doctors are being sent from Australia and New Zealand.

WORLD FLIGHT.

ITALIAN AVIATOR'S PROGRESS.

(*Reuter's Service.*)

BOMBAY, May 8. The airman Comdr. de Pinedo has arrived here.

CABINET TROUBLES.

(*Reuter's Service.*)

BRUSSELS, May 8. The King has received the Catholic leader van Deyvorne, who has agreed to try to form a new ministry.

Moscow, May 8.—A concession has been granted to a British concern, the Ayan Corporation, to exploit the goldfields of Okhotsk, Kamchatka. The company pays on the basis of the area worked, and also surrenders five per cent. of the output to the Soviet.—*Reuter.*

RADIO FROM ARCTIC.

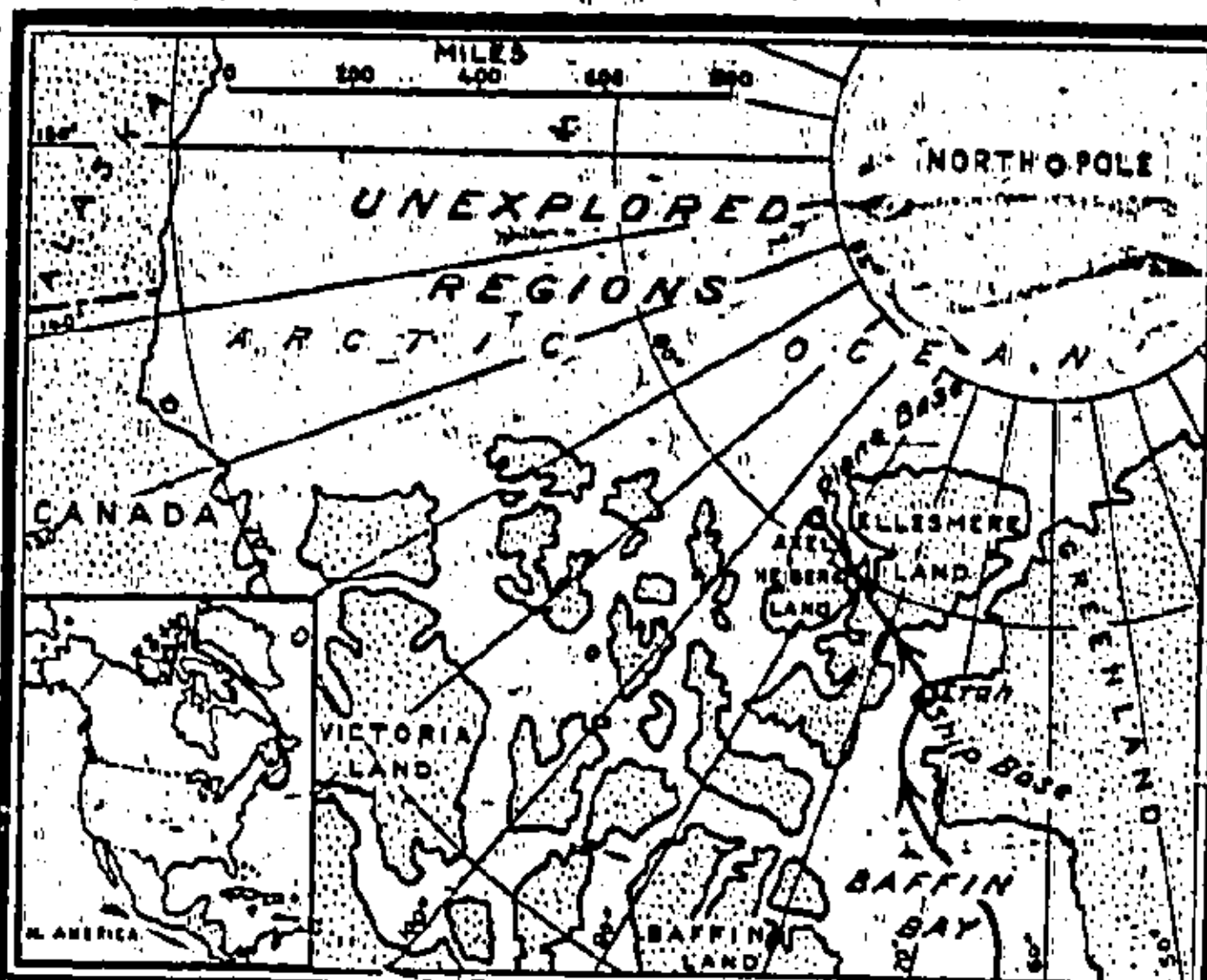
ESKIMO FOLK SONGS AT EQUATOR?

EXPLORER'S FANCIES.

Future Landing Places For Air Routes.

An American professor, who is about to lead an exploring expedition into the cold lands of the Arctic, says that he may put Eskimo folk songs "on the air," to be picked up by wireless listeners on the Equator.

Washington, May 8. Forty-three naval fliers and mechanics have applied for the people at the Equator will hear posts. Professor Macmillan folk songs by the Eskimos in the recently suggested to the President this summer," said President that the United States should



EXPLORE ARCTIC BY AIR—Capt Donald Macmillan, with the aid of the Navy Department, is completing plans for a search for land in the unexplored Arctic regions. The start will be in June, flights made from a base on Axel Heiberg Land, with return in August. (THE INTERNATIONAL SYNDICATE.)

claim any territory found as future landing places for a prospective air route to Europe.

Professor Donald Baxter Macmillan, Professor of Anthropology at Bowdoin College, was a member of the Peary North Polar Expedition, 1908-9, and in the

He sails on June 15 from Wiscasset, Maine, to survey the unexplored area between Alaska and the North Pole. It is estimated that he will cover a million square miles. Later he will explore Labrador, also Greenland.

THE NATION'S FOOD.

(*Reuter's Service.*)

LONDON, May 8. The Food Commission has issued one majority and two minority reports. The minority reports are signed by Mr. T. H. Rayland and Mr. W. R. Smith respectively. The majority report principally recommends the establishment of a food council to maintain continuing supervision over staple food prices.

In connection with port charges on wheat it recommends that the port authorities carefully consider the rates with a view to making reductions in the near future. It favours compulsory registration of retail butchers and endorses the recommendation of the Linlithgow committee that cold storage proprietors should be required to furnish statistics of stocks of meat cold-stored, to be published at the food council's discretion.

It recommends the council closely to watch future developments, in connection with the importation of meat from Argentina since it is of the opinion that it may be necessary for the Government to intervene by acquiring the controlling interest of British companies operating in Argentina or by other means, if the supply of chilled frozen meat to Britain should be dominated by adverse trading combinations.

TRADE WITH THE DOMINIONS.

It believes the Government may wish to discuss with the Dominion Governments the possibility of encouraging, in the interest of the producer and consumer, the flow of food from the Dominions to the markets of Britain. It finally recommends the Government to exercise its influence to ensure that the economic section of the League of Nations shall continuously study international food problems and prepare periodical reports for submission to the League council.

Mr. Ryland's minority report objects to the establishment of a food council as a definite advance in the direction of State socialism and imposing a heavy burden on the taxpayer, entailing a serious risk of increasing the cost of the peoples' food.

The food commission majority report points out that there is no evidence presented in support of the suggestion that the international wheat trade is controlled by a small number of firms exploiting the needs of the consumers.

GOVERNMENT RESPONSIBILITY.

Mr. Smith's minority report is very lengthy. It recommends that the Government assume open responsibility for supplies and prices of food and the centralization of the importation of wheat and



Professor Macmillan.

following year went to Labrador with the Cabot Expedition. The years 1911 and 1912 he spent in ethnological research among the Eskimo of Labrador, and then he had charge of the Crocker Land Expedition of 1915-17. In July, 1921, he set out, also from Wiscasset, on an expedition to Baffin Land, which occupied a couple of years. An ensign in the U. S. Naval Reserve, Professor Macmillan has gone through an aviation course.

WOOL SALES.

SUSPENDED ALL OVER AUSTRALIA.

(*Reuter's Service.*)

MELBOURNE, May 8. A conference of the National Council of Wool Selling Brokers and the Australian Wool Growers Council decided to suspend wool sales all over Australia until July 1 when they will be resumed if circumstances permit.

MINISTER RESIGNS.

(*Reuter's Service.*)

ROME, May 8. The King has accepted the resignation of Admiral di Revel, Minister of Marine, and has appointed the Premier, Signor Mussolini, to act as Minister ad interim.

four in the hands of a statutory import board acting on behalf of the whole community. Also a similar centralisation of meat supplies, carrying out the recommendations of the Bridgeman-Macrosty committees in regard to the public acquisition of the freezing works in South America by Britain.

The milling industry should be formed into a statutory corporation wherein peasant millowners would hold debentures, the government holding a majority of the ordinary shares. The local authorities should be empowered to open municipal bread and meat shops, and require the licensing of retailers in such areas.

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- 3421 SAY IT WITH A UKULELE ...
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- 3494 OH, EVA ...
- G 8293 GO 'LONG MULE ...
- ELIZA ...
- 3458 WHAT'LL I DO ...
- 3458 BURNING KISSES ...
- 3515 IT AIN'T GONNA RAIN NO MO' ...
- 3515 BELIEVE ME ...
- 3440 WHY DID I KISS THAT GIRL ...
- 3440 THE LITTLE WOODEN WHISTLE WOULDN'T ...
- 3355 JUST A GIRL THAT MEN FORGET ...
- 3355 HI-LEE HI-LO ...

AT

ANDERSON'S

G. FALCONER & CO. (HONGKONG) LTD.

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ROSS'S BINOCULARS and TELESCOPES,

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EMPIRE'S VAST SHOP WINDOW OPENS AGAIN TO-DAY.



The Empire's shop window, as the British Empire Exhibition has been called, is to be opened to-day by the King. Hongkong is again represented.

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There would not be more than a million Buicks in active use to-day if Buick had not, through the years, produced a motor car of unvarying and superior quality. In every detail, every Buick is an example of how well a motor car can be built.

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Now that Summer has arrived, Everyone requires Ice Cream. Why not obtain A White Mountain Triple Motion ICE CREAM FREEZER

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GEORGIANS REVOLT—Cruel excesses by officials of the Russian chieftains in Georgia have led the independence committee of that country to determine upon the assassination of every member of the chieftains found in the Caucasus region. Several have already been accounted for.

The fourth annual general meeting of the Hongkong Amusement, Ltd., is advertised to be held in the Company's office, China Buildings, on Saturday, May 16, at noon, to be followed by an extraordinary meeting at 12.15 p.m.

The part the drink trade played in the recent Ulster parliamentary elections is referred to by Viscountess Astor in a letter to the press in connection with the controversy she is engaged in with Sir Arthur Holbrook on the subject whether this trade can be disinterested. "Sir James Craig," she writes, "is no pussyfoot, or fanatic, or American, or woman, or anything else which Sir Arthur Holbrook seems to object to. But because in Ulster's interests he has dared to pass a mild temperance act, 'the trade' is against him. Sir James appealed for unity and support in the recent election. The trade answered by running independent candidates and in several constituencies beating Sir James's official representative. The trade showed in Ulster, as it shows everywhere, that it cannot be disinterested."

Hongkong is not the only place to have enjoyed a lower temperature than usual in the month of April. The following is from a Calcutta paper of April 15: "After temperatures ranging between 107 and 103, degrees Celsius, Calcutta has experienced a sudden fall in temperature. This phenomenon has, also, been observed in other parts of Bengal, and Bihar has been reveling in exceptionally low temperatures. In Dinapur, in north Bengal, the maximum day temperature on Sunday last was 79.3, or 15.3 normal; in Purnea, in Bihar, the maximum day temperature, the same day was 86.7, or 10.3 below normal. In Assam, in Gauhati and Dhubri, day temperatures on Sunday last were 10.2 and 12.4 below normal and Shillong correspondents write of a sudden cold spell."

The annual meeting of worshippers at the Peak Church will be held at St. John's Cathedral Hall, on Tuesday, May 12, at 5.15 p.m. The meeting is being called to pass accounts and elect officials.

The opium revenue of the Straits Settlements for the first quarter of this year was \$2,804,822, as against \$3,226,185 for the corresponding quarter of last year. Liquors and tobacco show slight increases.

With about 30,000,000 copies of the English Bible now being distributed each year, after 40 years the Bible still completely overtops all other "best sellers," according to a statement of the Federal Council of Churches in Washington, announcing the four hundredth anniversary of the first translation of the New Testament from Greek into English, to be observed of this year.

The cost of living in Paris has again risen and is more than five times that of the pre-war figures, according to the statistics compiled by the Government service. These statistics apply to forty-five commodities. Taking the index number for July, 1914, as 100, the number for last December is 518, and for January of this year 525. The tendency is perpetually upward and the efforts of the Government to reduce its electoral promises in this respect seem doomed to failure.

Italy is to have a national encyclopedia which its organisers hope eventually will compare favourably with the Encyclopaedia Britannica. A committee of the Italian Cultural Institute, which was formed through a gift of Giovanni Treccani, is now at work drafting the plans for the encyclopedia, which will offer to the world a statement of Italy's work in nearly every branch of knowledge. The first edition will be of 32 volumes in quarto of about 1,500 pages to each volume.

One case cerebro-spinal fever and one case of enteric, both Chinese, were reported on Friday.

"Lorna Doone" is now being shown at the Queen's Theatre to crowded houses and Cinema-goers have been impressed with the picture.

The "China Mail" acknowledges receipt of "The Romance of the Rockies," a gorgeously illustrated booklet issued by the Canadian National Railways.

Controversy over the British Wireless Bill continues. Radio societies and associations are all urging their members to write to their members of Parliament to point out how the bill, as it stands, would retard amateur research. Much apprehension is felt at what looks like the thin end of the wedge of government intrusion.

Twenty members of the Manila Chinese Y.M.C.A. have organized a glee club for the purpose of awakening an interest in vocal and instrumental music among its members. The club will hold weekly and monthly rehearsals in the main building on Calle Benavides. Each section will be in charge of a director. The club plans to give concerts and musicals later in the year.

An adequate provision for secondary or some form of full-time postprimary education for all children up to the age of 16 is the object of a bill which the House of Commons will debate. It is introduced on behalf of the Labour Party, but it is expected that it will be rejected on the ground of financial stringency. Two members from the Government side have tabled an amendment, repeating on this subject Stanley Baldwin's much less definite election promises of which the chief was for the provision of efficient secondary schools with an adequate number of free places.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

To the list of medical practitioners has been added the name of Dr. Dorothy Evalene Galbraith, of the Netherlands Hospital, Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, England, and Licentiate of the Royal College of Physicians, London.

Renewed anxiety is felt as to Viscount Milner's health, says a Reuter message of May 9. The Viscount had not had a good night. The improvement had been checked. After consultation, the doctors stated that Viscount Milner's condition gives cause for anxiety.

Hongkong passengers on board the P. and O. Kalgar, which sailed for London on April 9 are: Mr. W. S. Bundock, Mr. E. S. Carter, Mr. T. Clegg, Lt. Comdr. R. H. Glen, R.N., Mr. Glen, Sub-Lt. F. F. J. Gilman, R.N., Mr. G. H. Hodson, Mr. and Mrs. J. McQueen, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Newman, Miss O. Orme, Mr. J. Pym, Mr. M. D. Scott, Mr. J. B. Sidwell.

The death is announced of the Duke of Rutland. The late Duke of Rutland, the eighth of the line, was Hon. Colonel of the 3rd and 4th Battalions Leicestershire Regiment, 1897, and President of the Leicestershire Territorial Association since 1908. His many appointments in the County included that of Lord Lieutenant. He was educated at Eton and saw service with the 3rd Battalion of the Leicestershire Regiment, in which he was Captain. He was principal private secretary to the Marquess of Salisbury, 1885-86 and 1886-88, and was Conservative M.P. for the Melton Division of Leicestershire from 1888 to 1895. The Duke owned 18,000 acres of mineral land in Leicestershire and Derbyshire.

The death is reported of William F. Massey Prime Minister of New Zealand. The Right Honourable William Fergusson Massey has been Prime Minister of New Zealand since 1912, and was the only War Premier within the Empire, who still held power. He was born at Lismore, Co. Kerry in March 1856. He went to New Zealand in 1870 to join his parents who had emigrated with the Nonconformist settlers in 1862. There he grew upon the farm, at the same time taking marked interest in local government affairs, and at different times held office in the New Zealand parliament as member for Waitemata, and had been member for Franklin since 1896. He represented the Dominion on several occasions, among them the Peace Conference at Paris in 1919 and the Imperial Conference of 1921. He was a Grand Officer of the Legion of Honour and of the Order of the Crown of Belgium.

The monode habit is growing among the singled sex. The other night at a crowded London night-club no fewer than four ladies were thus adorned, each looking very uncomfortable and obviously afraid that the thing might fall out at any moment. The female eye would appear to be ill adapted to this form of vanity, to which even horn-rimmed spectacles are preferable.

A protest is being raised in the Paris Press against smoking by women in the streets. "After the theatre," expostulates one writer, "it has become an ordinary sight to see a woman produce her cigarette and puff away as she strolls homeward, just like the men. It is mostly foreign women, however, who set this far from graceful example, and we hope they will not find many followers among their French sisters."

The Prince of Wales did not suffer from lack of exercise during his voyage to South Africa. The squash racquet court with its glass roof which he had on the Renown had been moved to the Repulse, and put up at the side of the main deck. It is fitted with electric light, so the Prince can play after dark if his energy so move him. By the Prince's particular desire a billiard table had been installed on board. But the waves and the wind surely had a good deal to say as to its use.

In recent photographs of Princess Mary appearing at public functions, she is shown umbrellaless. Formerly the umbrella was a prominent feature in every photograph of the kind. It was a matter for much chaff amongst her brothers. The Prince of Wales once said, "When Mary is opening a beazar or a hospital she clings to her umbrella like a drowning man to a straw. First you see the umbrella; then you see Mary." But now the umbrella seems to have disappeared. But why? Has Lord Lascelles said something?

That there is little new under the sun, even with regard to women's fashions, was pointed out by Ethel Brand, curator of the museum at Rotherham in the course of a recent lecture. Referring to an illustration of women dancers on the walls of a Spanish cave, he said these paleolithic pictures were very much like the present day women with their high hats, chignons, tight waists and bell-shaped skirts. These cave pictures were probably the earliest fashion plates in the world, and were drawn about 20,000 years ago, declared Mr. Brand. Another illustration from Spain, showed a costume very much akin to that of the modern flapper.

His Excellency the Governor and party will attend the Coronet this evening to see The Epic of Everest.

Madame Rouillon, wife of the Peruvian Consul to Hongkong, left with her family by the President Pierce yesterday en route for South America. Mr. E. Rouillon is accompanying the party as far as Shanghai and will then return to Hongkong.

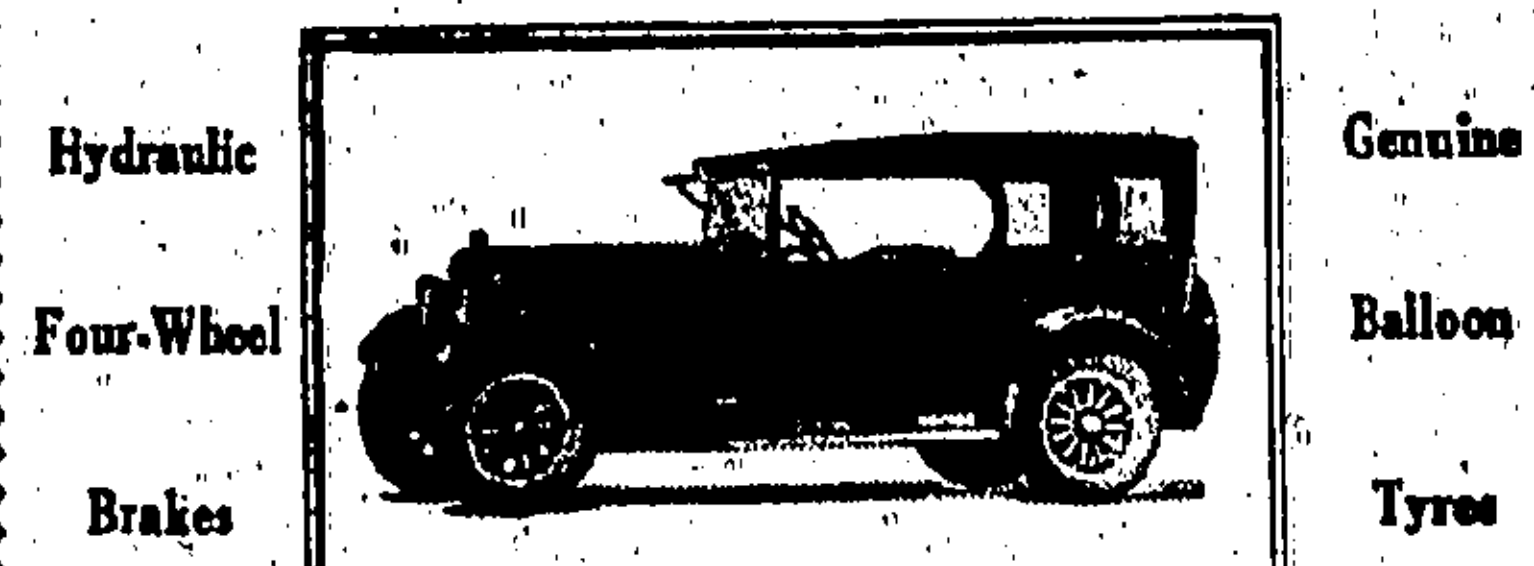
The following forthcoming weddings are announced: Mr. Nowell Bernard White, of Sea View, Wanchai Gap Road, to Miss Pearl C. Thompson, of Philadelphia, U.S.A., who arrives in the Colony by the s.s. Empress of Australia; Mr. Joseph Lewis, engineer, of the s.s. Tung On, to Miss Maria Everdina Vieira, of St. Joseph's Mission; Mr. Thomas Leonard Knight, of Homeville, Wanchai, to Miss Lillian Florence Stewart Oliver, of No. 6 "Wild Dell" Wood Road and Mr. Francisco Duenna Bernardo, No. 10, Wanchai Road, to Miss Julia Maria Tavares, of No. 35 Sharp Street.

The greatest interest is taken in Dublin in the manner in which Joseph Devlin's victory in the elections has just been celebrated in Belfast. The proceedings took the form of a huge torchlight procession through west Belfast, the Nationalist stronghold. Electrically illuminated signs, arches and scrolls festooned the streets, great bonfires were lit at the street corners, the flames of which rose upward 20 feet in many cases. The flags, festoons and general decorations took the form of combined green and orange colours. If anyone before the war had said that such a thing would ever be possible, he would have been derided, for in those days the two colours were always a mark or symbol of rivalry and too often of violent hostility. The long procession having wound its way through the chief thoroughfares, finished in Smithfield Square where a public meeting was held at which Mr. Devlin said he thanked the people from the depth of his heart for having placed him, not merely as the head of the poll, but as far ahead of the others. His grateful thanks were due, he said, to the many Protestant professional and commercial men who were among the 5,000 Protestant voters whose suffrage he had received. He desired to emphasize this indebtedness. All his energy and labour would be given to fostering good relations between the two communities and to helping toward an improvement in the condition of the workers.

HONGKONG HOTEL GARAGE

THE NEW

1925 STUDEBAKER 1925



1925 Models

NOW IN STOCK.

CALL AT OUR SHOW ROOM FOR
CATALOGUE AND SPECIFICATION

DON'T FAIL TO SEE THEM

DON'T BUY BEFORE YOU SEE THEM

Tel. Central 4759.

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THE HONGKONG & SHANGHAI HOTELS, LTD.

NOTICE

THE HONGKONG & WHAMPOA DOCK CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Queen's Building, Victoria, Hongkong, on MONDAY, the 18th day of May, 1925, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, when the subjoined Resolutions will be proposed as Extraordinary Resolutions, viz:—

- (1) That the Articles of Association of the Company be altered in manner following that is to say by the deletion of Article 17 and by the substitution thereof of the following Article, namely:—
"17. So long as the issued capital of the Company shall not exceed \$6,000,000, no member shall be entitled to be registered as the holder of more than 8,000 shares of the Company. Should the issued capital of the Company be increased beyond \$6,000,000 the number of shares in respect of which a member shall be entitled to be registered shall be increased proportionately, but no member shall be entitled to be registered in respect of a fraction of a share."
- (2) That the authorised Capital of the Company (which is now \$3,000,000 consisting of 60,000 shares of the nominal value of \$50 each the whole of which have been issued) be increased to \$10,000,000 by the creation of 140,000 additional shares of the nominal value of \$50 each ranking (subject as hereinafter mentioned) for dividend and in all other respects *pari passu* with the shares constituting the Company's present issued Capital.
- (3) That 60,000 of the said 140,000 new shares be offered in the first instance (in the proportion of one new share for every old share held by them respectively) to the members of the Company who on the 10th day of June, 1925, are registered in the Company's Share Register as the holders of the said 60,000 old shares at a premium of \$10 per share.
- (4) That the aforesaid offer be made to members by notice specifying the number of new shares to which a member is entitled. That a member whose registered address is situate in the Far East or his nominee shall pay for such new shares accepted by two instalments, i.e., one instalment of \$30 per new share to be paid on or before the 15th day of July, 1925, and a further instalment of \$80 per new share to be paid on or before the 15th day of October, 1925, and such member or his nominee who has not accepted and lodged with the Company's Bankers the first instalment due on such new shares before the 15th day of July, 1925, will be deemed to have declined. 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LOCAL SPORT.

WEEK-END TENNIS.

EXHIBITION AT C.R.C. "AT HOME."

HONDA IN SEMI-FINAL.

To see how Tottenham, the newcomer to the University, would shape when playing in public with the best local talent was probably the reason for a very big and cosmopolitan crowd wending its way to Causeway Bay on Saturday afternoon, it being the occasion of the exhibition doubles lawn tennis match at the Chinese Recreation Club "At Home."

Partnered by Captain O'Callaghan against Ng Sze-kwong and M. W. Lo—about the strongest Chinese combination playing to-day—Tottenham gave a convincing display. From the outset, it became evident that he was a polished, modern exponent of the ultra aggressive type, with beautiful wrist work. If a comparison could be made—on Saturday's showing—he was not O'Callaghan's superior, but he certainly gave the impression of being a very strong doubles player. Except in volleying, and for an occasional lob or two, he seldom used his backhand; accordingly, there is no telling what it will be like in a singles game. When facing the server, he stands in such a position—the corner of his court—that he can always return with a stinging forehand drive which is more often well placed than not. Chops and cuts he hardly played and his repertoire of strokes is not nearly so large as that of O'Callaghan or Ng Sze-kwong. His overhead work and smashes were almost on a par with O'Callaghan's. There seems nothing tricky in his service but he puts the whole weight of his body behind it and his action is pretty to watch. At the net he also volleyed well but his half-volleys had a pronounced weakness. In placing there was little to choose from between all four on the court. His forte was a "piledriver" forehand drive beautifully delivered with full play of his wrist work. For speed, none of the other three was his superior. At the net he also showed up to advantage but was not nearly so deadly as when driving, or for that matter, smashing.

On the run of the play, the British pair deserved to win by three straight sets. Ng Sze-kwong fluctuated between the brilliant and the indifferent. His backhand seemed to have still further gained in power but it was seldom accurate. It being a doubles match, he had little chance of making full use of his variety of strokes. The ex-champion was not below last year's showing but he was not at his best.

Finding himself at the top of his form this year, M. W. Lo was much superior to his displays in the tournament, winning many points and playing with all his confidence. Lo gave a convincing all-round display, worthy of the occasion.

O'Callaghan did not treat the crowd to many of his winning ground shots but at the net he was unapproachable. By a slight superiority, he was the best on the day's showing—on the court. Playing in partnership in public, neither pair benefitted in combination.

The Play.

Tottenham opened the service and won. Ng lost and then by lobbing to O'Callaghan's service, the Chinese pair won, making the score 2-1. After 3-1, Tottenham served a double fault when deuce had been called and the score became 3-2. Getting the better of some volleying duels, the Chinese pair levelled up 3 all. O'Callaghan was playing a winning game but Tottenham was indifferent up to this stage but the latter soon got going. With the Britishers taking the ninth game and each pair winning alternately on service, the score went to 6 all, several games reaching deuce. Tottenham then served and the home pair won a love game and took the lead for the first time 6-7 but lost three games in succession—the visitors combining very well—and thus the first set 9-7.

In the second set, the Chinese only won the second, fifth and eighth games, losing the last point of the set (6-3) after a fine fight and saving several smashes. Warming to the game, Ng Sze-kwong gave of his best and Lo was playing tip-top tennis to win the first three games of the third set. O'Callaghan and Tottenham went up to 2-3 and lost 2-3 after a hard game in which much applause was given for long and splendid rallies, producing the best tennis of the exhibition. After this, the British pair asserted their superiority, keeping their hosts on the defence throughout and winning the third set 6-4, the final stroke being a lucky one.

Full scores: 9-7, 6-3, 6-4.

Mr. N. Trambitzky of the Kowloon C.C. made an efficient umpire.

Prior to the exhibition match, the C.R.C. "B" team, winners of the second division of the league, should have played a team from The Rest. As only Messrs. B. H. Wong and T. J. Lee of the University turned up, this match did not come off.

President's Address.
Addressing the gathering at the entrance to the clubhouse, Mr. Ng Sze-kwong (president) said:—

It is my privilege to extend to you, on behalf of the members of this Club, our sincerest welcome to this our annual "At Home."

This year sees a number of changes in our pavilion—the extension of our dressing and bath rooms and a new wing added to the building.

These have been necessary in view of the fact that our membership has greatly increased, so much so that the Committee has now thought fit to limit the enrolment of members until such time as we have the opportunity either of extending this ground or getting an additional one free or otherwise.

This Club and the South China Athletic Association are the only two Chinese recreation clubs in the Colony, and ours is the only Chinese recreation ground. As at present equipped, we find it difficult to cater for the increasing number of our Chinese young folk keen to take up western sports.

I am sorry to say that our sporting activities for the last year have not been very successful. In the tennis league last season our "A" team didn't do as well as we wanted them to, but our "B" team is to be congratulated on having won the 2nd Division honours. (Applause). In cricket we fared rather badly. In the league competition which has just been completed, we were second from the bottom of the table. This position, however, does not mean that we did not give our opponents any trouble. As a matter of fact, we put up some very good fights against some of the strongest clubs in the Colony and in some of the matches that we played in the league we did not do really badly.

We are exceedingly thankful to Mr. Wong for so kindly consenting to come here to distribute the prizes this afternoon. (Applause). Mrs. Wong, as most of you know, is the wife of Mr. Wong Kam-fook, a life member of this Club, and one of the best known members of our community. Before I ask her to give away the prizes I would like to thank all donors for their beautiful trophies and all who have taken part in the tennis matches this afternoon, especially our friends, Capt. O'Callaghan and Dr. Tottenham whose kind presence on our courts to-day is chiefly responsible for the entertainment which we have been able to offer you.

On Mr. K. L. Chau calling the respective prizewinners, the distribution by Mrs. Wong Kam-fook (wife of the commodore to the Kowloon Godown Co.) then followed.

Prize List.

The tennis prize list was as follows:—

Championship Singles:— Winner, Ho Ka-lau, Challenge Cup presented by Mr. Ho Kwong (to be won three years); this is the first year and cup presented by Mr. Ng Sze-kwong. Runner-up, (presented by Mr. Chan Hin-suew) Kwok Po-kan.

Championship Doubles:— Winners, Ho Ka-lau and Ho Wai-hing, Challenge Cups presented by Mr. Wong Kam-fook (to be won three years); this is the first year and cups presented by Dr. C. C. Wong and Mr. H. C. Lee. Runners-up, (presented by Dr. Ma Luk and Dr. Ma Chiu-ki) Lau Fook-ki and Kwok Po-kan.

Handicap Singles "A":— Winner, (presented by the Hon. Mr. Chow Shou-son) Kwok Po-kan. Runner-up, (presented by Mr. Mok Shiu-chee) Yew Man-ki.

Handicap Singles "B":— Winner, (presented by Mr. Yung Hin-lun) Li Wai-tong. Runner-up, (presented by an anonymous donor) Mok Lin.

Handicap Doubles:— Winners, (presented by Mr. Wong Tze-chai) Cheung Wing-kui and Chau Kwan-lam. Runners-up, (presented by Messrs. M. K. and M. W. Lo) Li Chor-chi and Wong Kwok-wong.

Mixed Doubles:— Winners, (presented by Mr. J. M. Wong and Mr. Wong Ping-tai) Miss Heang and Chan Hin-lee. Runners-up, (presented by Mr. Leung Cheung-man and Mr. Lau Ming-shak) Mrs. Warley and Lau Fook-ki.

Medals were also presented to those who had played for the "B" team which won the second division of the lawn tennis league.

last season, as follows:—Lau Fook-ki (captain), Yew Man-tsun, Kwok Po-kan, Lau Fook-ling, Yew Man-ki, T. C. Lu.

Cricket prizes for last season were distributed as follows:—Batting, "A" team—Ng Sze-kwong; "B" team—Dr. Wong Sik-to.

Bowling, "A" team—W. C. Hung; "B" team—Wong Po-keung.

The following contributed to the prize fund:—Messrs. Choy Tung-shan, Ching Yiu-fon, Ho Hung-chi, Kan Kam-ching, Lai Im-to, Mok Lin, Tang Shiu-ki, Y. C. Lai, Dr. Arthur W. Woo, Messrs. Wong Kam-yang and Wong Hok-sun.

Miss Leung, daughter of Mr. K. K. Leung, a former local champion at billiards and a popular member of the Club, then presented, on behalf of the Club, Mrs. Wong a silver vase and flowers.

After cheers had been given for Mrs. Wong, Mr. R. Hancock of the Hongkong Cricket Club, captain for many years of the inter-port cricket team and formerly one of the best tennis players in the Colony, returned thanks on behalf of the visitors. Mr. Hancock congratulated the C.R.C. on a successful day, remarking that the Chinese were renowned for their hospitality and courtesy. Such hospitality and courtesy had been extended to him on many occasions and he hoped to enjoy the same for very many years more. (Applause).

An enjoyable dance in the clubhouse brought the proceedings to a close.

Among those noticed present during the afternoon were Mr. Justice J. R. Wood (Puisne Judge) and Mrs. J. R. Wood, Mr. L. S. Greenhill (hon. secretary to the H.K.C.C.), Professor Redmond, Mr. L. Forster, representatives from sporting institutions of the Colony, and influential members of the Chinese community.

Tea was served in the open and the band of the Punjabis rendered appropriate selections.

HONDA PLAYS.

Open Singles Championship.

Those who preferred to stay in town to watch tennis went to the H.K.C.C. where tournament tennis was played on a Saturday for the first time—an innovation brought about because of last month's rain and the exhibition matches this week.

T. Honda, who won the Open Singles Championship from Ng Sze-kwong last year, played on the stand court, where he was opposed to Ng Sze-kwong, a brother of the former champion and who has played at Wimbledon as S. C. Wu (the mandarin pronunciation of his name).

Ng was not in good health. However, his splendid first-class tournament experience stood him in good stead; his variety of strokes and his court generalship caused the Japanese champion considerable trouble and he even led at critical stages only to lose in three straight sets as Honda's drives and placing were too much for him.

Playing his cuts and chops to good purpose and occasionally bringing off a good drive, Ng led by 5 games to 4 in the first set but eventually lost by 8-6. In the second set Honda won 6-3 and his accuracy also won the third set 6-4.

Considering that he was unwell, Ng put up an exceedingly good show. He was not expected to extend the champion but it now appears that in the earlier stages of the tournament, he kept little in reserve for the big occasion and is a much more formidable player than he appears to be.

Honda was not playing as well as he was when he won the final last year.

Next Week's Matches.
For this week, the following matches have been fixed provisionally:—

Open Championship Singles (semi-final):—S. A. Rumjahn v. T. Honda on the stand court to-day at 4.30 p.m.

Club Championship (third round):—A. S. Hett v. S. E. Green.

On Tuesday when the exhibition matches are due to start, the following games are down to be played:—

Handicap Singles "B" (semi-final):—L. M. S. Lloyd (owe 3/6) v. G. de Man (scr.).

Handicap Doubles (semi-final):—W. B. Cornaby and N. L. H. Raiton (scr.) v. A. S. and G. B. Hett (scr.).

Later Fixtures.
Provisional fixtures, weather and grand permitting, all on the stand court:—

May 18 (Monday), Open Singles (fourth round):—Captain O'Callaghan v. S. E. Green.

May 20 (Wednesday), Open Singles (semi-final):—Winner of O'Callaghan v. Green to play H. D. Rumjahn.

May 21 (Thursday), Open Singles (final):—In this the survivors to date will meet as follows:—

S. A. Rumjahn
T. Honda
O'Callaghan
S. E. Green
H. D. Rumjahn

May 22 (Friday), presentation of prizes and Open Doubles (final):—Captain O'Callaghan and Dr. D. R. Gawler v. H. D. and S. A. Rumjahn.

Outstanding Matches.
The table of outstanding fixtures on Friday morning, May 1, as posted up to date, now stands as follows:—

Open Singles.

The following matches remain to be played:—
8-4th round, Captain O'Callaghan v. S. E. Green (May 18)
10-1st round, S. A. Rumjahn v. T. Honda (to-day)
11-1st round, winner of No. 8 v. H. D. Rumjahn (May 20)
12-2nd round, winner of No. 10 v. winner of No. 11 (May 21).

Open Doubles.

The following match remains to be played:—
Final, Captain O'Callaghan and Dr. D. R. Gawler v. H. D. and S. A. Rumjahn (May 22).

Club Championship.

The following matches remain to be played:—
1-3rd round, T. Monaghan v. W. Hyde.
2-3rd round, A. S. Hett v. S. E. Green (to-day).

4-1st round, W. B. Cornaby v. winner of No. 1.
5-1st round, winner of No. 2 v. Major Hattersley Smith.
6-1st round, winner of No. 4 v. winner of No. 5.

Handicap Singles "A".

The following matches remain to be played:—
1-1st round, Dr. D. J. Valentine (rec. 4/6) v. D. J. Allfree (rec. 2/6).
2-1st round, Major Hattersley Smith (owe 3/6) v. winner of No. 1.

Handicap Singles "B".

The following matches remain to be played:—
1-1st round, L. M. S. Lloyd (owe 3/6) v. G. de Man (scr.) (to-morrow).
2-1st round, P. H. Bonnerman (scr.) v. C. W. E. Bishop (owe 1/6).

Handicap Doubles.

The following matches remain to be played:—
2-1st round, W. B. Cornaby and N. L. H. Raiton (scr.) v. A. S. and G. B. Hett (scr.) (to-morrow).
3-1st round, B. Evans and W. Hyde (owe 3/6) v. winner of No. 2.

Mixed Doubles Handicap.

Winners—G. R. and Mrs. Sayer (owe 1/6).
Runners-up—W. and Mrs. Ironside (rec. 4/6).

Readers who are interested in the tennis tournament are advised to keep the above table for reference.

LAWN BOWLS.

LEAGUE MATCH ON SATURDAY.

CRAIGENGOWER TOP.

There was again one game not played on Saturday, that being in the Second Division between The Yacht Club and the East Point Club. The former were unable to field a team owing to the closing cruise of the season taking place amongst their sailing members.

Craigengower obtained a convincing victory over the Civil Service in the First Division and the Police Recreation Club proved much too strong for the Tai Koo team.

The results are as follows.

First Division.

C.C.C. v. C.S.C.C.

Alves	Booker
Neves	Deacon
Rose	Grimmett
Basa	Gregory
(S) 25	(S) 20
Taylor	Massey
Souza	Alderman
Green	Knight
Bradbury	Oswick
(S) 20	(S) 13
Muskett	Maughan
Rossett	Smith
Dennis	Stanley
McFarlane	Mill
(S) 32	(S) 13
Total score, Craigengower 77.	Civil Service 46.

K.C.C. v. K.B.G.C.

R. Abraham	D. Muir
J. C. Fletcher	F. S. Adey
A. O. Brown	J. S. McIntosh
J. Gibson	R. Duncan
(S) 19	(S) 17
J. Howe	D. Hazel
N. Jack	D. McNeill
A. Avison	A. M. Simpson
J. Fraser	A. W. Holland
(S) 16	(S) 16
R. E. Nicholls	W. C. Smith
L. E. Lammert	H. Nish
O. P. Robinson	R. Johnstone
J. Hyde	P. T. Farrell
(S) 12	(S) 25
Total score, K.B.G.C. 53; K.C.C. 47.	

KOWLOON DOCK v. TAIKOO.

Kowloon Dock	Taikoo
G. Punccheon	Liang
Docherty	Seath
McKelvie	Morrison
Lapsley	Ferguson
(S) 30	(S) 12

Cullen
Hamilton
Atkinson
Johnson

Chapman
Peterson
Sloan
Wallace

Gourlay
D. Ramsay
Gow
Punccheon

May 22 (Friday), presentation of prizes and Open Doubles (final):—Captain O'Callaghan and Dr. D. R. Gawler v. H. D. and S. A. Rumjahn.

Outstanding Matches.
The table of outstanding fixtures on Friday morning, May 1, as posted up to date, now stands as follows:—

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The following matches remain to be played:—
8-4th round, Captain O'Callaghan v. S. E. Green (May 18)
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Open Doubles.

The following match remains to be played:—
Final, Captain O'Callaghan and Dr. D. R. Gawler v. H. D. and S. A. Rumjahn (May 22).

Club Championship.

The following matches remain to be played:—
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2-3rd round, A. S. Hett v. S. E. Green (to-day).

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Handicap Singles "A".

The following matches remain to be played:—
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2-1st round, Major Hattersley Smith (owe 3/6) v. winner of No. 1.

Handicap Singles "B".

The following matches remain to be played:—
1-1st round, L. M. S. Lloyd (owe 3/6) v. G. de Man (scr.) (to-morrow).
2-1st round, P. H. Bonnerman (scr.) v. C. W. E. Bishop (owe 1/6).

Handicap Doubles.

The following matches remain to be played:—
2-1st round, W. B. Cornaby and N. L. H. Raiton (scr.) v. A. S. and G. B. Hett (scr.) (to-morrow).
3-1st round, B. Evans and W. Hyde (owe 3/6) v. winner of No. 2.

Mixed Doubles Handicap.

Winners—G. R. and Mrs. Sayer (owe 1/6).
Runners-up—W. and Mrs. Ironside (rec. 4/6).

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Total score, Craigengower 77.	Civil Service 46.

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J. C. Fletcher	F. S. Adey
A. O. Brown	J. S. McIntosh
J. Gibson	R. Duncan
(S) 19	(S) 17
J. Howe	D. Hazel
N. Jack	D. McNeill
A. Avison	A. M. Simpson
J. Fraser	A. W. Holland
(S) 16	(S) 16
R. E. Nicholls	W. C. Smith
L. E. Lammert	H. Nish
O. P. Robinson	R. Johnstone
J. Hyde	P. T. Farrell
(S) 12	(S) 25
Total score, K.B.G.C. 53; K.C.C. 47.	

KOWLOON DOCK v. TAIKOO.

Kowloon Dock	Taikoo
G. Punccheon	Liang
Docherty	Seath
McKelvie	Morrison
Lapsley	Ferguson
(S) 30	(S) 12

THE WATER SUPPLY.

Level and Storage of water in reservoirs at the 1st May 1925:—
1ST AND 2ND DISTRICT WATER WORKS
TAKUO
1st Reservoir: 157.00 ft. Below crest
2nd Reservoir: 157.00 ft. Below crest
3rd Reservoir: 157.00 ft. Below crest
4th Reservoir: 157.00 ft. Below crest
5th Reservoir: 157.00 ft. Below crest
6th Reservoir: 157.00 ft. Below crest
7th Reservoir: 157.00 ft. Below crest
8th Reservoir: 157.00 ft. Below crest
9th Reservoir: 157.00 ft. Below crest
10th Reservoir: 157.00 ft. Below crest
11th Reservoir: 157.00 ft. Below crest
12th Reservoir: 157.00 ft. Below crest
13th Reservoir: 157.00 ft. Below crest
14th Reservoir: 157.00 ft. Below crest
15th Reservoir: 157.00 ft. Below crest
16th Reservoir: 157.00 ft. Below crest
17th Reservoir: 157.00 ft. Below crest
18th Reservoir: 157.00 ft. Below crest
19th Reservoir: 157.00 ft. Below crest
20th Reservoir: 157.00 ft. Below crest
21st Reservoir: 157.00 ft. Below crest
22nd Reservoir: 157.00 ft. Below crest
23rd Reservoir: 157.00 ft. Below crest
24th Reservoir: 157.00 ft. Below crest
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62nd Reservoir: 157.00 ft. Below crest
63rd Reservoir: 157.00 ft. Below crest
64th Reservoir: 157.00 ft. Below crest
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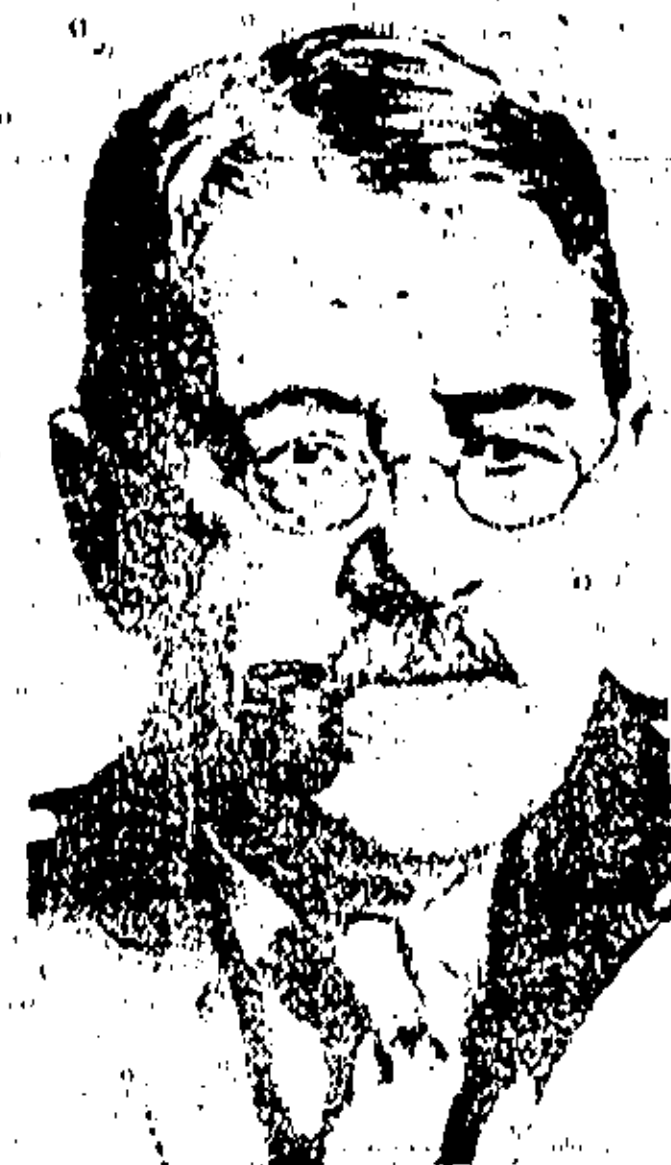
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RADIO FRAUD CHARGE.

JOSEPH C. STEWART, HOTEL INDIAN, STAMFORD.

Joseph C. Stewart, a legless cripple, is the first man to enter suit for an alleged radio broadcasting fraud. He alleges that "Bill" Stewart recently broadcast, in his name, from a leading radio station an appeal for money and that charitably secured him a sum of £500, which, he alleges, Stewart pocketed.



DR. G. A. REISNER.

Dr. George A. Reisner, professor of Egyptology at Harvard and director of the joint expedition of Harvard and the Boston Museum of Fine Arts in Egypt, is about to go to Egypt to take charge of removing the art works from a new tomb found there, centuries older than that of Tut-Ankh-Amen. He declares women have changed little in 4,000 years; that bobbed hair, rouge and lipstick were known in Egypt 2,000 years ago.

ALLEGED TYPHOID MURDER.

MISS SIGNE GUSTAFSON.

Signe Gustafson, formerly employed as a domestic by William Shepherd, who figures in the inquiry into the death of William McClintock, the "millionaire orphan," in Chicago, has been examined in her home city by the police. She denied she had received a sum of money from Shepherd, chief heir to the McClintock estate, after the death of the young man, supposedly from typhoid fever. She stoutly defends the Shepherd and will go to Chicago to testify in their behalf.



MRS. LUELLE RHEUBELL.

Mrs. Luella Rheubell, manager of the National University of Sciences at Chicago, startled the authorities investigating the mysterious death of William N. McClintock, the "millionaire orphan," when she disputed the story of Dr. C. G. Palmer, of the school, who said he gave typhoid fever germs to William D. Shepherd, McClintock's foster father. Mrs. Rheubell declared Shepherd never visited the school and that no germs were sent there. Both Palmer and Shepherd, the latter of whom was chief beneficiary in the dead man's will, have been indicted for murder.



PRINCESS MARTHA.

According to reports current in social circles in London, the Prince of Wales will announce his engagement to Princess Martha, niece of the King of Sweden when he returns from South Africa and South America.

MEN AND WOMEN IN THE NEWS.

John Walters, known as the "Lone Wolf" burglar, has confessed he was one of the robbers who held up Mrs. Edith Bode, wealthy modiste, and robbed her of £5,000 worth of jewels. Dudley Field Malone, a lawyer practicing in Paris, has gone to London to enter suit, on behalf of an unnamed woman, against Colonel Ian Oswald Dennistoun, husband of the Dowager Countess of Carnarvon, and defendant in the recent sensational suit of his first wife, for alleged breach of promise to marry. Representative Clarence J. McLeod, was seriously injured when an aeroplane in which he was a passenger crashed into a tree.

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MAKING AIRPLANE MAP.

Here is a diagrammatic photograph showing the method by which army air photographers make aerial maps.

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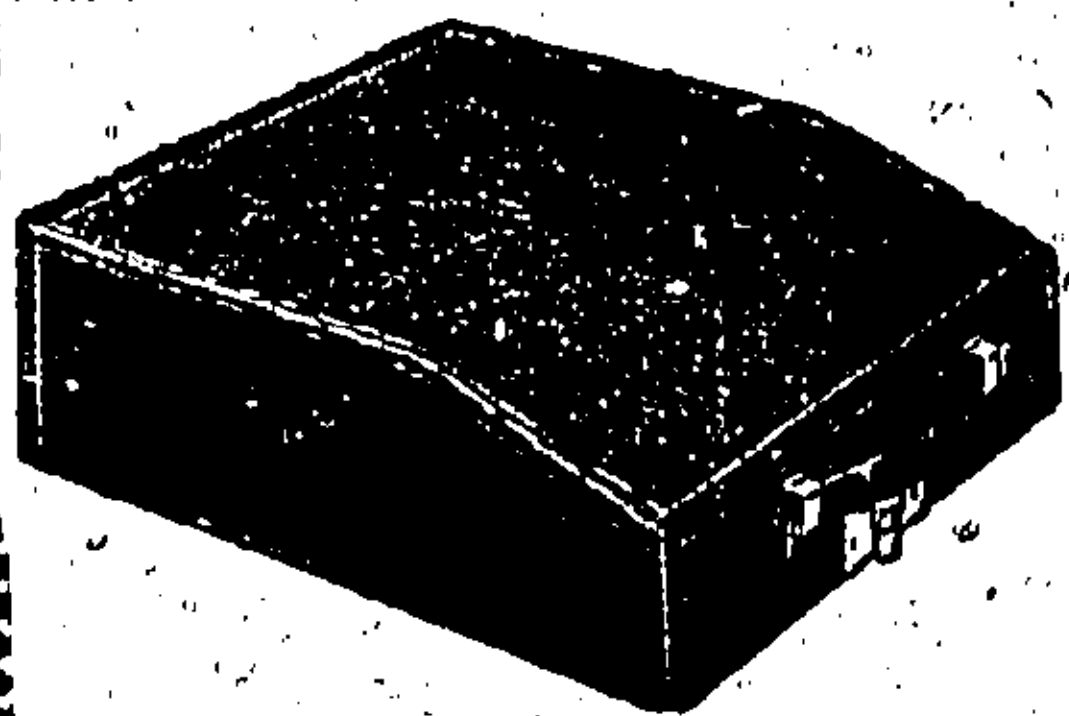
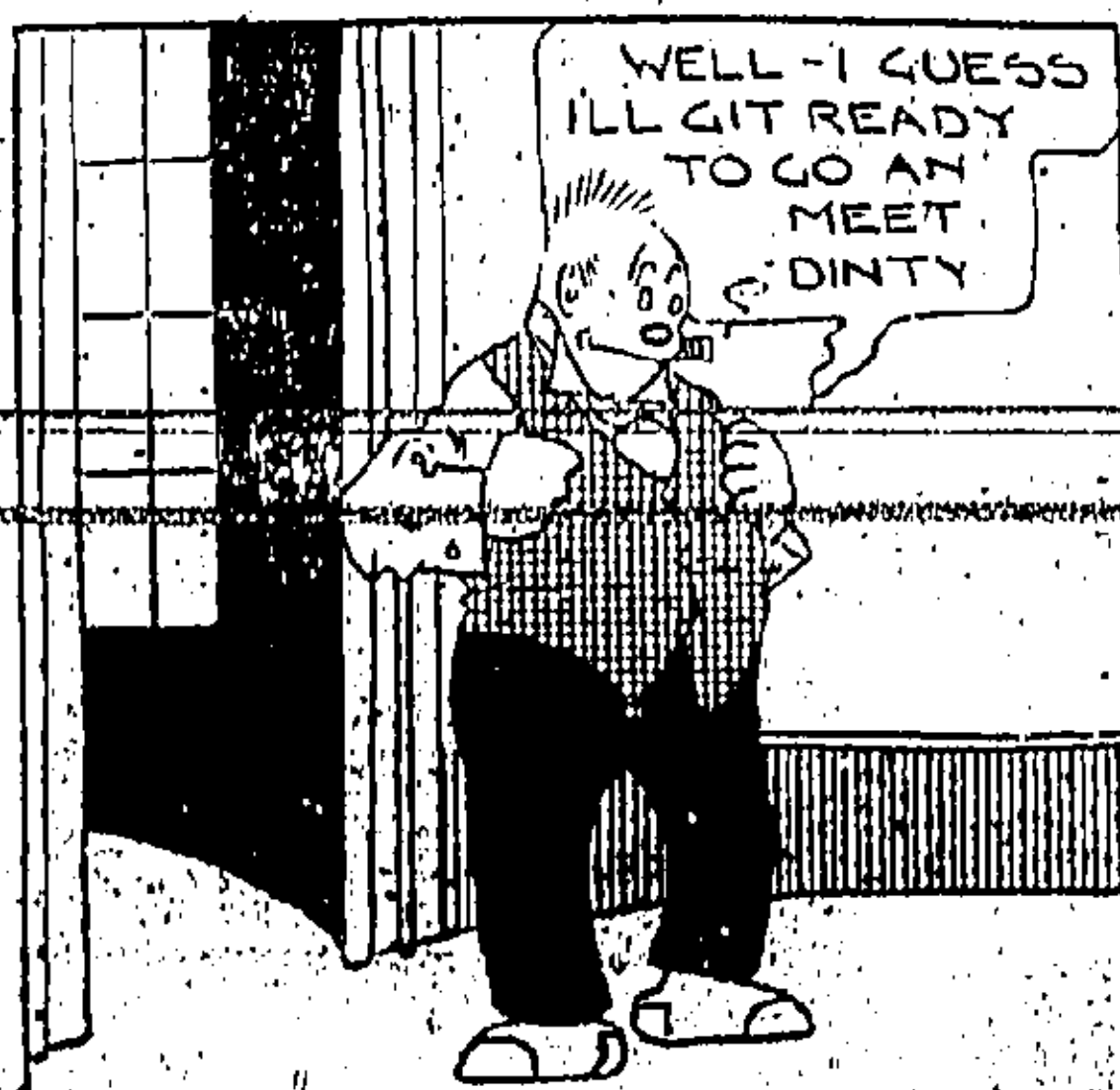
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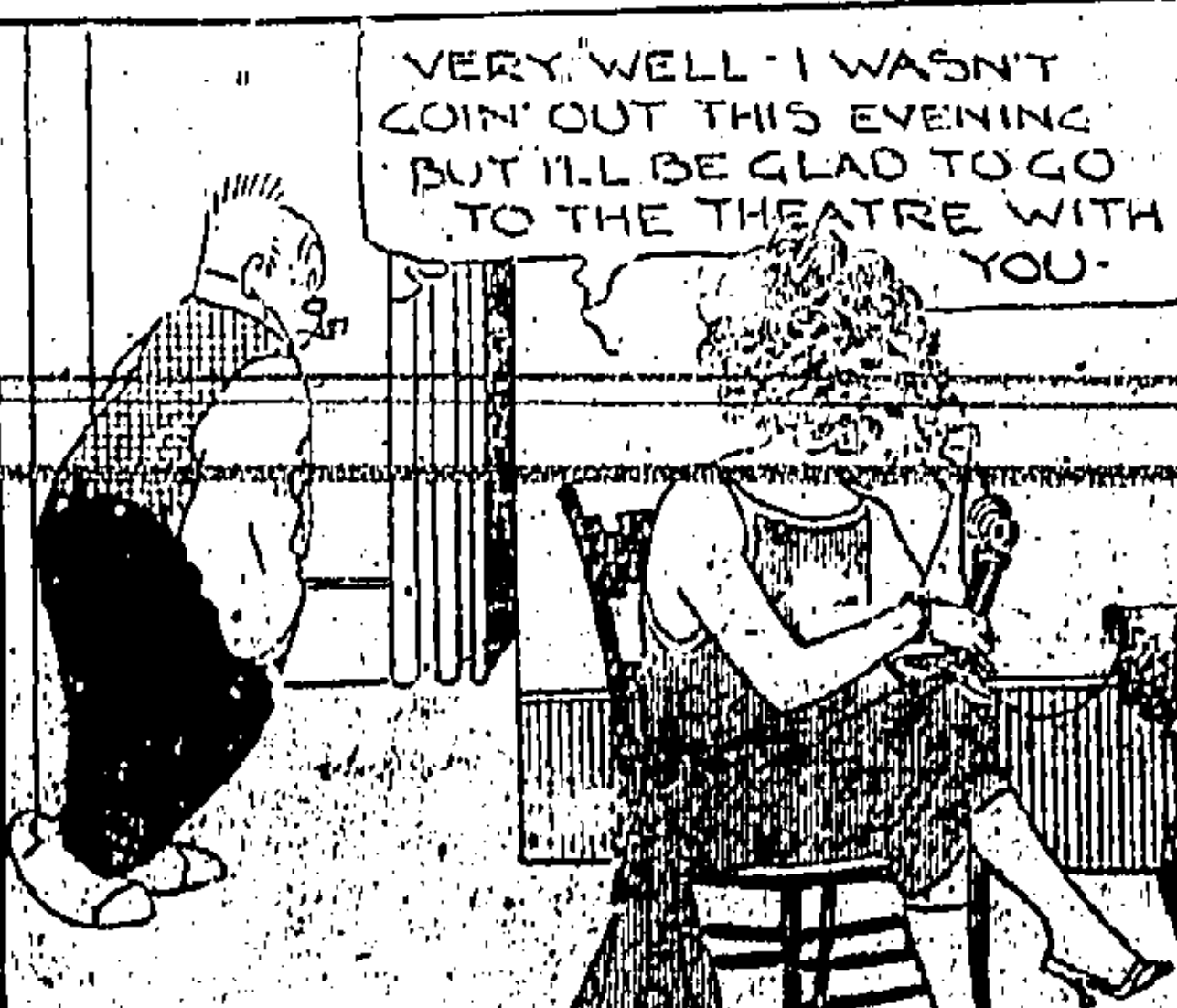
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**BRINGING UP FATHER**

WELL—I GUESS I'LL GET READY TO GO AND MEET DINTY.



VERY WELL—I WASN'T GOIN' OUT THIS EVENING BUT I'LL BE GLAD TO GO TO THE THEATRE WITH YOU.



KIM I HAVE THIS EVENIN' OFF—MISSUS?

WHY—YES—I'M GOING OUT MYSELF—MR JIGGS CAN STAY HOME AND TAKE CARE OF THE HOUSE.



HELLO DINTY—OUR ENGAGEMENT IS OFF. I'VE BEEN ELECTED WATCH DOG FOR THE NIGHT.

